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Editorial AS WE SEE IT

We beg leave at the very outset to quote somewhat extensively from the recent North Carolina address of the President:

"It is a dangerous illusion to believe that the policies of the United States can be encompassed, stretching as they do world-wide under varying and different conditions, can be encompassed in one slogan or one adjective, hard or soft or otherwise, to believe that we shall soon meet total victory or total defeat.

"Peace and freedom do not come cheap, and we are destined, all of us here today, to live out most if not all of our lives in uncertainty and challenge and peril. Our policy must therefore blend, whatever degree of firmness and flexibility, which are necessary to protect our vital interests, by peaceful means if possible, by resolute action if necessary.

"This is a time of national maturity and understanding and willingness to face issues as they are, not as we would like them to be.

"It is a test of our ability to be far-seeing and calm, as well as resolute, to keep an eye on both our dangers and our opportunities, and not to be diverted by momentary gains, or setbacks or pressures. *

"We must distinguish the real from the illusory, the long range from the temporary, the significant from the petty. But if we can be purposeful, if we can face up to our risks and live up to our word, if we can do our duty undeterred by fanatics or frenzy at home or abroad, then surely peace and freedom can prevail.

"We shall be neither red, nor dead, but alive and free."

These are, of course, broad and somewhat vague generalizations, which must be wisely implemented if we are to prove our right to the title of leader of the free world, so-called, but they are doubly welcome at this time for the simple reason that we have at critical times in the past appeared to fail to (Continued on page 15)

Keeping the Economy Moving Now And Sustaining Its Future Pace

By Dr. Paul W. McCracken,* Professor of Business confront. I propose to organize these comments Conditions, School of Business Administration, University of Michigan

Former member of Eisenhower's Council of Economic Advisors examines four principal recovery-lags and predicts, nevertheless, a \$555-60 billion GNP for mid-1962. It would be higher, he adds, if consumers would spend more freely. Turning to the complex problem as to whether we can sustain the predicted recovery, Dr. McCracken asks those urging rapid economic growth to specify how to achieve it. The economist does just this in singling out problems found in our international balance of payments, in allocating public and private income, and in price inflation.

A discussion of the business outlook during this early stage of the economic expansion should be a leading contender for the year's dullest paper. We are now only five months away from the low

point of the recession last February. The shape of economic developments varies widely from one cyclical expansion to another, but experience makes it at least reasonable to expect that a clearly established expansion, in motion for only five months, ought to be good for several months yet. And a substantial increase in the Federal budget, in response to international developments, would seem to provide further assurance that the near-term business outlook is obviously one of continuing expansion. In spite of the fact that the direc-

tion of business activity during the months ahead seems to be fairly clear, there are, I believe, some useful things to say about the state of our economic health and the economic policy problems that we

around three questions. First, how satisfactory has the present recovery been? Second, what is a reasonable expectation about the pace of the recovery in the months ahead? Third, what are the problems with which we must come to grips in order to establish the basis for keeping this expansion orderly and vigorous?

First, are we entitled to be satisfied with the vigor and pace of the present recovery? In a certain sense we must, of course, always answer this question in the negative. There are people needing regular work who do not have it, and we can never be unconcerned about this. While the productive capacity of an economy is not susceptible of any precise calibration, we at least know that resources are available for a higher level of output than we now have. In a world where economic strength is a part of our cold-war armor, this slack in production

understandably leaves us feeling a bit impatient. On the other hand it is important to remember that a change in the level of business activity is always a slow-moving process. The average change in the level of total output, even in periods when the economy is considered to be moving fast, has seldom been as much as 1% per month for any sustained period. The rise in total output during the first year of the Korean Conflict and again during the first year following the end of the 1957-1958 recession, average about 0.6% per month. And the average monthly decline in output during the Great Depression from 1929 to 1933 was about 0.7%

Thus the fact that full employment did not occur immediately after the decline ended in February is no indication that the subsequent recovery has been sluggish. The relevant question to pose is: Have the recovery and expansion been moving along as rapidly as this process usually unfolds in a business upswing? In one important and socially sensitive respect this recovery does (Continued on page 26)



Dr. P. W. McCracken

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young real estate and develop-ment company which has been achieving these dramatic results:

Assets in 1958 only \$700,000; 1959, \$1.7 million: 1960, \$14 million and at present more than \$23 million. However, the balance sheet is not inflated at all. As of Feb. 28, 1961, the book value of all assets increased from the previous year



only by \$1.and mortgages payable total \$5,735,394.

Washington, D. C., 1801 K Street, ments and projects. N. W.) is the name of this remarktraded by about 14 houses in the thus far only 5 shares in stock for selling around \$7.75 a share. This joy a good market. The Quotatax-free return on your invest- approved Disc for inclusion in the ment! It is not a syndication ei- Eastern Regional List. Capital ther! It is an organization aiming gains of unusual proportions seem for capital gains.

The Disc concept is well ex- future. pressed in the latest annual report which is very clear and beautifully done. Now Irving S. Lichtman, President and Chairman of New York City the Board speaks: "The manage- PneumoDynamics Corporation ment of Disc takes the view that the American economy is organic, growth and profit The trends are diverse. Not all industries and not all areas share America's expansion equally. A constantly increasing population and the constantly increasing business tempo with relativeare placing a geometrically increasing premium on the value of earning power the nation's fixed fund of land. Real estate can be among the most rewarding of all fields of investment. Even within the field of range potenreal estate investments there are tials. In many many goals and approaches. The cases these goal we are achieving goes beyond potentials tax-free return of capital, into have fallen heavily compounded growth from far short of highly leveraged investments. . . realization. The special genius of Disc is that This is not so it takes heavy advantage of the in the case of PneumoDynamics tremendous leverage involved in which, at the present time, has

companies have placed the em- about \$26 a share the stock apphasis upon obtaining a few prof- pears far short of discounting its itable apartment houses here and immediate indicated earnings and there, the people at Disc have is undervalued in terms of the emphasized the purchase of large potential indications for 1962. It tracts of undeveloped land in sec- seems to me the stock holds contions of the country which were siderable speculative appeal as a dormant for decades but became commitment in the growing field suddenly awake, however, only of missile and space age for those after these acquisitions were made. who not only seek security profits In some of these purchases a sixth but who wish to gain by exploitsense of future developments ing the opportunities of one of seems to have guided these peo- the major investment areas availple. Here are a few examples:

and at the right price 395 acres a defense contractor with more within the city limits of Mel- than 80% of its revenues derived bourne, Fla., the major city closest from government sources. The to Patrick Air Force Base which company which, when created and

naveral. On Aug. 25, the New York Times carried a headline: "Cape Canaveral Rocket Base To Be Expanded 5 Times in Size." Members of National Association of These acres are in the mainstream of subdivision and home building. The prospects are excellent.

There is a little known and very land are owned which will be developed as a high-class community. We have also the Andrews Tract (151/2 acres) near the Andrews Air Force Base. The Government spends here alone \$75 million. Lisc has turned down some excellent purchase propositions.

In Mount Vernon, Va., Disc owns 130 acres of residential land. 250 homesites are being developed which should bring about \$1 milion a year.

Disc has recognized the possibilities in the capital area and owns in Arlington two fine apartment buildings and in Washington D. C., the Disc office building. In California, income - producing property includes apartment buildings in Los Angeles, Santa 894,648 to \$9,099,991. There are Maria, Santa Barbara and Lompoc. only 2,001,570 shares outstanding But the company places the emphasis on the purchase and the Disc, Inc. (headquarters in at this moment about 21 invest-

Disc does not appeal as an in-Over - the - Counter Market and each 100 shares. Disc shares encompany does not give you a big tions Committee of the NASD has possible in the not too distant

> MONTE J. GORDON Director of Research, Bache & Co.,

PneumoDynamics Corporation ever-expanding, affording con- shares were issued in the early stant opportunity for capital part of 1961 during those fevered months of speculation when so

> many new situations were coming uncertain and priced largely on the basis of longer



the perceptive selection of land not only developed earning at locations which become focal power but is demonstrating a rispoints of growth and that it ing trend of earnings and a con-achieves these gains prudently..." sistent ability to improve its While many other real estate position. At its present level of able to the public.

Disc bought at the right time PneumoDynamics is primarily is the service arm for Cape Ca- offered to the public represented

(This is under no circumstances to be construed as an offer to sell, or as a solicitation of an offer to buy, any security referred to herein.)

This Week's Forum Participants and Their Selections

DISC, Inc. - Albert H. Deuble, President, Yorkville Exchange Co., Inc., N. Y. City. (Page 2)

PneumoDynamics Corp. - Monte J. Gordon, Director of Research, Bache & Co., N.Y.City. (Page 2)

the assets of four divisions and one subsidiary of Cleveland Pneumatic Industries Inc., is engaged in the following activities:

The development and production of hydraulic, pneumatic, and hot-gas actuating systems for missiles and aircraft; electrohydraulic and electropneumatic servo systems for both military and commercial aircraft, aerospace and submarine control instrumentation for Polaris-launching submarines; and temperature sensing devices and directional gyroscopes for the Navy. The results of the company's activities find their way into such diversified programs as Grumman's W2F airplane, Martin's Bullpup missile, Convair's 890 and 600 conmercial jets, General Electric's J-79 jet engine, and the Hughes Falcon missile. In addition, the company has done work condevelopment of land. There are nected with the North American B-70 super bomber program.

The programs in which the company is now engaged hold exable company whose stock is come producer. The company paid cellent longer term potentials. Other activities which add to the longer range appeal are work on a Lunar landing gear for a vehicle expected to make a soft landing on the Moon and Project Artemis, designed for underwater detection of submarines. While this project is still in the experimental stage some hardware has already been developed and if successful the project could lead to significant hardware contracts in a few years.

In every instance, company's projects represent highly sophisticated work requiring substantial technological effort and research. This in fact is one of the secret keys to PneumoDynamics' potential. The level of know-how and technological ability is evident not only in the projects in which the company is engaged but in their success in meeting requirements on these projects.

For the fiscal year ended Nov. 1960, sales were almost \$14 million and earnings were cents a share. A \$12 million backlog was maintained for a number of months in the beginning of the present fiscal year dropping back to about \$10 million as of May 31, 1961, reflecting a reduction in the B-70 program. This decline has been overcome to a considerable extent and for the nine months ended Aug. 31, 1961 the backlog was \$12.7 million.

For the first quarter of the cur-rent fiscal year earnings were 31 cents a share and for the first half of the year 70 cents, on the 550,000 shares outstanding indicating a profit of 39 cents a share in the second quarter. In the third quarter net income rose sharply to 60 cents a share and the backlog climbed back up to \$12,700,000 as of Aug. 31, 1961. Thus, earnings for the full nine months of the present fiscal year were \$1.30 a share compared with earnings of 17 cents a share for the full fiscal year ended Nov. 30, 1960.

Present projections indicate sales of probably at least \$17 million for the present fiscal year or well in excess of the \$16 million projected earlier in the year and sharply above the sales of about \$14 million for the previous fiscal year. On this basis, earnings of at least \$1.80 appear indicated with reasonable prospects that earnings for the fiscal year ended

Continued on page 13

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Keeping Favorable Outlook For Electric Utility Stocks

By C. Austin Barker*, Director of Research, Hornblower & Weeks, New York City.

Expert utility analyst abjures (1) changing Federal political climate threatening utilities' favorable outlook and (2) policy of issuing stock dividends as a device for diverting cash to capital outlays. Mr. Barker indicates the adverse effect duplicate Federal transmission lines, discriminatory investment tax credit and REA borrowing costs would have on utilities' earning power and on private plans to invest \$8 billion by 1970. To attract huge equity capital necessary, the economist warns, Federal encroachment must be stopped and the inducement of possible real stock gains must come from a policy of cash dividend increases supported by increased earning power. Sound electric utility equities will be sought, Mr. Barker concludes, if a proper regulatory climate and a more equitable tax policynot stock dividends-are obtained.

The number one economic prob- rates in earnings per share to be lem for electric utilities, as I see justified. it, springs from a changed political climate at the national level.

More aggressive expansion plans for Federal power projects of various types proposed by the Kennedy administration, as the investor sees it, may be aimed towards further encroachment by the Federal Govern-



ment into the power business. For example, the President's directive to Secretary of the Interior Udall to prepareplans for the early interconnection of regions served by that Department's marketing areas with high voltage transmission lines and for further national cooperative pooling of electric power, both public and private, have the avowed purpose of interconnecting all the major governmentowned power projects. Next, despite the fact that 129 electric utilities are participating in 24 atomic power projects, involving a capacity of 2,000,000 kw, there also is a bill, stopped at this session of Congress, but not yet permanently buried which would permit the Federal Government to build a 700,000 kw nuclear power plant at Hanford, Wash., for \$95 million. TVA is expanding rapidly and recently renewed its claim to the "yardstick" principle by announcing optional rate cuts by its municipal distributors. Also, the new REA head, Norman Clapp, is planning a new unit to do feasibility studies for the financing of new generating stations for REA's, most of which purchase their power needs from investor-owned utilities.

Investor Attitude

threat of the transmission tie-ins where a so-called "free-wheeling" or other subsidized rate can be in taxes, representing close to established so low that investor 25% of their gross revenues. Only companies will have difficulty in three other industries are even companies will have difficulty in close to this construction rate competing and holding rates of (communications, petroleum and return at a fair level. Investors transportation). This annual new believe that price-earnings ratios plant and equipment spending require a continuation of growth

Investors of electric utility stocks cannot afford to be guided by principle alone in selecting utility stocks. They have to think in terms of "pocket-book" economics. If earning rates slow down because of Federal and REA encroachments, the priceearnings ratios, as well as the earnings per share outlook for utility stocks may be reappraised. If this occurs, the effect on cost of capital to the utilities then could become a serious problem.

Where, one wonders, does the so-called "mandate" for power expansion come from? This Federal administration was not supported by most Western states in the last election. Yet the Bureau of Reclamation now also wants to build a transmission system from the \$1 billion Colorado River Storage Project to tie in with three other Federal systems. This so-called "Giant Power" interconnection policy is "feasible," to be sure, with taxpayers' money, but surely not sound national economics in a nation where 300 companies already pool their resources through interconnecting lines and have installed 364,000 miles of lines 22 kv and above. Nevertheless, there is this concerted effort of the Federal Government to install more giant grids at taxpayers' expense at a time when the financial position of the nation is at the most critical phase since the Civil War.

Need for Capital

Now let us examine against the background of this climate, the financial needs of the electric companies for the growing service to be supplied to consumers. This industry more than most others, lives in a sphere classically referred to as "political-economics" more ruefully referred to by utility managers and analysts as the "goldfish bowl."

The investor - owned electric utilities have spent, on average, Investors readily can see the \$3.2 billion a year during the great of the transmission tie-ins years 1954 to 1960, during which period they also were paying, on average, almost \$2 billion a year Continued on page 23

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OBSERVATIONS...

BY A. WILFRED MAY

ON THE SOVIET CIRCUIT

PART THREE—of a series based on the author's recent visit in Hungary

proclivity to engage in religious headquarters. worship can be simply remedied by displaying a statue of Khrushchev in the churches.

"The Government could easily end our great housing shortage by granting exit visas to all of our citizens who want to go West."

These gags going the rounds of Hungary's citizenry are seriously and deeply significant.

This police state's direct aggression against the church has been openly manifested in a number of quite sensational incidents before and after the asylum given in 1956 to Joseph Cardinal Mindzenty in a second-floor office suite in the U. S. Legation (and still dramatized by the night-and-day vigil by three police cars and a couple cops). The more recent stepping-up of the regime's attack on the Catholic Church has included numerous arrests of Church officials; the expulsion of students from the Gyor seminary for refusing to go along with the government-stooging "Peace Priests" the incarceration last February of 700 Jesuits, Cistercians and regular priests for giving religious instruction to youths; and the recent jailing of nine priests under charges, undocumented, of corruption and homosexuality.

Such dramatic events have occurred against a background of continuing anti-Church attrition. Among its various facets is the inclusion of church affiliation or attendance as one of the important black marks on the voluminous personal record card of every citizen which is maintained by the authorities. Stemming therefrom, we ran across a woman employee of the national tourist bureau who was demoted from long-time guide to an inside clerkship, a job distasteful to her, following her child's in-Church baptism. No business reason for the demotion could be elicited.

As with Premier Khrushchev's maneuvering, the Hungarian regime engages in considerable backing-and-filling vis-a-vis the Church. Full Church attendance is now permitted. On a recent Sunmorning in Budapest we looked in on three churches with capacity attendances ranging from 800 to 2,500. And even Cardinal Mindzenty is permitted to hold occasional Sunday services for some half-dozen of his colleagues, area and its depiction of capitalist-

"The nettlesome anti-Communist in his self-imposed "house arrest"

Housing Shortage

of the other above-cited group, continues grossly inadequate. Construction, both publicly and privately initiated, goes ahead unacceleratedly. The private home builder or buyer must put up from 40% to 50% of the cost, with 20 annual amortization payments cum-interest - of the balance beginning immediately (in contrast to our Housing Act of 1961's lowering of FHA down payments to 3% and extension of maturities to 35-40 years—accompanied by an additional spate of government cash subsidies. Hungary's "austere" credit terms have contributed to a lower total of apartments built in 1961 than in 1959.

Consumer Frustration

this sector seems to be in line with the overall picture. The ability of the individual to benefit from the improving quantity and quality of consumer goods is, he complains, frustrated by the government's policy of deflating domestic buying power via strict budget balancing, and stabilization of low wages—no rise in the average of individuals' monthly earnings having occurred since 1959. Thus the visitor's praise of the display of items on Rakoczy ut, Budapest's "luxury" shopping street, becomes emasculated by disclosure of the populace's general lack of the material wherewithal to purchase them,

Planning Difficulties

The negative housing results also reflect some of the troubles encountered in the state planning operations - as generally manifested in the present leveling-off after the "Leap Forward" in the Kremlin's pampering interval which followed the abortive 1956 counter-revolution.

Incidentally, one of the difficulties disclosed to us by the State's planning authorities has stemmed from the necessity of adjusting internal operating results. Thus, a production goal over-fulfillment York City. result of 1-to-2% is actually far preferable to one of 5%

communist divergence, is the handling of the incentive factor. For the factory worker, his bonus is chiefly based on profits rather than production (although some speed-up via pay keyed to production norms is evidenced). The bonus is calculated vis-a-vis the factory's planned profit as determined by the plant managers in conjunction with the Planning authorities.

management, the amount of the profit "take" is fixed by the Ministry-with the "earnings" record Residential housing, the butt predominant over production achievement. (No stock options

Double Standard in the "Information" Trade

Our State Department's fresh attempt to redress the one-way propaganda flow from the Soviet Union highlights the need for also 'trade" with the satellite coun-

Surely the indignant denials regarding their police state-ism existing double their standard in propagandising even more unjustifiable in that area.

In Hungary the only western periodical purchasable is the Daily Worker published in London ("the Pentagon Generals, not The "under - consumption" in Khrushchev, are the real presenthis sector seems to be in line day Hitlers," etc.). Officials explain, per the Communist line, that all the rest of our press is scurrilous toward them, and untruthful about ourselves (along with their barring of modern art, they ascribe our penchant for abstract painting to our fear of showing our realities).

Similarly, they unceasingly jam our broadcasts, only sparing those in English.

We Turn the Other Cheek

In direct contrast is our policy on the receiving end of their propaganda barrage. Budapest dispatches no less than five propagandising magazines free charge here to a selected list which includes a large crop of emigrees. These are delivered through our regular postal service, mostly by registered mail. All of these publications appear in Hungarian, excepting one teen-agers in English.

Another dose of their propaganda is foisted on our public through three papers, one daily and two weeklies, published here by Communist adherents. Printed in Hungarian, except for some English contained in one of the the export and import quotas to weeklies, they can be bought from at least three newsdealers in New

Overall, the American community can readily secure any newspaper or other periodical published in Hungary, via sub-Also interesting in the planning scription made directly or through

> Ought we not to establish forthwith some semblance of bilateral equality in this information area of the Cold War?

Felicitations!

This column hastens to congratulate the New York Post on its new section covering the day's stock market news. Particularly noteworthy is its speedy assimilation of the Street's "investment" at-mosphere. In the latest edition coming to us, adjoining columns contain "BROKERS SUGGEST" (stock recommendations) and "TONIGHT'S ROOSEVELT" beneath a handsome photo of "evenmoney choice for Thursday night's \$25,745 Proximity Trot, Spry Rodney, with Jimmy Arthur in the sulky."

David Dellon Opens

David Dellon is engaging in a securities business from offices at 509 Fifth Avenue, New York City under the firm name of David Dellon Co.

FROM WASHINGTON ... Ahead of the News

BY CARLISLE BARGERON

more Federal judges than most Presidents have named in their entire terms of office.

In eight years, President Eisenhower named 168. In almost eight years, Truman appointed 130. Roosevelt selected 225 in slightly more than 12 years; President Hoover, 49 in four years; and Woodrow Wilson, 72 in eight years.

By the time he fills the existing vacancies, Mr. Kennedy will have named 30% of the 367 judges on ending the unilateral information courts of appeal and district courts. Including the other Federal are politically accourts, he has already had the Senators involved. opportunity to appoint 120 judges.

A survey of 77 of Mr. Kennedy's appointments shows that 73 are Democrats; one is a member of the Liberal Party in New York: and three are Republicans who were first selected by President Eisenhower and were serving recess appointments when Mr. Kennedy came in. Two of the three were confirmed, but the third lost his seat because he was not confirmed.

This shows that politics played a leading role in the appointments but, according to the American Bar Association, the appointees are as well, if not better qualified than Federal judges named in the recent past.

Of the 73 Democrats, at least four were law partners of Senators. Another was a partner of a Cabinet officer. Another is a brother-in-law of a Senator; still another is a Congressman.

Others were state campaign directors for Mr. Kennedy in 1960, active Democratic politicians or close associates of Senators and other political leaders. Some, of course, were none of these things.

But the significance of Mr. Kennedy's judgment is that they may well be the most lasting of all the domestic actions of the Kennedy Administration. A Federal judge is appointed for life but his career lasts about 20 years. Other Presidential actions can be reversed by a new President or a new Congress. The appointments of judges cannot be.

The process through which the Kennedy judges have been picked can best be described as political. Dozens of names were submitted for each appointment. These came from Senators, Representatives and other political leaders as well as from bar associations and interested citizens.

For the higher echelons of plant than nine months, has appointed the Department of Justice under the supervision of Deputy Attor-ney General Byron "Whizzer" White. To a large extent, he and Attorney General Bobby Kennedy made the selections.

> The standard they used, and use, has not been that of finding and appointing the best possible man for each seat. Instead, it has been the standard of finding the best qualified man who can be confirmed by the Senate. This has resulted in most cases in the selection of qualified men who are politically acceptable to the

The standard, of course, gives the Senators a major say in appointments. How strong this "say" has been depends upon the Senator. If he is powerful, if he is on important committees, if the Administration is politically indebted to him, he is strong.

It is quite clear that some Senators have taken full advantage of their power, and it is just as clear that others have not. Some Senators have insisted upon a particular man. Some have been persuaded to accept a second or third choice, or even someone else's choice because their favorite was not particularly good. Some Senators have suggested men whose qualifications were outstanding. Some have not.

The Justice Department says that those who want men selected without regard to politics are unrealistic. How can you expect good men to enter politics, they ask, if politics disbars them from the jobs they most want?

N. Y. Sec. Dealers To Hold Dinner

The New York Security Dealers Association will hold its 36th Annual Dinner in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York City, March 30,

Three With Westheimer

pecial to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

COLUMBUS, Ohio-Frank J. Casey, John W. Darnall and Albert R. Rosemeier have become associated with Westheimer and Company, 31 East Gay Street. All were formerly with Gallagher-Roach & Co., Inc.



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The State of TRADE and INDUSTRY

Steel Production Electric Output Carloadings Retail Trade Food Price Indez Auto Production Business Failures

to the October Monthly Bulletin of the First National Bank, of Chicago.

Business registers further advances with the value of total output of goods and services for the unemployment at 6.9% of the laquarter just ended estimated at an annual rate of \$525 billion. This level is approximately 2% above that of the record April-June period. A somewhat sharper rise in activity is estimated for the final

The output of the nation's factories, mines and utilities rose approximately 1% to a new recing a level of 15% above the recession low point of last February. earnings and hours. Output of primary metals, fabricated metal products and miscellaneous other manufactured durable goods registered somewhat greater gains during the month than most other categories included in the index of industrial production, rising approximately 2%. Output of nondurable items was substantially unchanged curing the month.

Consumer goods production during August remained at the record level of the preceding month while output of business equipment advanced 2%. Automobile assemblies were little changed after allowance for the earlier model changeover this year.

New orders for durable goods, an indicator of future production, increased further in August, rising to the highest level since early 1959. The level of these orders was 19% above the recession low point reached last January.

Consumer income declined slightly in August. This small drop was due wholly to the fact that the July total included a special insurance dividend payment to veterans. If this is excluded from the July total, personal income registered a small gain mainly as a result of an advance in payrolls in construction, trade, service and finance industries. For the first time since February, factory payrolls did not advance, chiefly because of temporary layoffs in automobile plants as a result of the model changeover.

Despite the advanced level of personal income, consumer puring of chases at retail stores remained year. relatively unchanged from the preceding month and were 4% in April, 1960. Deliveries of durable items declined slightly ouring the month while sales of non- the industry goal of 100 million will be blamed. They'll try to durable items advanced to the tons produced this year, The Iron compensate for the added costs record levels of last June.

Expenditures for new construc-Spending for residential building series of auto strikes-first Genadvanced slightly, offsetting small eral Motors, then Ford, and declines in most other private outof 1,317,000 units, down 2% from The small rise in public outlays and December orders are not reflected continued advances in highway construction.

Labor Force Shifts Seasonal

principally one of normal seasonal no question that the timing of the approach 6.5 million tons despite movement. The number of nonfarm salaried workers rose 300,000 time has hurt more than expected. during the month to 53.1 million And the failure of the auto com- has been steadily upward since but total employment remained unchanged at 68.5 million, a record level for August.

Industries experiencing a more than seasonal gain in employment tories, the continued emphasis by and September shipments are beduring the month were primary steel users on carrying low and lieved to have exceeded August's. metals, electrical equipment and economical stocks may be the The automotive shutdowns have machinery. The automobile indus- start of a long-term trend. Users forced steelmakers to hold back

Business rise continues, according try showed a decline of 100,000 because of model changeovers.

The 600,000 drop in unemployment in August to 4.5 million was normal for the month and left the seasonally adjusted rate of bor force, about the same as it has been for nine consecutive months. Long - term unemployment, i.e., those out of work for 15 weeks and over, dropped more than seasonally to 1.4 million. This figure includes 900,000 who have been out of work for more than onehalf a year.

With the manufacturing workord high in August as most major week at 40.0 hours and earnings categories registered slight ad- at \$98.83, down only slightly from vances. Production of durable the July rates, the economy witgoods continued to climb, reach- nessed the third consecutive month of little or no change in

The Same 1960 Week

Bank clearings last week showed an increase compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by the Chronicle, based on telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ended Saturday, Oct. 14, clearings from all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly clearings will be 0.8% above those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary totals stand at \$24,806,177,880 against \$24,600,-929,577 for the same week in 1960. Our comparative summary for the leading money centers for the

WCCK TOTIC	WS.			
Week End.	(000s or	nitted)		
Oct. 14-	1961	1960	100	
New York	\$12,372.161	\$12,382,327	-	0.1
Chicago	1,168 303	1,242 = 18	-	HD
Philadelphia	989,000	966,000	+	2.4
Doctor	CTO TOO	210 000		A A

Inventory Policies of Steel Users Are Holding Back Expected R'se in Steelmaking

are holding back the expected autumn rise in steelmaking, The Iron Age reports.

Steel consumers are holding less recession level and about four the start of 1959. Although a very through November and December, little real accumulation or building of steel stocks is in sight this

failure of consumers to several million tons of steel from Age says.

A second factor in the leveling tion rose to a new high in August. of the market this month is the threatened Chrysler. There is no lays. Housing starts during August indication automakers will try to were estimated at an annual rate make up lost production. Instead, November orders for auto steel the rate of the preceding month. are no better than for October, likely to show much improvement from November.

As is always the case in evaluating the auto picture, the situa-The August labor picture was tion could change. But there is high. Steel reported. They will strikes at new model introduction auto industry strikes. panies to attempt to recover lost February, except for a seasonal time has had a bad psychological setback in July. August shipments effect on the steel market.

are confident of the mills' ability shipments and temper their fore- Oct. 14 amounted to 74,622,000 to turn on a dime and will not be casts slightly, but they have not (*97.7%) or 10.0% below the pecoaxed into making a revision, been serious enough to reverse riod through Oct. 15, 1960. Even the possibility of price increases failed to stimulate inventory building.

Nevertheless, the elements of a Commodity Price Index first-class scramble after the first and General Motors are in full of the year are still present in the production. Until then, steelsteel market. Regardless of current policies, as business continues at its present level-sustained by to improve users will have to add to inventory if only to keep the same number of "days" of steel on hand. Then, as the time of steel labor negotiations approaches, many users, as they have in the past, will start hedging against a steel strike.

In spite of the mid-autumn pause in the recovery, the prospects of continued improved steel production are unchanged. Overall market strength continues to gain as does the consumption of steel. However, a real burst in new orders and output is not now expected before early 1962.

Steel mills' ability to deliver promptly may have a side effect of softening the impact of business cycles on the steel industry. Users are hesitant to build stocks and this, in turn, avoids inflation of steel demand. With orders running close to rate of steel con-Bank Clearings Were 0.8% Above sumption, there is absolutely no water in the rate of steel orders.

Metalworking Prices Creep Up In Last Six Months

Metalworking prices are creeping up despite pressures from the government, foreign and domestic competition, and customers, Steel magazine said.

Thirty percent of the metalworkers contacted in a nationwide spotcheck by Steel said they have raised prices in the last six months, Sixty percent plan to increase them in the near future. Nearly 75% of the executives

polled, including many who have already announced increases, say they'll boost prices if steel costs

Mounting wage costs are blamed for practically all the upward pressure. Labor costs of metalworkers have climbed 11% in the last three years — increases have ranged from 6 to 14 cents per hour in the last year, not counting pay hikes being negotiated in the Inventory policies of steel users auto industry, or the automatic Oct. 1 pay boost for the steelworkers.

Profits have not kept pace. The metalworking weekly said

than 12 million tons of steel, a steel producers are cast in the key role in the pricing drama million tons less than stocks at even though a good case can be built to support the steel indusmild rise in stocks is expected try's contention that prices in general rise despite its efforts to hold the line.

Steel's editors found that many metalworkers are ready to make the steel industry the scapegoat if build stocks to levels that used it boosts prices. Look for many below the record level attained to be considered normal will wipe firms to announce price hikes which will more than offset the 1961 production. This threatens increased price of steel-yet steel plus a little extra to get back toward a "normal" profit range

> Odds still favor a steel price increase-in due time. Look for any upward revisions to be selective, modest, and as unobtrusive as possible.

You can expect list prices of most nonferrous metals to remain fairly stable for the balance of the year. Price cutting will continue, but it should be less severe.

October shipments of finished steel are nearing an 18-month

The trend in steel shipments of 6,139,418 tons were up substan-Referring again to steel inven- tially from July's 5,120,808 tons,

the market's direction.

motive steel demand will accelerate later this month when Ford makers expect the market to hold requirements of the construction industry, appliance makers, shipbuilders, and capital equipment producers.

Look for ingot output this week to be slightly higher than the 2,080,000 tons that Steel estimates the industry poured last week. Output then was off 1% from the previous week's. The drop was caused by the strike at Ford's steel plant and slight curtailments in other districts.

The scrap market is easy at some points-strong domestic demand is lacking and steel operations are not coming up to expectations. Exports are holding up. Steel's composite price on No. 1 heavy melting grade was down 33 cents to \$39.17 a gross ton.

Steel Production Data for the Week Ended Oct. 14

According to data compiled by the American Iron and Steel Institute, production for week ended Oct. 14, 1961, was 2,071,000 tons auto (*111.2%), 1.5% below the output level. of 2,102,000 tons (*112.8%) in the week ended Oct. 7.

Production this year through

There is little doubt that autonotive steel demand will accelerweeks was 82,902,000 tons or The year to date production for *108.5%

The Institute concludes with Index of Ingot Production by Districts, for week ended Oct. 14, 1961, as follows:

oIndex of Ingot

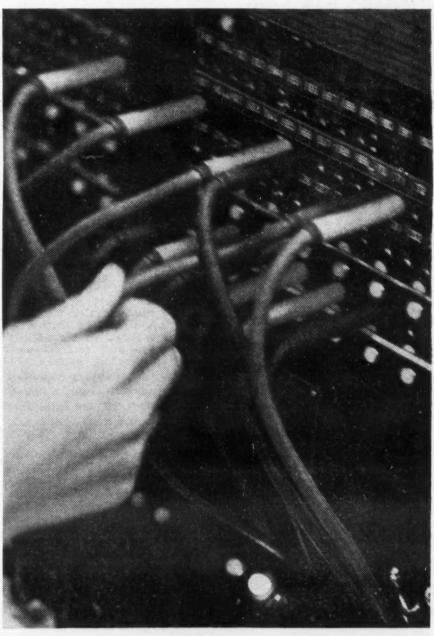
We	luction for ek Ending t. 14, 1961
North East Coast	112
Buffalo	104
Pittsburgh	107
Youngstown	102
Cleveland	127
Detroit	
Chicago	111
Cincinnati	127
St. Louis	
Southern	
Western	119
Total	111.2

Index of production based on average weekly production for 1957 - 1959.

GM Production Hits Highest Level for Year but Totals Are Still Down

General Motors production reached the highest level of the year this week but strike-idled Ford Motor Co. pulled industry auto assembly under last week's

Ward's Automotive Reports said 99,878 cars were scheduled for Continued on page 28



POPULATION: 10,000 In Parker, Ford's Dallas office alone, there is enough central office telephone switching equipment to supply the needs of a city of 10,000 people.

Communications, manpower, geographical distribution. . . . It all adds up to Retail Power in the Southwest. Retail Power that Parker, Ford translates into action.

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wire system between all offices and all major security markets 9 man trading room with interconnected

TAX-EXEMPT BOND MARKET

BY DONALD D. MACKEY

The advent of \$48,616,000 State of New York serial general obligation bonds on Tuesday, Oct. 17, seemed to establish firmly the new high level for "Aaa" bonds developed during the previous week by the \$100,000,000 State of Illinois serial bond offering. The New York State offering was very well received and the Illinois issue, although off to a slow start, is now about half sold with prospects for a successful underwriting appearing bright.

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle's yield Index measures the market's upward movement for the past week at less than one-quarter of a point although, if calculated through new issue bidding, the market could be interpreted as having been stronger. The Chronicle's Index, however, is averaged from actual secondary market offerings, most of which had edged up the previous week on the strength of the dramatic Illinois offering. The Index averaged out at a 3.334% yield this week against 3.346% a week ago.

From Equities to Municipals

It appears to us that the many economic and political factors may generate an even greater demand for tax-exempt securities at least in the near future. As the industrial output fails to reach the sanguine expectations predicted, and with prospects for the automobile and steel industries falling behind the dynamic rates of production required in the new concept of productivity, the stock market appears daily to be losing investment funds to the taxexempt bond sector of the market.

A spokesman for the American Bankers Association believes that it may be a year before money is tightened to the extent that interest rates on loans may rise and infers that business lethargy may continue well beyond the popular expectation.

Although the past business week deficit for the current fiscal year. was diminished by last Thursday's Six months ago the forecast was national holiday and punctuated closer to \$2 billion. At the same by momentous news both at home time a balanced budget for the and abroad, the market for tax- year beginning July 1, 1962, is exempt bond issues continued to predicted. Having witnessed Fedshow improvement even beyond eral deficit operations for most the tempo experienced during re- of the past 25 years compels most cent weeks. New issue bidding investors to at least wonder about particularly has reflected the these somewhat conflicting statedealer enthusiasm which has been ments. This bewildered wondergenerated through widespread in- ing, confused with the current vestor interest since mid-Septem- innuendo of a greater tax take, and certainly no overhauling of our depressing tax system, is dicurities. There is this definite tenalready warning that the infla-tionary pressures of 1962 should even without being gratuitously enberg, Thalmann & Co.

Negotiated Undertakings Shaping Up

this time of year. A week ago the scheduled total was about maturities. \$530,000,000. The total at this writing continues about the same. In the interim, \$100,000,000 State of California bonds, \$48,616,000 State of New York bonds and dled by the underwriters and to some large extent taken by investors.

In the area of negotiated issues, the Oklahoma Turnpike (Southwestern) continues as a candidate for flotation next week. The Florida Turnpike issue seems likely to be in shape for marketing within a month, we are informed. It has been reported that an underwriting group managed by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner Smith and Blyth & Co.. Inc. will bring approximately \$28,000,-000 Virginia State Port Authority bonds to market in November. The proceeds will finance port facilities in Norfolk harbor.

The Street inventory situation is little changed from a week The Treasury Department is ago. As of Oct. 18, the Blue List presently forecasting a \$7 billion total of state and municipal bonds

is reported at \$425,031,000. This is down from last week's reported total of \$437,500,000. Inventory may jump later in the week fol-California balances. There are indications that inventory not showing in the Blue List may be reaching a point that could moderate the recent trend of strong new issue bidding.

Larger Recent Awards

This week, from an underwriting viewpoint, has seen a halfdozen issues of note sell at competitive bidding. On Monday, Oct. 16, the State of New York sold \$48,616,000 various purpose general obligation (1962-2011) bonds to a large group headed by The Chase Manhattan Bank on its bid verting investors from growth of a 3.1741% interest cost. A First situations toward tax-exempt se- National City Bank of New York -Lehman Brothers & Co. syndidency despite the fact that econo- cate was the second bidder at a mists and politico-economists are 3.1746% interest cost, or a difference of only \$4,332.93 for the entire issue. Associated with the be watched. Considering the cur- Chase Manhattan Bank as major rent Federal deficit, our unbalance underwriters are Kuhn, Loeb & of foreign payments, deterioration Co., Chemical Bank New York of the corporate profit situation, the Trust Co., Blyth & Co., C. J. Demagnitude of our ever increasing vine & Co., Manufacturers Handebt, and the lack of will to face over Trust Co., The Marine Trust up to the basic problems (fiscal Co. of Western New York, Harris unbalance and a stifling tax sys- Trust & Savings Bank, The Northtem primarily) involved, will in- ern Trust Co., Hallgarten & Co., deed cause investors to watch, Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Lad-

Scaled to yield from 1.50% in 1962 to 3.90% in 2011, the issue was in broad demand, particularly for the bonds maturing 20 years The calendar of scheduled state and longer. These are now trading and municipal new issue financing at a slight premium. The only continues in normal volume for bonds remaining in account are the high coupon short - term

Also on Tuesday, a syndicate headed by White, Weld & Co., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., and Rowies, waiston & Co. was the high bidder for numerous lesser issues were han- \$9,600,000 Dallas waterworks and sanitary sewer (1962-1981) revenue bonds. Among the other maor underwriters in this group are Dominick & Dominick, Goodbody & Co. and Cruttenden, Podesta & Co. Scale to yield from 1.50% to 3.40% the issue was about onethird sold the first day. Since then, the issue has been reduced to vosterday afternoon's balance of \$4,005,000.

> Tuesday also saw two smaller issues come to market. A group headed by Fstabrook & Co. was the successful bidder for \$1,015.000 Hingham, Mass. (1962 - 1981) bonds. Scaled to yield from 1.70% to 3.40%, the account reports an unsold balance of \$575,000. Josephine County, Oregon School District awarded \$1,000,000 bonds due 1962-1986 to a Blyth & Co. group. Reoffered from a 2.00% to 3.90% in 1980 the 1981-1986 bonds were not reoffered. The manager reports an unsold balance of \$340,000 at press time.

> Wednesday witnessed the fifth sale in recent weeks of Indianapolis, Indiana, area bonds. This time the Sanitary District came to market for \$4,800,000 of unlimited tax (1964-1993) bonds. The issue was awarded to the Halsey, Stuart & Co. group on a bid of 101.125 for a 33/8% coupon. Other major members of this group include Kidder, Peabody & Co., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Equitable Securities Corp. and Blair & Co. Scaled to yield from 1.85% to 3.50% about one-third of the issue was sold.

Week's Big One

The largest issue of the week, \$100,000,000 State of California (1963-1987) bonds, attracted four bids from three groups to the gratification of state officials. The winning bid on a 3.46% interest cost was submitted by a nationwide group of banks and dealers headed by the Bank of America N. T. & S. A. A group headed by the Pankers Trust Co. submitted two bids, one on a 3.47% interest cost, using supplemental coupons, Fampton, Va. and a bid of a 3.49% interest cost Irvine Ranch Water Dist., Calif...

Continued on page 7 Lower Penns Twp. S. D., N. J....

Larger Issues Scheduled For Sale

In the following tabulations we list the bond issues of lowing the listing of the State of \$1,000,000 or more for which specific sale dates have been set.

	\$1,000,000 or more for which specific sale	dates have	been set.	
	Oct. 19 (Thursday) Foxborough, Mass. 1,950,000	1982-1981	11:30 a.m.	
	Texas (State of) 25,000,000	1966-1991	10:00 a.m.	
	University of California 2,843,030	1963-1935 1962-1984	Noon •	
	Xenia City Sch. Dist., Ohio 1,310,000 Oct. 20 (Friday)	1902-1904	Noon	
	Carter County, Tenn 1,000,000	1970-1986	2:00 p.m.	
	Waxahachie, Texas 1,127,000	1962-1991	2:00 p.m.	
	Oct. 23 (Monday) Central State College, Okla	1964-2001	10:00 a.m.	
	Central State College, Okla	1962-1986	10:30 a.m.	
	Nashville, Tenn 6,650,000	1962-2000	7:00 p.m.	
	Oct. 24 (Tuesday)	1000 1000	7.00	
	Big Spring, Texas 1,125,000 Bos.on, Mass. 4,450,000	1968-1938 1962-1981	7:00 p.m. Noon	
	Brandywine Area Jt. S. Auth., Pa. 3,280,000	1962-1981	8:00 p.m.	
	Chicago Board of Education, Ill. 8,500,000 Gary, Ind. 1,000,000	1963-1981 1963-1966	11:00 a.m. 7:30 p.m.	
	Honolulu City & County, Hawaii 6,210,000	1966-1991	8:00 a.m.	
	Lafayette; La. 1,000,000 Michigan (State of) 35,000,000	1964-1991 1962-1986	10:00 a.m. 11:00 a.m.	
	Millburn Twp. Sch. Dist., N. J 3,067,000	1962-1985	8:00 p.m.	
	Terre Haute, Ind 6,300,000 Torrance Unified Sch. Dist., Calif. 1,000,000	1963-2001 1962-1981	2:00 p.m. 9:00 a.m.	
	Oct. 25 (Wednesday)	1002-1001	5.00 a.m.	
	Barton, Chemung, Baldwin and		-	
	Ashland Cent. Sch. Dist. 1, N. Y. 1,717,030 Houston, Texas	1963-1931 1962-1936	3:00 p.m. 10:00 a.m.	
	Jackson, Miss 3,250,000	1962-1986	10:00 a.m.	
	Kansas City, Mo 6,000,000 Kentucky (State of) 40,000,000	1965-1991 1963-1990	11:00 a.m.	
	Oct. 26 (Thursday)	1000-1000	11.00 a.iii.	
	Bloomington Sch. Dist. 271, Minn. 1,755,000	1965-1991	4:30 p.m.	
	Cheektowaga and West Seneca Unified Sch. Dist., N. Y 3,440,000	1962-1990	2:00 p.m.	
	East Texas State College, Texas 3,475,000	1974-2001	10:00 a.m.	
	Litchfield Co. Reg. S. D. 1, Conn. 1,150,000 Little Rock Sch. Dist., Ark 1,500,000	1962-1981 1962-1980	11:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m.	
	Minneapolis, Minn. 2,160,000 Pittsburgh and Allegheny County	1902-1900	11.00 a.m.	
	Pittsburgh and Allegheny County Public Auditorium Auth., Pa. 15,000,000	1962-2001	Noon	
	Portland, Ore 3,500,000		11:00 a.m.	
	Oct. 27 (Friday)	C. tas	Trible 4	
		1962-1986	2:00 p.m.	
ŀ	Oct. 30 (Monday) Rock County, Wis	1962-1981	2:00 p.m.	
	Oct. 31 (Tuesday)			
	Florida Turnpike Author., Fla 160,000,000			
	Fremont, Neb. 4,500,000 Mecklenburg County, N. C. 3,000,000	1962-1985	11:00 a.m.	
	Mecklenburg County, N. C. 3,000,000 Menominee Falls, Butler &	1964-1987	11:00 a.m.	
	Lannon, Wis 1.600,000	1963-1981	8:00 p.m.	
	North Salem, Somers & Carmel Central School District 1, N. Y. 1,370,000	1962-1986	2:00 p.m.	
	Ottumwa, Iowa 1,750,000	1961-2000	2:00 p.m.	
	St. Paul, Minn	1964-1991 1963-1990	10:00 a.m. 2:00 p.m.	
	Wayne County, Mich 16,815,000	1966-2001		
)	Nov. 1 (Wednesday)	1000 1000	0.00	
	Fruitport Comm. SD No. 22, Mich. 1,225,000 Kansas City, Kansas 1,500,000	1963-1990	8:00 p.m.	
	Kansas City, Kansas 1,500,000 Local Housing Authorities 78,540,000		Noon	
Ì	Silver Bay, Minn	1964-1975	7.50 p.m.	
	Philadelphia, Pa. Nov. 2 (Thursday) 19,000,000	1963-1987	Noon	
	Nov. 4 (Saturday)			
	Caddo Parish Sewer Dist. 5, La 1,020,000	1962-1976	9:00 a.m.	
	Nov. 6 (Monday) New York State Dorm. Auth., N.Y. 3,000,000	1963-1992	10:00 a.m.	
	Nov. 7 (Tuesday)			
	Marshall County, Tenn 1,000,000	1962-1977	2:00 p.m.	
	St. Louis County, Berkley School District, Mo 1,300,000			
	Nov. 8 (Wednesday)			
	Hawaii (State of) 10,000,000	1964-1981 1964-1987	8:00 p.m.	
	Ingham & Eaton Counties, Mich. 3,225,000 Oklahoma Turnpike Author., Okla. 56,500,000		6.00 p.m.	
	Oklahoma Turnpike Author., Okla. 56,500,000 [Negotiated sale to be handled by Allen &	Co. syndicate.]		
	Richfield, Minnesota 1.300.000	1964-1983		
	Richfield, Minnesota 1,300,000 Nov. 9 (Thursday)	1964-1983		
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y. 13,797,000	1962-1990	Noon	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y. 13,797,000 Vineland, N. J. 4,945,000	1904-1903		
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y. 13,797,000 Vineland, N. J. 4,945,000 Nov. 13 (Monday) Ascension-St. James Bridge &	1962-1990	Noon Noon	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001	Noon Noon 11:00 a.m.	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y. 13,797,000 Vineland, N. J. 4,945,000 Nov. 13 (Monday) Ascension-St. James Bridge &	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001	Noon Noon	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001 1964-2001	Noon Noon 11:00 a.m. 10:00 a.m.	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y. 13,797,000 Vineland, N. J. 4,945,000 Nov. 13 (Monday) Ascension-St. James Bridge & 5erry Authority, La. 30,750,000 Hardin-Simmons University, Tex. 1,110,000 Lompoc School District, Calif. 1,419,000 Nov. 14 (Tuesday) Amarillo, Texas 4,250,000	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001 1964-2001	Noon Noon 11:00 a.m. 10:00 a.m.	
	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001 1964-2001 1962-1986	Noon Noon 11:00 a.m. 10:00 a.m.	
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	Nov. 9 (Thursday) Nassau County, N. Y	1962-1990 1962-1987 2001 1964-2001 1962-1986 1962-1991 1963-1986	Noon Noon 11:00 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:00 a.m.	
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5,200,000 1.250,000

MARKET ON REPRESENTATIVE SERIAL ISSUES

	M-15	and a damen	2014	Achad	
California (State)	31/2%	1978-1980	3.70%	3.55%	
Connecticut (State)	33/4 %	1980-1982	3.35%		
New Jersey Highway Auth., Gtd	3%	1978-1980	3.30%		
New York (State)	3%	1978-1979	3.30%	3.13%	
Pennsylvania (State)	3 3/8 %	1974-1975	3.15%		
Vermont (State)	31/8%	1978-1979	3.25%	3.10%	
New Housing Auth. (N. Y., N. Y.)	31/2%	1977-1980	3.30%		
Los Angeles, Calif	33/4 %	1978-1980	3.65%	3.50%	
Baltimore, Md	31/4%	1980	3.50%	3.35%	
Cincinnati, Ohio	31/2%	1980	3.45%	3.35%	
New Orleans, La	31/4%	1979	3.65%	3.55%	
Chicago, Ill.	31/4%	1977	3.70%	3.55%	
New York City, N. Y	3%	1980	3.60%	3.55%	
October 18, 1961	Index=	3.334%			

ESTABLISHED 1894 STATE AND MUNICIPAL BONDS CORPORATE BONDS LOCAL STOCKS

The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc.

RHODES-HAVERTY BLDG. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA JAckson 1-0316

Tax-Exempt Bond Market

Continued from page 6

using conventional coupons. The last bid figured a 3.62% interest cost and was made by State Street Investment Corp. The bonds were scaled to yield from 1.80% in 1962 to 3.70% in 1987. The 1988 maturity bore a one-tenth of 1% coupon and was not reoffered. Orders are being taken throughout the cay. It is anticipated that the issue will be well spoken for.

Toll Projects Report Heavier Earnings

The toll road issues have continued to do well marketwise and revenue reports reflect that monthly revenue improvement in many instances runs at a 10-15% rate of increase over a year ago. The Chicago - Calumet Skyway bonds continue in sporadic demand. They are up about four points since last reporting. The Indiana Toll Road 3½s were two to three points better and several other issues were up from one-quarter to one point. The Smith, Barney & Co. Turnpike Index averaged out at 3.85% when last sampled (Oct. 12). This did not reflect the Calumet and Indiana advances.

Black to Be Lehman Partner

Lehman Brothers announced that James B. Black, Jr. will be admitted as a General Partner of the firm, resident in San Francisco, subject to approval of the Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange. The firm also announced that it will open an office in San Francisco on Jan. 1, 1962 to cover the San Francisco area and adjacent states.

Mr. Black formerly was an Assistant Vice-President of Sales of the Columbia Geneva Stee Division of United States Seel Corporation. Prior to joining United States Steel in 1957, he was associated with Malson Navigation Company in Honolulu.

Long prominent in civic and philanthropic affairs. Mr. Back is General Campaign Chairman of the 1961 United Bay Area Funa (similar to the United Fund). He is a Director of St. Luke's Hosp!tal, San Francisco, and a member of the Advisory Committee cf Mission Neighborhood Centers Inc. Mr. Plack also is a member of San Franc'sco's Redevelopment Agency and a Tru tee of the World Affairs Council of Northern California. He is a men ber of the Pacific Union Club and the Bohemian Club in San Francisco, and of the Burlingame, Calif. County Club.

Rodetsky Firm to Open NYC Office

Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., member of the New York Stock Exchange, will shortly open an office at 115 Broadway, New York City, under the direction of Andrew L. Wormser, Vice-President of the firm.

Joins F. I. du Pont

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)
BOSTON, Mass.—Hyman Bluestein has joined the staff of
Francis I. du Pont & Co., 94 Federal Street. He was formerly with
Schirmer, Atherica & Co.

A. S. Lapides Opens

A. S. Lapides is engaging in a securities business from offices at 25 Broad Street, New York City, under the firm name of A. S. Lapides Company.

New Issues

October 17, 1961

\$48,616,000 State of New York

4%, 31/2%, 31/4%, 3.30%, 3.40% and 2% Bonds

Interest Exempt from present Federal and New York State Income Taxes

Dated November 1, 1961

Principal and semi-annual interest (May 1 and November 1) payable at the principal office of The Chase Manhattan Bank in New York City. Coupon bonds in denomination of \$1,000, exchangeable for bonds registered as to principal and interest in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000 and \$50,000. Registered bonds may be converted into coupon form at the expense of the holder.

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State and certain other States and for Savings Banks in Connecticut and Massachusetts

Acceptable to the State of New York as security for State deposits, to the Superintendent of Insurance to secure policy holders and to the Superintendent of Banks in trust for Banks and Trust Companies

These Bonds, to be issued for Housing and Park and Recreation Land Acquisition purposes, in the opinion of the Attorney General of the State of New York, will constitute general obligations of the State, and the full faith and credit of the State of New York will be pledged for the payment of principal and interest.

AMOUNTS, MATURITIES*, COUPON RATES AND YIELDS OR PRICES

(Accrued interest to be added)

\$28,616,000 Housing Bonds due \$584,000 each November 1, 1963-2011, inclusive \$20,000,000 Park and Recreation Land Acquisition Bonds due \$1,000,000 each November 1, 1962-81, inclusive

Due	Rate	Yield	Due	Rate	Yield	Due	Rate	or Price
1962	4%	1.50%	1971	4%	2.75%	1982-83	31/4%	3.15%
1963	4	1.70	1972	4	2.80	1984-85	31/4	3.20
1964	4	1.90	1973	4	2.85	1986-88	31/4	@100
1965	4	2.05	1974	4	2.90	1989-91	3.30	@100
1966	4	2.20	1975	4	2.95	1992-94	3.30	3.35
1967	4	2.35	1976	31/2	3.00	1995-97	3.40	@100
1968	4	2.45	1977	31/4	3.00	1998-2000	3.40	3.45
1969	4	2.55	1978-79	31/4	3.05	2001-04	3.40	3.50
1970	4	2.65	1980-81	31/4	3.10	2005-11	2	3.90

*Housing Bonds due 1997-2011 are callable either as a whole or all bonds of a single maturity beginning in inverse order of maturity on November 1, 1996 or on any interest payment date thereafter, at par and accrued interest.

The above Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to prior sale and approval of legality by the Attorney General of the State of New York.

The Chase Manhattan Bank

Blyth & Co., Inc. C. J. Devine & Co. Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company Chemical Bank New York Trust Company Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The Marine Trust Company Harris Trust and Savings Bank The Northern Trust Company Hallgarten & Co. Kidder, Peabody & Co. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. The Philadelphia National Bank Barr Brothers & Co. White, Weld & Co. Salomon Brothers & Hutzler R. W. Pressprich & Co. Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co. Bear, Stearns & Co. Equitable Securities Corporation Hornblower & Weeks Mercantile Trust Company W. H. Morton & Co. F. S. Moseley & Co. Shields & Company Stone & Webster Securities Corporation B. J. Van Ingen & Co. Inc. Wertheim & Co. John Nuveen & Co. Bache & Co. A. G. Becker & Co. Francis I. duPont & Co. Estabrook & Co. Federation Bank and Trust Company Fidelity Union Trust Company First of Michigan Corporation Geo. B. Gibbons & Company Goodbody & Co. Gregory & Sons Hemphill, Noyes & Co. W. E. Hutton & Co. Kean, Taylor & Co. Paribas Corporation First National Bank in Dallas Adams, McEntee & Co., Inc. L. F. Rothschild & Co. Spencer Trask & Co. Weeden & Co. Reynolds & Co. Mercantile National Bank The National Commercial Bank and Trust Company State Bank of Albany The Franklin National Bank of Long Island King, Quirk & Co. Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., Inc. Baxter & Company Ernst & Company Chas. E. Weigold & Co. State Street Bank and Trust Company Green, Ellis & Anderson Hannahs, Ballin & Lee New York Hanseatic Corporation Schwabacher & Co. Scudder & German Fahnestock & Co. Second District Securities Co., Inc. Swiss American Corporation Wells & Christensen J. R. Williston & Beane Wood, Gundy & Co., Inc Malon S. Andrus, Inc. Julien Collins & Company Cooley & Company A. Webster Dougherty & Co. C. F. Childs and Company William Blair & Company Folger, Nolan, Fleming—W. B. Hibbs & Co., Inc. J. B. Hanauer & Co. Hayden, Miller & Co. Charles King & Co. John C. Legg & Company Moore, Leonard & Lynch Mullaney, Wells & Company National Boulevard Bank Park, Ryan, Inc. The Peoples National Bank Rauscher, Pierce & Co., Inc. Schmidt, Roberts & Parke Wachovia Bank and Trust Company Robert L. Whittaker & Co. Sterling National Bank & Trust Company Tollner & Bean, Inc. Tuller & Zucker

DEALER-BROKER INVESTMENT LITERATURE AND RECOMMENDATIONS

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE FIRMS MENTIONED WILL BE PLEASED TO SEND INTERESTED PARTIES THE FOLLOWING LITERATURE:

Childs and Company, Inc., 141 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago Averages, both as to yield and 4, Ill.

Canada and Canadian Provinces -Brochure on the funded debts outstanding—The Investment Dealers' Association of Canada. 55 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Canadian Telephone Industry -Review-Royal Securities Corporation Limited, 244 St. James Street, West, Montreal 1, Que., Canada. Also available are data on Revelstoke Building Materials

Color TV—Discussion in October issue of "Exchange" Magazine ment 7, 11 Wall St., N. Y. 5, N. Y. -20c per copy, \$1.50 per year. Also in the same issue are discussions of LP Gas and High Speed Stock Tables.

Common Stocks - Quarterly review of favored issues-Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co., 15 Broad Street, New York 5, N. Y. Drug Industry-Analysis-David Street, Los Angeles 14, Calif. L. Babson and Company, Inc., 89 Broad Street, Boston 10, Mass.

Japanese Electronics Industry -Analysis-Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., 61 Broadway, New York 6,

Japanese Market-Review-Yamaichi Securities Co. of New York, Inc., 111 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y. Also available is an analysis of Tokyo Electric Power Co. Ltd.

Securities Co., Ltd., 149 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y.

Japanese Stocks - Handbook for investment, containing 20 essential points for stock traders and Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan — New York office 25 Broad Street, New York 4. N. Y

New York City Bank Stocks-Third Quarter Statistics on Ten Bissell & Meeds, 120 Broadway, New York 5, N.Y.

Averages and the 35 over-the- York 5, N. Y.

Bond Market-Review-C. F. counter industrial stocks used in the National Quotation Bureau market performance over a 23year period - National Quotation Bureau, Inc., 46 New York 4, N. Y. 46 Front Street,

Paper Manufacturers - Analysis with particular reference to Kimberly Clark Corp. and Nekoosa Edwards Paper Co.-The Milwaukee Company, 207 East Michigan Street, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

Puerto Rico-Financial Facts 1961 -Pamphlet-Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

Chemical Stocks-Comparative World Petroleum Industry-Study figures-Courts & Co., 11 Mar- of future growth-Chase Manhatrietta Street, N. W., Atlanta 1, Ga. tan Bank, 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza, New York 15, N. Y.

The Exchange Magazine, Depart- American Can Company - Analysis - Hornblower & Weeks, 40 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also available are data on Briggs & Stratton, Borg Warner, White Motor, Ferro, Dresser Industries, Phillips Petroleum and Gardner Decca Records Inc .- Analysis-

> American Cement-Memorandum -Morgan & Co., 634 South Spring

> American Radiator & Standard Sanitary — Analysis — Southern Brokerage Company, Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas 1, Tex. Also available is an analysis of Hidden Splendor Mining Co.

> Angle Canadian Telephone-Memorandum — Amott. Baker & Co., Incorporated, 150 Broadway, New York 38, N. Y. Also available is a memorandum on Cement Stocks

Japanese Market-Survey-Daiwa Apco Oil Corp.-Memorandum-Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood, 115 South Seventh Street, Minneapolis Minn. Also available is a Memorandum on E. F. MacDonald

investors - The Nikko Securities Bleomfield Industries-Memorandum-Divine & Fishman, Inc., 134 South La Salle Street, Chicago 3, Illinois.

Burroughs Corp. — Memorandum —Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., 1000 New York City Banks - Laird, Locust Street, St. Louis 1, Mo. Also available are memoranda on Quaker Oats. World Color Press Over-the-Counter Index - Folder and General Battery & Ceramic. showing an up-to-date compari- Carolina Pacific Plywood, Inc .son hetween the listed industrial Bulletin-Samuel Weiss & Assostocks used in the Dow-Jones ciates, Inc., 80 Pine Street, New

9, Mass.

Cenco Instruments Corporation— Analysis - Blalack & Wells, Incorporated 2477 Huntington Dr., San Marino, Calif.

Certain-Teed Products Corp .-Analysis — Halle & Stieglitz, 52 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y.

Combustion Engineering - Analysis-Stein Bros. & Boyce, 6 So. Calvert Street, Baltimore 2, Md.

Consumers Automatic Vending-Memorandum—Diran, Norman & Co., Inc., 37 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y.

Craig Systems - Memorandum-Davis, Skaggs & Co., 111 Sutter Interstate Department Stores-St., San Francisco 4, Calif.

Crowell-Collier - Review -M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co., 42 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also Jerrold Electronics Corporationavailable are reviews of the Aluminum industry, Bestwall Gypsum, Broken Hill Proprietary Co., Metromedia, Marquette Corp., Hilten Hotels Corp., and Certain-Teed Products Corp.

Crowell Collier Publishing Co .-Memorandum-Goodbody & Co., 2 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y. Also available is a memorandum on Globe Union.

Dean Milk Company-Analysis-Mullaney, Wells & Company, 135 South La Salle Street, Chicago 3, Illinois.

Schweickart & Co., 29 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y. Also available & Ford Ltd. is a bulletin on Blaw Knox Co. and a memorandum on Carborundum Co.

Dorr Oliver - Memorandum Bruns, Nordeman & Co., 1 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y. 115

-Report - Woodcock, Moyer, Fricke & French Inc., 123 South Broad Street, Philadelphia 9, Pa. Also available is a memorandum on Philadelphia Laboratories.

Eaton Manufacturing-Memorandum-E. F. Hutton & Company. 7616 Girard Avenue, La Jolla, Calif.

Electro-Voice Incorporated-Analvsis-Richard J. Buck & Co., 4 Albany Street, New York 6, N. Y. Elec'ronic Specialty - Memorandum-Cohen, Simonson & Co., 25 Broad Street, New York 4, N. Y.

Far West Financial - Memoran-Sutro & Co., 460 Montgomery Street, San Francisco 4, Calif. Also available are memoranda on Unilever and Pep Boys -Manny, Moe & Jack.

Fedders Corp.—Analysis—Shields & Company, 44 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also available are data on Bemis Brothers Bag, Bigelow Sanford, Hilton Hotels, J. J. Newberry & Co. and Security Milton Bradley Co.-Memoran-Insurance.

Firestone Tire & Rubber Company -Analysis - Laird, Pissell & 14, Calif. Meeds, 120 Broadway, New York Minerals & Chemicals Philipp 5, N. Y.

Food Giant Markets - Report-Ralph E. Samuel & Co., 2 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y.

Frisch's Restaurants - Analysis-J. R. Williston & Beane, 2 Broad-rache & Co., 67 Wall Street, New way, New York 4, N. Y. Also York 5, N. Y. available are memoranda on Kel- Narragansett Capital Corporation sey Hayes, Babcock & Wilcox, Singer Manufacturing and Jonathan Logan.

General Telephone & Electronics Corporation — Analysis — Robert Garrett & Sons, Garrett Building, Baltimore 3, Md.

Grolier Inc .- Memorandum-Cruttenden, Podesta & Co., 209 Norwich Pharmacal Co.-Analysis South La Salle Street, Chicago 4,

Hudson Pulp & Paper-Memorandum-Brooke, Sheridan, Bogan & Co., Inc., 2 Penn Center Plaza, Philadelphia 2, Pa.

Hydrocarbon Chemicals Inc .-Memorandum - Tri-State Secu- Ore-Ida Foods Inc.-Report-Parities Co., 2061 Broadway, New cific Northwest Company, 1000 York 23, N. Y.

Also available is a memorandum Illinois, on Mid States Business Capital Pennsylvania Railroad-Analysis Corp.

Interchemical Corp. — Reportavailable is a report on Columbia Broadcasting System.

International Minerals & Chemicals-Data-Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis, 25 Broad Street, Paperboard Producers.

New York 4, N. Y. Also available Phillips Petroleum — Analysis are data on Automatic Canteen Co., Radio Corporation of America, Newmont Mining, Louisville & Nashville, Ritter Co. and a memorandum on Kendall Co.

Memorandum-Garvin, Bantel & Co., 120 Broadway, New York 5, N. Y.

Review-Doolittle & Co., 21 Pine Street, Lockport, N. Y.

Johnson Service Company - Report-Loewi & Co. Incorporated, 225 East Mason Street, Milwaukee

Kayser Roth - Memorandum-Carreau & Co., 115 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y.

Mead Corporation - Report - W. E. Hutton & Co., 14 Wall St., New York 5, N. Y.

Kelsey-Hayes Co. - Analysis-Thomson & McKinnon, 2 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y. Also available is an analysis of Penick

Lehman Corp.—Review-Miller, Newman, Zimmermann & Co., Inc., 70 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also available are reviews of National Aviation Corp. and Petroleum Corp. of America.

Dubrow Electronic Industries Inc. Lehman Corporation — Review— Purcell & Co., 50 Broadway, New with particular emphasis on All-York 4, N. Y. Also available is a review of General Foods and a bulletin on Aluminium Ltd.

Mansfield Industries, Inc.-Analysis-Freehling, Meyerhoff & Co., 120 South La Salle Street, Chicago 3, Ill.

McLouth Steel Corp.-Memorandum-Indianapolis Bond & Share Corporation, 120 East Market Street, Indianapolis 4, Ind. Also available is a memorandum on National Starch & Chemical Corp.

Mergenthaler Linotype-Review -Steiner, Rouse & Company, 19 Rector Street, New York 6, N. Y. Also available are reviews of Columbia Broadcasting System and Genesco Inc.

Milton Bradley Co.-Analysis -A. G. Edwards & Sons, 409 North Eighth Street, St. Louis 1, Mo. Also available is a review of North American Aviation, Inc. dum-Hill Richards & Co., 621 South Spring Street, Los Angeles

Corporation - Analysis - Hemphill, Noyes & Co., 8 Hanover falo 2, N. Y. Street, New York 4, N. Y.

Movielab Film Laboratories-Memorandum-Granbery, Ma-

-Analysis-H. Hentz & Co., 72 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also available are analyses of Stokely Van Camp Inc. and Robinson Technical Products and data on Lehigh Valley, Gulf Mo-& Ohio and Chicago &

Northwestern. -Hill, Darlington & Grimm, 2 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y. Also available is an analysis of

Olin Oil & Gas-Analysis-Wm. M. Rosenbaum & Co., 331 Madison Avenue, New York 17, N. Y. Second Avenue, Seattle 24, Wash.

George S. Carrington Co.-Memo- Information Systems, Inc.-Memo- Pacific Hawaiian Products Co.randum-Clayton Securities Cor- randum - Fusz-Schmelzle & Co., Analysis-A. C. Allyn & Co., 122 poration, 79 Milk Street, Boston 522 Olive Street, St. Louis 1, Mo. South La Salle Street, Chicago 3,

-Butcher & Sherrerd, 1500 Walnut Street, Philadelphia 2, Pa. A. M. Kidder & Co., Inc., 1 Wall Also available is an analysis of Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also Rich's Inc.

Chas. Pfizer & Co. Inc.—Bulletin -Evans & Co. Incorporated, 300 Park Avenue, New York 22, N. Y. Also available is a discussion of Paperboard Producers.

Penington, Colket & Company, 70 Pine Street, New York 5, N. Y. Pillsbury Co. - Analysis -Mit-

chum, Jones & Templeton, 650 South Spring Street, Los Angeles 14, Calif. Possis Machine Corporation-An-

alysis - Craig-Hallum, Kinnard, Inc., 133 South Seventh Street, Minneapolis 2, Minn.

Products Research Company-Bulletin-Taylor, Bergen, Lynn & Lee, 1830 West Olympic Boulevard, Los Angeles 6, Calif.

Pubco Petroleum Corporation Analysis-Coburn & Middlebrook, Inc., 80 Federal Street,

Boston 10, Mass. Radio Corporation of America-Analysis-L. F. Rothschild & Co., 120 Broadway, New York 5, N.Y. Random House Inc.-Review in current issue of "Investor's Reader"-Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fen-

ner & Smith Incorporated, 70 Pine Street, New York 5, N. Y. Also in the same issue are discussions of Coca-Cola International, Wells-Gardner Electronics Corp., E. F. MacDonald Co., Otis Elevator, U. S. Plywood Corp., Ferro Corp., Fire & Casualty Companies, Dayton Power & Light Co., Chrysler.

Sears Roebuck and Co.-Analysis state Insurance Company—The Illinois Company, Inc., 231 South La Salle Street, Chicago 4, Ill.

Sjostrom Automations Inc.-Analysis-J. I. Magaril Company, Inc., 37 Wall Street, New York 5, New York.

Spartans Industries - Memoranrum-Putnam & Co., 6 Central Row, Hartford 4, Conn. Also available is a memorandum on Stanley Works.

Spencer Chemical-Memorandum McDonnell & Co. Incorporated, 120 Broadway, New York 5, N.Y. Also available is a memorandum on Financial Federation.

State Lean & Finance Corp. Memorandum - Sprayregen, Haft & Co., 26 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y.

Tip Top Products-Memorandum Rambo, Close & Kerner, Inc., 1518 Locust Street, Philadelphia 2, Pa. Also available are memoranda on Pioneer Finance and Papercraft Corp.

Universal Pictures - Memorandum-Harold C. Brown & Co., Inc., Liberty Bank Building, Buf-

Varian Associates Memorandum -Birr & Co., Inc., 155 Sansome Street, San Francisco 4, Calif.

W. R. Grace & Co.-Brochure giving complete facts and figures about the company's standing as one of the nation's top chemical producers-Public Relations Department, W. R. Grace & Co., 3 Hanover Square, New York 4,

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Amerada's Alluring Acres

By Dr. Ira U. Cobleigh, Enterprise Economist

A short review of this romantic company, renowned for its profitable penetration of patroleum-prone acreage in many parts of the world.

stocks of the early Fifties, have the 6,313,310 common shares of problems since Suez. First there just an estimate. Book value on Field, just a few miles from the home and abroad, with cheap for- was about \$29.80 per share. eign oil eager to enter our refineries. Second, American domestic demand has flagged, what with a and the competition of natural so far, from the United States and gas for the heating market. Third, Canada. For 1960, almost 60% of there were political and economic production came from the states problems in many oil bearing of North Dakota (31%) and countries, principally demands for Texas (26%). New Mexico aca higher percentage of "the counted for 19%, other states 17%, take" by Sheiks of Araby. So the oil shares descended in price, and lion barrels delivering a gross market support for them drooped operating income from oil of until quite recently.

There's one stock which went down with the rest of them (to a low of 55 last year) which we'd like to discuss today-Amerada Petroleum. It's the largest independent producer of crude oil in America and it had a wonderful nose for oil wherever it looked for it. At the moment it has a full or part mineral interests in over 132 million acres in various holdings) have been estimated at over 850 million barrels of crude oil and condensates, and 31/2 trilvaluation, this total might con- opened up the famous Williston

The oil shares, the glamour vert to around \$150 per share on been contending with a series of Amerada outstanding. But this is was, and is, overproduction at the 1960 year-end balance sheet original discovery.

Production

Despite vast concessions in profusion of compact cars with many countries Amerada's actual their mousey gas consumption, commercial production has come, Venezuela and the and Canada 7%. Net crude production for the year was 29.6 mil-\$83.4 million. Gas sales and revenues from natural gasoline were \$19.1 million producing a (combined) gross operating income of \$102.5 million—just about the same as a year earlier.

Potential

While actual production is what delivers the earning power and the cash flow, it's the future potentials that provide the romance parts of the world. Its reserves and market enthusiasm for a (not including the vast Libyan stock. In this department Amerada holds many attractive hostages to fortune.

Amerada made the pioneer oil lion feet of natural gas. In dollar strike in North Dakota which

Basin, an oil bowl of some 100,000 square miles extending into South Dakota, Montana and Canada. In this area Amerada has been producing and marketing in a big way. The company has a contract for natural gas delivery to Montana-Dakota Utilities that should bulge total gas sales to 38 million CF daily by late 1962.

Prospects here are further brightened by a new major finding in what is called the Antelope

In 1960 new discoveries of conwell in Zapata, Texas, two sucin Louisiana. In Canada, Amerada has brought in 20 oil wells in the share. Willesden Field, Alberta, in a sixmile area, and made a number of significant discoveries elsewhere in the Province. Drillings on a large tract (3,450,000 acres) in the Yukon has, so far, been unpro-

Foreign drillings are under way in such remote areas as Somali-Tunisia, Australia and Guatemala, but by far the most important overseas development has been in Libya.

Productive Desert Sands

Libya. As far back as 1953 the company started geophysical exploration and, by 1955, had staked out a 62 million acre claim-almost 100,000 square miles-with two equal partners, Continental Oil and Ohio Oil. This three-way company is Conorada Petroleum. the 1957 top of 1471/2. In 1958 a major discovery, Concession 32, seventy-five miles South of the Mediterranean, opened up an oil and gas field with oil reserves already estimated at above 650 million bar-Some 37 wells have been completed in this area now called the Dahra Field including some lush ones delivering as much as 500 barrels an hour. Other discoveries within 250 miles indicate the existence of other rich oil fields.

All this is very exciting and holds high promise of great future profitability. The arrangements with the Libyan Government are satisfactory—a 50-50 split. A 300,-000 barrel per day pipeline is being built from Dahra to a seaport El Sider from whence the oil will move to European markets. This will go "on stream" in 1962, and Amerada will own one-third of it.

The advantages of Libyan oil over that from the Middle East are most important in the European market. A shorter distance should save roughly 40 cents a barrel in shipping costs. Libyan oil has a lower sulphur content than Arabian oils and is thus easier to refine. For Amerada. which has had no Middle East oil acreage at all, the Libyan venture opens up an exciting new outlet. European oil dema expanding at the rate of 8% annually (against about 3% currently in the U.S.). It is actually difficult to describe the earnings that this extensive Libyan project can deliver to Amerada in the years to come.

Other Revenues

Other facets of earning power in the Amerada picture would include an underground storage facility for liquefied petroleum gas being built in Western Minnesota in partnership with Signal Oil. This will be completed by next summer. Amerada also owns a half interest in a natural gasoline extraction plant in Tioga, North Dakota, that can process 48 million CF of gas per day.

More important than these is Amerada's ownership of 489,000 shares of Louisiana Land common. This is carried on the books at a cost of \$58,246 yet it is worth, in the market, about \$33 million and paid \$880,000 in dividends last year.

October 18, 1961.

Sutro & Co.

Financial Strength

ada is a banker's dream. At the 1960 year-end net working capital was \$671/4 million, up \$9 million from the year before, and representing almost a 9 to 1 current

Amerada has been a dependable dividend payer. Policy has been to distribute about 50% of net (and roughly 20% of cash flow) in cash. Amerada was one of the few oil companies to increase its dividend recently. Last year the quarterly payout was advanced sequence included a gas field in from 50 cents to 65 cents and the with hours of 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Solana County, California, a gas present indicated \$2.60 rate Monday through Friday and 10 should easily be maintained on a.m. to 3 p.m. on Saturday. earnings of about \$4.60 this year and a cash flow of over \$9 a techniques such as push button share.

Should easily be maintained on a.m. to 3 p.m. on Saturday.

Utilizing imaginative display techniques such as push button activation, lighted panels, moving cessful wells in the La Blanc field earnings of about \$4.60 this year

Amerada has for the past decade been exceedingly popular among institutional investors and has been, during most of that period, the oil stock most widely held by mutual funds.

Because of its unique dedication to the finding and delivery of oil, unalloyed by refining or Optimum Fund, Inc. has been marketing operations, its outstanding success in locating and bringing in rich oil fields, and Amerada was an early bird in its successes in the past are now added the bright prospects of With Geo. D. B. Bonbright broadened hydrocarbon merchan-1961 high of 93% and far below State Tower Building as sales

The financial position of Amer- First Nat'l City Opens Exhibit

First National City Bank of New York has opened to the public a permanent exhibition telling "The Story of Banking" through a series of graphic displays.

First of its kind, the exhibition is located in the bank's Uptown Headquarters Bldg. at the ground floor corner of Park Avenue and 54th Street. It will be open to the general public six days a week

lights, films and telephones, the exhibition illustrates all phases of banking from the ways in which banks serve people to the role of credit control under the Federal Reserve System.

Form Optimum Fund

formed with offices at 122 East 42nd Street, New York City, to engage in a securities business. its steadily rising net worth, Officers are Teddy Cohn, presi-Amerada has become one of the dent, Hyman Askowitz, secretary; most respected of oil equities. To and Berthold Danziger, treasurer.

dising in North Dakota and rich SYRACUSE, N. Y .- John R. Halrevenues from Libyan sands. At sey has become associated with 82 the shares are well below the George D. B. Bonbright & Co., manager.

This is not an offering of these shares for sale, or an offer to buy, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of such shares. The offering is made only by the Prospectus.

428,981 Shares

Northern Natural Gas Company

Common Stock \$10 Par Value

Rights, evidenced by Subscription Warrants, to subscribe for these shares at \$35 per share have been issued by the Company to holders of its Common Stock of record October 17, 1961, which rights expire October 31, 1961, as more fully set forth in the Prospectus.

The several Underwriters have agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase any unsubscribed shares and, during and after the subscription period, may offer shares of Common Stock as set forth in the Prospectus.

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from any of the several under-writers only in states in which such underwriters are qualified to act as dealers in securities and in which the Prospectus may legally be distributed.

Blyth & Co., Inc.

The First Boston Corporation Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. Glore Forden & Co. Lehman Brothers Harriman Ripley & Co. Kidder, Peabody & Co. Smith, Barney & Co. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Stone & Webster Securities Corporation White, Weld & Co. Dean Witter & Co. Drexel & Co. Hemphill, Noyes & Co. Hornblower & Weeks Lee Higginson Corporation F. S. Moseley & Co. W. C. Langley & Co. Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis Clark, Dodge & Co. Dominick & Dominick Robert W. Baird & Co. A. C. Allyn and Company W. E. Hutton & Co. Hallgarten & Co. Blunt Ellis & Simmons Goodbody & Co. A. G. Becker & Co. McDonald & Company Kalman & Company, Inc. Kirkpatrick-Pettis Company Shearson, Hammill & Co. The Milwaukee Company Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Storz-Wachob-Bender Co. William R. Staats & Co. Stern Brothers & Co. Burns, Potter & Company Baker, Weeks & Co. G. H. Walker & Co. Caldwell Phillips, Inc. Richard W. Clarke Corporation Chiles-Schutz Company Cruttenden, Podesta & Co. J. M. Dain & Co., Inc. Crowell, Weedon & Co. Ellis, Holyoke & Co. Elworthy & Co. Eugene C. Dinsmore Estes & Company, Inc. Halle & Stieglitz J. J. B. Hilliard & Son Irving Lundborg & Co. McCormick & Co. Lamson Bros. & Co. **Pacific Northwest Company** Newhard, Cook & Co. Quail & Co., Inc. Harold E. Wood & Company Woodard-Elwood & Company Schwabacher & Co.

\$9,551,900

This is not an offering of these Debentures for sale, or an offer to buy, or a solicitation of an offer to buy,

any of such Debentures. The offering is made only by the Prospectus.

The American Distilling Company

43/8% Subordinated Debentures, due November 1, 1986

(Convertible until November 1, 1971)

Rights, evidenced by Subscription Warrants, to subscribe for these Debentures in the ratio of \$100 principal amount of Debentures for each 10 shares of Common Stock, have been issued by the Company to holders of its Common Stock of record October 17, 1961, which rights expire November 1, 1961, as more fully set forth in the Prospectus.

Subscription Price 100%

The several Underwriters have agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase any unsubscribed Debentures and, during and after the subscription period, may offer the Debentures as set forth in the Prospectus.

> Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from any of the several underwriters only in states in which such underwriters are qualified to act as dealers in securities and in which the Prospectus may legally be distributed.

Blyth & Co., Inc.

Glore, Forgan & Co. Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. Smith, Barney & Co. Dean Witter & Co. Goldman, Sachs & Co. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. A. C. Allyn and Company Wertheim & Co. Salomon Brothers & Hutzler R. W. Pressprich & Co. Blunt Ellis & Simmons Robert W. Baird & Co. Bache & Co. William R. Staats & Co. Schwabacher & Co. McDonald & Company Bosworth, Sullivan & Company, Inc. Walston & Co., Inc. Irving Lundborg & Co. Newhard, Cook & Co. Chapman, Howe & Co.

Stein Bros. & Boyce

October 19, 1961.

Stern, Frank, Meyer & Fox

8 Million Earns. Avge. '49-50 '54-55 '59-60

\$11.7

3.6

17.0

22.1

Median Percent Increase

Earnings

\$11.2

39.7

5.9 2.8 2.5

\$2.10

5-Year and 10-Year Performance

Sales, Earnings, Earnings Fer Snare 15 Leading Companies in Printing and Writing Paper 8 Million Sales Avge. 49-50 '54-55 '59-60

17.6

35.2

71.6 31.4 50.3

229:0

798.7

\$303.3

540.5

78.2

1,021.4 407.1

520.9

\$95.7

141.1 72.9 30.8

92.0

Includes important acquisitions.

Excludes profit on sale of subsidiary.
Year ends following March 31.
Year ends following April 30.
Excluding non-recurring profits in 1955 and 1960.
Year ends October 31.

Last 10 years.

Some Financial Aspects Of the Paper Industry

By Walter P. Stern,* Partner, Burnham & Co., New York City, Members: New York and American Stock Exchanges

Renewed investor interest in the paper industry, which paradoxically has had a poor earnings parformance in the past four years in the face of inelastic demand for its products, can only be sustained by recapturing the real growth profits trend-not just by growth in tonnage, sales or assets. Accompanying this warning to the industry is a table covering 15 leading companies' 5-year and 10-year average earnings, sales, and earnings per share. Mr. Stern censures the choice of goals by top management, suggests how to improve earnings, and cautions that unless earnings improve it will be difficult to obtain future equity capital.

of the paper industry has in re- jections based on an estimate of cent years undergone a change, a certain profit per ton or per

little interest in the industry; in the early 50's the paper industry was generally re-garded as "cyclical"; paper stocks as a whole sold at about seven to eight times earnings. By the middle 50's paper stocks



Walter P. Stern

had caught on as "grow ur stocks and had moved up to perhaps 12 to 15 times earnhave been so uncertain that it is hard to say at what price-earnings ratios paper stocks now sell. There are now three distinct attitudes toward the industry: it is regarded in some quarters as "cyclical" and in some quarters as "growth" industry; the predominant attitude is now that it is a "cyclical-growth" industry. The institutional investor is, in any event, quite disillusioned with the earnings performance of the

past few years. Approaching the industry from another point of view, in the early 50's most paper company executives discussed earnings prospects rather freely. By 1955-

The professional investor's view fashion to run out earnings pro-In the late 40's there was very sales dollar. Over the last four years, management guestimates have been almost completely lacking. Most executives are not unwilling to project earnings: in most cases they just do not seem to know what their companies will earn. In seeking an explanation for this inability to forecast earnings, there are three usual answers given:

"Unsatisfactory cost-price relationships"

Too much capacity", and/or "Severe price competition."

Why Do These Conditions Exist?

These explanations present somewhat of a paradox since under theoretical economics the basic factors of the industry would ings. In recent years earnings not seem to indicate unstable prices. The industry enjoys:

- (1) Abundant, low-cost, selfreplenishing, raw material.
- (2) Relatively stable and growing demand with little cyclical fluctuation.
- Extremely high capital requirements with resulting difficulty of entry.

An economist looking at these factors in the abstract would characterize this as a situation with inelastic demand where the rates. probabilities would favor stable

in the past been plagued by newcomers (although this situation share

responsibility to shareholders.

Champion Papers, Inc. et. Crown Zellerbach Corp.

Great Northern Paper Co.

Giatfelter (P. H.) Co

Hammermill Paper Co.

St. Regis Paper Co."

International Paper Co. Kimberly-Clark Corp. * 12

Mead Corp."
Minnesota & Ontario Paper Co.
Nekoosa-Edwards Paper Co.
Oatera Paper Co.

Union Bag-Lamp Paper"
Wa.ren (S. D.) Co
Wes, Virginia Pulp & Paper Co."

factors raises the question as to why unrealistic price cutting does exist. From my point of view it would seem that there are two major reasons:

(1) Inadequate or simply "lousy" Costing - much of the planning for new capacity has been done with costs predicated on full 7-day operations - with prices determined accordingly. Some companies seem to have no real costing by product at alland pricing policies reflect this.

In doing planning for the future, the industry would be a lot better off if they assumed that 'normal" operations would be less than full 7-day operations, determined costs on such a basis, and made "return on capital" calculations in planning new capacity accordingly. I would guess that for 1962 maximum operating rates will be something like 89-90% on a 6-day basis and as low as 83-85% on a $6\frac{1}{2}$ -day basis. These would seem to be more realistic figures on which to base "return on capital" calculations than 100%

(2) Top management decisions appear to be made on a basis In addition, the industry has not other than whether a move will create earnings or earnings per - looking at the industry 57 at the height of industry may be changing); has an excel- from the outside, considerations optimism, it was rather easy to lent trade association with per- of prestige, size, share of market, get from top executives firm pro- haps as good statistics on supply utilization of raw material supply jections of new planned capacity; and demand as are available in or pulp resources, seem to prefrom these it was the prevalent any industry; and the majority of dominate management thinking.

Earns. Per Shr. +170% per share. Decisions almost alpoint of view of productionwhether or not the product can be sold, or at what price, or whether the company can make a profit selling it, seem to be secondary considerations. As a result prices for new products

Recent Record Poor

based on real costs.

the reasons for this poor performance are, it is certain that the record-particularly over the past four years-has been very poor. There has been an excellent growth in sales, tonnage and assets, but a very poor earnings performance. Both absolute profits and profits as a percent of sales have declined sharply. In fact, in only one year since 1955 has the industry as a whole achieved better than a 10% return on assets.

More than \$2 billion has been put into new plant by the overall domestic paper industry between 1956 and 1960. In this period sales have gone up some 15% but overall earnings-despite the \$2 billion put into new plant - have actually declined by 10% from 1956 to 1960. In this period, the only bright spot has been cash flow which has gone up some 6%; however, on Wall Street we do not pay as much attention to cash flow as perhaps we should. An examination of sales and earnings of 15 of the largest publicly held paper companies active in printing and writing paper, shows that they have done somewhat better than the overall paper industry; their performance, however, still is pretty poor, especially in terms of per share earnings.

-Median % Incr.-15 Cos.-Last 10 years + 170%

90% and it seems that operating rates have to be higher than 95% for price increases to take effect

and stick prices with operations currently manufacturers have sold only a little over 5 million cars with a capacity to produce perhaps 8-9 industry wants to continue to put

companies in the industry are There is much too much willing- ventories which have run as high publicly held with apparent ness to look at growth of sales, as 1 million unsold cars, there has tonnage, assets or market position been no price cutting by the auto The existence of these basic rather than earnings or earnings manufacturers. In the cigarette industry it is claimed there is no ways seem to be made from the collusion because they have had something like five price changes in five years; I think you will agree that it is not impossible to have five price changes in an afternoon in the paper industry. All of these industries compete but do not have unrealistic price seem to be established as "dumpcutting. The government put ing" prices rather than prices some Westinghouse and G. E. men in jail several months ago for violating the 11th Commandment. Thou Shalt Not Get Caught.' While one cannot be sure what Had these companies used simple price leadership no-one would have gone to prison.

'54-55

\$2.54

2.54

4.01 2.68 2.23

3.29

I am afraid I can offer nothing constructive on what might solve the price problems of the industry, but it certainly does raise a paradox of why, with an elastic demand, there is such severe price competition in the paper industry.

There are perhaps some further explanations for the poor performance of the paper industry. The industry has probably had it "too good"; demand has been too stable-not since the 1930's has the industry really had the problems of a cyclical industry: As a result, the industry has forgotten pricing discipline. In addition, there have been very few real changes in paper making machinery; machines do not ever seem to go out of production. However, I think probably the main problem is that the goals of top management are not always the right ones, at least by Wall Street standards; too much attention is paid to size, sales and volume; too much attention is paid to production-not enough to selling; and certainly there is not enough attention paid to earnings and earnings per share.

Some Observations and Conclusions

From the point of view of the outside shareholder the paper industry has done only a mediocre Aside from commenting on the to barely adequate job-particurather poor statistical showing, larly over the last four years. a comment on prices seems in Now, with a business recovery order. Until fairly recently prices apparently well under way, there and, incidentally, profits, went up is renewed investor interest in when operating rates were around the industry. There are a few 85%; prices were stable at 80- institutions buying paper stocks 85% of capacity; and they did not as a "cyclical" or even "cyclical-decline until operating rates degrowth" play. However, the clined into the 70's. Now there is paper companies have lost most considerable price cutting with of their appeals as "growth" in considerable price cutting with of their appeal as "growth" in-operating rates at better than vestments. In fact, there is a real disillusionment on the part of the investment community with the industry's ability (or lack of ability) to show any real sustained As compared to this, the steel growth in profits. As a result, industry has enjoyed stable prices many institutions are now using at 50% of capacity and there has and will use any strength in the been much talk about raising paper stocks, not as an opportunity to increase their investments at about 70% of capacity. In the in the industry but as an opportuautomobile industry in past years nity to reduce or get out of their holdings.

There is no question that if the million automobiles; despite in- in new capacity it will need more

This is not and is under no circumstances to be construed as an offer to sell, or as an offer to buy, or as a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of the securities herein mentioned. The offering is made only by the Prospectus.

October 19, 1961

120,000 Shares Panoramic Electronics, Inc. Common Stock

Price \$11 per share

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained in any State only from such dealers participating in this issue, including the undersigned, as may legally offer these Securities under the securities laws of such State.

HAYDEN, STONE & CO.

money in the future. Some of this will have to be equity money. There is also no question that ance, will be considerably harder to come by. It will certainly be more "expensive" to obtain since investors are likely to give a lower appraisal to earnings and earnings prospects than they have in the past. What will win back renewed investor interest is not growth in sales of assets or tonnage, but a good earnings performance. At the moment, unfortunately, there seem to be little prospect of a sustained improvement in earnings.

There is, unfortunately, no easy near-term solution to the industry's problems. However, we are now apparently going into a period of improved business and a possible boom. I would therefore respectfully submit that in considering coming moves, such as planning for new machines, added capacity, and the like, the industry should:

(1) Use Realistic Costing-Sharpen its pencils in doing planning and figure whether or not had appeared until recently; and it will really make a profit in putting in new capacity;

duction side of new product join the Common Market as it planning but also the merchan- was believed to be. dising side how it is going to sell additional tonnage and at what

or share of market,

If present business forecasts are correct, the industry will have an opportunity to re-consider all of these factors. I hope, in doing so, it will think of outside shareholders. If it does not it may be faced with a real antipathy on the part of the investor in the fu-This could prove very money. In some cases equity money may not be available at all on terms considered equitable.

I wish there were some easy answer to the problems of the industry; I am afraid there is not. Basically it is a good industrymake it live up to its potentials.

*An address by Mr. Stern before the combined meeting of the Printing Paper Manufacturers Association and the Writing Paper Manufacturers Association, White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, October 4, 1961.

Named to Head Fund Drive Div.

Walter C. Klein, President of the Bunge Corporation, will serve as 1961-62 Chairman of the Export-Import Division of the New York Arthritis and Rheumatism Foundation, it was announced by the Edward Foundation's President. Allen Pierce of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith Inc.

Mr. Klein is launching a drive within the export-import trade to raise funds for the Foundation's metropolitan area program.

Garat, Polonitza Adds T. K. Euper

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

LOS ANGELES, Calif. - Thomas K. Euper has become associated with Garat & Polonitza, 9229 Sunset Boulevard, members of the Pacific Coast Stock Exchange. Mr. Euper was formerly with Keon and Company and Harbison & Henderson.

Security Planning Office

TAMPA, Fla.—Security Planning, Inc. has opened a branch office at 215 Madison Street under the management of James G. Somer- pline will prevail. So the Govern-

Will Trade Unions Nullify future equity money, as a result of past poor earnings perform- U.K.'s Common Market Aims

By Dr. Paul Einzig

The unpredicted, gratifying mutual desire on the part of Britain and the ECM to come to membership terms and the overwhelming Conservative party's endorsement to that move assures successful entry but spalls trouble. That trouble, Dr. Einzig anticipates, is seen arising from British labor's hostile, uncooperative reaction to the short-run economic problems involving UK's capacity to compete. Unless labor cooperates with British firms ability to compate, Dr. Einzig fears Britain's entry into the Common Market will doom her to economic declina. The only other way to bring sense to the trade unions, he adds, would be large scale unemployment resulting in instlicient firms' bankruptcy brought on by ECM competition.

LONDON, Eng.-For the first position to proceed without havtime since the conclusion of the ing to fear a "stab in the back." Rome Treaty we may now feel justified in viewing with optimism the prospects of Britain becoming a member of the E.E.C. During the last few days it has become evident (a) that France and other E.E.C. countries are of payments position. A small but now much more favourable towards Britain's admission than it (b) that the British Conservative of the E.F.T.A. Statistics show Party is not as strongly opposed that British imports from other (2) Consider not only the pro- to the Government's decision to E.F.T.A. countries increased this

At the Paris meeting of Ministerial representatives of Britain and of the E.E.C. the atmosphere (3) Pay attention to how a pro- was one of understanding toposed move will pay off in terms wards each other's difficulties. of earnings and earnings per While there is bound to be much share rather than sales, tonnage hard bargaining, it will take place in that atmosphere and against a background of mutual desire to come to terms. Even Professor Erhard, hitherto implacable enemy of Britain's admission, appears to have changed his atti-

Britain is prepared to make an important initial gesture of goodcostly in terms of raising future import duties on the entire range of goods on which the E.E.C. is but inefficient British industries Avenue. prepared to reduce its external would lose markets. This is of within the E.E.C. from 30% to Adam Smith. not embittered by a feeling of inefficient to the efficient indus- formerly with Christensen & Co. Central Securities Associates. negotiations, as the atmosphere is trade war.

At the annual conference of the Conservative Party at Brighton on Oct. 12, a resolution in favor joining the Common Market, subject to safeguards, was passed by a majority of 100 to one. This majority was most unexpected. Right to the very last moment the chances of a Government defeat were considered to be about even. It is true, in the course of debate Government spokesmen strongly reaffirmed their pledge to insist on safeguarding vital interests of the Commonwealth, the E.F.T.A. and British agriculture. Even so, those pledges were declared before now on many occasions and there was nothing new in turn, although this time they were re-stated more emphatically.

What must have influenced the attitude of the Conservative delegates was the growing menace of the Berlin crisis, which made it appear imperative to make a gesture indicating Western European united front.

It is of course possible that in the course of the talks the Government may make concessions which, in the interpretation of Conservatives, conflicts many with the above pledge. In that case opposition to the proposed agreement would revive. But on the basis of the Brighton experience it now seems certain that, unless really vital Commonwealth interests are sacrificed, the traditional Conservative Party disciment's negotiators are now in a

Whatever economic effect Britain's adhesion to the E.E.C. may mean in the long run, it is certain to create more problems than it will solve in the short run. It is bound to aggrevate the balance very significant foretaste of this was provided by the brief experience derived from the operation year twice as much as British exports to E.F.T.A. countries. Britain's trade deficit with E.F.T.A. countries widened appreciably. There is every reason to believe that the same experience would repeat itself on an infinitely larger scale if and when Britain should join the E.E.C. Evidently, Britain's capacity to compete, whether in the domestic market or abroad, is less favourable than that that of continental Western Europe.

Moreover, it is to be feared that the necessary reallocation of manpower resulting from adhesion to the E.E.C. would be a slow and will by agreeing to a 20% cut of painful process. Efficient British industries would gain markets, tariff. This will reduce the extent course in accordance with the of discrimination in favor of trade free-trade doctrine laid down by

tries would be resisted to the Thomas J. Euper Britain.

overtime, shorter working week, go-slow, more featherbedding, all for the purpose of spreading the LOS ANGELES, Calif.-Thomas reduced volume of work over the same number of workers, rather than release them and make them available for the expanding efficient industries. The latter, in order to attract the required number of hands, will have to offer higher and higher wages. The result will be that the inefficient industries will be even less efficient and the efficient industries will become less competitive.

The conclusion is that, whether or not Britain will join the Common Market, she is doomed to economic and political decline unless the trade unions can be brought to their senses. If this cannot be achieved through appeal to their reason reinforced by Hornblower & Weeks. hard money policy, it will be done in the hard way as a result of large-scale unemployment result- Sprayregen, Haft ing from the wholesale bankruptcy of inefficient firms which To Admit Two will be ruined by increased competition on the part of the E.E.C. countries.

T. C. Sharp Opens

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) LOS ALAMITOS, Calif.—Thomas C. Sharp, Jr. is conducting a securities business from offices at 3332 St. Cloud Drive.

With Calif. Investors

PAKERSFIELD, Calif. - Cosmon California Investors, 2601 F Street. He was formerly with B. C. Morton & Co.

Calif. Investors Adds

SAN DIEGO, Calif.-Joseph M. of California Investors, 1956 Fifth

Joins Calif. Investors

But in Adam SHERMAN OAKS, Calif.—Hart-10% until January, 1962, when Smith's time there was no trade ley E. Barber has become con- DALLAS, Tex.—Sam Thompson it will be widened to 20% instead unionist dictatorship. The trans- nected with California Investors, from offices in the Meadows I hope it will do what it can to of 40%. This should facilitate the fer of redundant labor from the 14306 Ventura Boulevard. He was Building under the firm name of

There would be strikes, ban on With Pac. Coast

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

J. Euper has



in Los Angeles for many years has recently Thomas J. Euper

become as-

sociated

with Pacific

Coast Secu-

rities Com-

West Seventh

Street. Mr.

Euper who

has been in

the invest-ment business

pany.

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been with Keon and Company Inc. and

Sprayregen, Haft & Co., Broadway, New York City, members of the New York Stock Exchange, on November 1st will admit Lawrence L. Preiss and Robert Ansorge to partnership.

Alkow & Co. Inc.

Alkow & Co., Inc. is engaging in a securities business from offices at 56 Broadway, New York City. Officers are Jacob M. Alkow, Polite has joined the staff of president; Michael Berg, vicepresident; and Vera Alkow, secretary.

Form Axtel Planning

JAMAICA, N. Y .- Axtel Planning Corporation is conducting a se-Elson has been added to the staff curities business from offices at 172-13 Hillside Avenue. Officers are Leonard Gardner, president, and Irving Fields, secretarytreasurer.

Forms Central Securities

These securities were placed privately through the undersigned with institutions purchasing them for investment. They are not offered for sale and this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

\$21,000,000 James Talcott, Inc.

\$10,000,000 Senior Notes due October 1, 1973

\$6,000,000 Subordinated Notes due October 1, 1973

\$5,000,000 Capital Notes due October 1, 1976

F. EBERSTADT & CO.

WHITE, WELD & CO.

October 18, 1961.

A Practical Solution To the Silver Problem

By David Mishkin, Instructor of Economics, Fairleigh Dickinson University, Rutherford, New Jersey

Concise recapitulation of the silver problem and reasons for proposal to replace a portion of our silver certificates with Federal Reserve bank notes are given here. Author intends this to be a stopgap measure to limit speculative fluctuations in the metal and to forastall devaluation via a silver price increase. Mr. Mishkin's long run cure envisions ultimate free trade instead of "artificial scarcity that past legislation has created for it." The economist predicts Treasury free silver supply will be exhausted within a year at the present withdrawal rate and Congress is primarily blamed for the dwindling supply of free silver.

scarcity has developed and that newly mined domestic silver proan increase in the price of silver duction at 64.64 cents an ounce,

analysts cite the dwindling supply of Treasury free silver and reason that if the Treasury is to replenish its silver supply it must raise its offering price. They fail to realize that the current silver problem is solv-



David Mishkin

able without significant changes in the silver price and that past silver legislation was as inadequate for its day as their proposed extension of it is for today.

The solution here proposed — the replacement by Federal Reserve Bank Notes of silver certificates-is remedial, effective, and disarmingly simple. It is predicated upon the single observation that the current silver scarcity is not a scarcity of silver metal, but rather a distribution scarcity. This thesis is at once clarified and amplified by an historical analysis.

Since 1878 when the Bland-Allison Act set forth mandatory quotas for government silver pursilver mining interests have enjoyed the benefits of an silver price was then 71.11 cents) extended silver demand created by the U.S. Congress to redress the "Crime of '73" the demonetization of silver.

Both the London Silver Agree-

Many today believe that a silver Treasury to purchase the entire will soon be forthcoming. These a price 50% above the then prevailing market price) and the Silver Purchase Act of June 19, 1934 (which reiterated the 1933 Agreement and further stipulated that the Secretary of the Treasury was to continue to purchase silver until a one to four ratio of silver to gold in the government's monetary stock was achieved), fostered expanded silver demand. actions two billion ounces of metal. These fluctuations lessened 1942, acknowledging that the inflow of gold from Europe virof achieving the 25% monetary price. What in fact occurred, howstock ratio. Of the silver thus ac- ever, was a gradual upward re-cumulated 410.8 million ounces alignment of the world market were subsequently supplied to our silver supply function (due to de-Allies under Lend Lease agreements.

1946's Legislation

In 1946 several industrial groups which were forced to curtail their operations for lack of silver called upon Congress to enact legislation enabling the Treasury to sell unmonetized silver for industrial use. The Silver Industrial Use Act of July while conceding to the mining inordered the Secretary of the issued or to be issued. Thus, the serves rapidly increased, between

silver scarcity through redistribu- of lend lease silver. tion of the existing silver stock and, in effect, amended the Silver Purchase Act which failed to allow Treasury silver sales.

The 1946 Act, however, failed on many counts: that the increase in the Treasury purchase price of silver increased domestic silver sales to the Treasury and not to the needy industrial users (for domestic producers preferred to sell to the Treasury at a premium); that it fostered a decrease, rather than an increase, in the available supply of silver on the free market (and thus fostered an upward trend in the world silver price); and, that it increased the industrial supply of silver only at the price of greatly increased silver cost. Thus, after 1946, domestic industry purchased largely imported silver - silver which was held back prior to the 1946 Act in the anticipation that the Act would foster higher silver prices. Treasury purchases of imported silver continued to be restricted under the 1934 Act.

Between August, 1946, and July, 1955, world silver prices trended upward, fluctuating widely due to short-term changes in the supply As a result of these governmental and demand structures for the silver were purchased by the as the world silver price ap-Treasury before it desisted in proached and surpassed the new 90.5 cents peg so that it appeared to the casual observer that silver creasing domestic sales to the world market silver supply) to meet a relatively steady demand function, now free of the pressure exerted by Treasury silver purchases under the Act of 1946.

World Market Price Since 1955

Since July, 1955, when the world market price of silver equaled the Treasury offer price, 1946, authorized such sales domestic silver mining interests have alternated between selling terests that the Treasury would silver on the open market (when not purchase or sell domestic the open market silver price ex-silver at less than 90.5 cents per ceeded the Treasury offer price) fine troy ounce (the prevailing and selling it to the Treasury (when the open market price and that there would be main- dipped below the 90.5-cent level). tained in the Treasury an amount bullion had been accumulating of silver of monetary value at since 1956 decreased due to placeleast equal to the face amount of ment of silver on the world marment of Dec. 21, 1933 (which all outstanding silver certificates ket, while the Treasury's free re-

A mutual fund emphasizing pos-

sible long-term growth of capital

and income. Fund shares are is-

sued in exchange for blocks of

acceptable securities with a mar-

ket value of at least \$10,000. No

federal capital gains tax is in-

curred by investors at the time of

exchange. The exchange is based

on one Fund share for each \$20.00

of market value of deposited

securities, less exchange fees, as described in the Prospectus. A

copy of the Prospectus may be

obtained, in those states where

authorized for distribution, from

The Ohio Company, Dealer Man-

184.0 million ounces, respectively. justing the silver offer price.

at Present Rate

tween the \$1.29 statutory price decreased lend lease returns, normal coinage requirements, and sumers at the 1946 Act price. At cation couched in other terms. the present rate of net withdrawal the Treasury free silver account should be exhausted within a year.

In contrast there are currently 1.74 billion ounces of silver bullion in the coffers of the Treasury. This bullion, of a monetary value equal to the face amount of all outstanding silver certificates, under the 1946 Act which stipube issued against silver purchases, and that only the 30% seigniorage is to be credited to free silver. Treasury and hence increasing while the remainder is to be credited to silver bullion. Thus, scarcity amid plenty: less than one hundred million ounces of silver for Treasury use, amidst the nearly two billion ounces in the Treas-

> Silver scarcity, therefore, does not relate to a shortage of the silver metal itself, but rather to a distribution scarcity-the allocation of the existing silver supply without regard to silver demand.

Absolves Treasury from Primary Blame

today ascribe to the Many Treasury responsibility for the dwindling supply of Treasury free silver, and assert that the Treasury must act to solve its problem. Truly the problem is primarily that of Congress and only marginally that of the Treasury, as responsibility for it rests with domestic silver producers (who fostered the existing silver

government action that would foster higher prices. As in 1946, the Treasury today possesses an abundant silver stock and could, if directed by Congress, redistribute this stock, just as it redistributed the 1946 silver stock.

power to rescind silver sales. It has failed to propose or encourage Congressional action. It has failed to act and as such appears to be acting wisely-for to rescind silver sales would be to encourage silver imports to invite a widely fluctuating silver price, to assure an increase in the domestic silver price, and hence, to discourage the creation by seigniorage of Treasury the producers seeking an augmented Treasury silver purchase

1946 Act answered industrial 1956 and 1958, due to the return ing to maintain the status quo. Beyond this, the contingency that In 1959 and 1960, the world the silver problem be absolved market silver price recouped from should gold and silver reserves its 1958 low and consumers of sil- be entirely set aside, or should the ver reverted to Treasury silver XIMF plan be adopted, or should purchases at the 90.5-cent price. Communist China continue to dis-Notice that Treasury silver sales gorge their hoarded silver, reinrose from 1.3 million ounces in forces the decision for no action. 1958 to 30.5 million ounces in 1959 Furthermore, even if the Treasury and that Treasury silver purchases sought to act, the precedent of decreased from 32.4 million ounces Congressional action in the Acts in 1958 to 4.7 million ounces in of 1933, 1934 and 1946 strongly 1959, years when total world sil- suggests that Congressional action ver production was 205.7 and would again be warranted in ad-

Congress, as the Treasury, how-Predicts No Free Silver in a Year ever, appears reticent; for were it to enact a revivification of the To date in 1962, as in 1960, the 1946 Act, were it to increase sil-Treasury bullion account has re- ver sales to the Treasury at the mained nearly static due to neg- expense of domestic silver conligible silver purchases, while the sumers, it would be counterfree silver account has dwindled manding Presidential trade polrapidly reflecting the negligible icy by inviting rapid increases in seigniorage (the difference be- silver imports and concurrently a deterioration in our balance of and the 90.5-cent cost), sharply trade. The recent proposal to aid domestic zinc and lead producers by augmenting the Treasury silsales of silver to domestic con- ver offer price is but the revivifi-

The Proper Course of Action

What course, then, shall Congress pursue? Congress may petition the President to utilize the \$500,000 appropriated for his discretionary use under the Silver Purchase Act to pay the difference between the Treasury offer price and the open market price so as tually eliminated the possibility had indeed found its equilibrium is restricted from coinage and sale to allow Treasury silver purchases on the open market without auglates that silver certificates are to menting existing legislation. Or, Congress may legislate Treasury purchases of silver on the open market to fulfill Treasury free silver needs. Both these actions, however, are unlikely for domestic producers and consumers are reluctant to adopt measures fostering wide - range speculative fluctuations in silver price.

> Under the precedent established by the Pitman Act of 1918, Congress could again direct the Secretary of the Treasury to replace a portion of our silver certificates with Federal Reserve Bank Notes and so liberate Treasury silver bullion now for use as free silver. Admittedly, such action would involve seigniorage losses for the Treasury and would eventually render all our legal tender (including the present silver certificates) redeemable only in our socalled lawful money, but it would at the same time allow the Treasury to utilize available silver bullion and thus to conserve on silver purchases and discourage imports.

Furthermore, silver certificate elegislation), and with domestic convertibility would rapidly deconsumers (who, after years wait- crease current silver purchases by ing, have covetously taken to obviating consumer stockpiling at benefit from it), and not with the the 90.5-cent price and by damp-Treasury. ening speculative purchases predi-The Treasury's position will cated upon an increase in Treasening speculative purchases predisoon parallel its early 1946 posi- ury silver price. It would lighten tion when, although for other the world silver consumptionreasons, the Treasury could not production deficit by assuring sell silver and when foreign constant additions to world supply sources were withholding silver concurrent with only minor withor selling it at premiums to the drawals. As such, significant in-Treasury price in anticipation of creases in the world open market silver price would not be anticipated, despite anticipated increases in world demand.

In detail, convertibility into Federal Reserve bank notes would allow domestic silver production and consumption to return to their The Treasury, however, has projected rates of increase with been noticeably dormant. It has domestic producers benefiting failed to utilize its discretionary from sales to the open market at from sales to the open market at a premium to the Treasury offer price (and being assured of the 90.5-cent offer should silver prices again decline as in 1958), and with domestic consumers guaranteed silver at the existing 90.5-cent price, or perhaps the existing 90.5cent price plus a silver profits tax free silver-while to propose or on the difference between the encourage legislation would be to world market price and the Treasassume partisanship either with ury offer price. Sufficient silver is extant (as Treasury silver bulprice or with the consumers seek- lion) to permit convertibility for

This is not an offer of these securities for sale. The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

Seeking TAX-FREE Exchange? There are only



more days left for TAX-FREE exchange

for shares of

OHIO FRANKLIN FUND INC.

COMMON STOCK



ager of the Fund. Deposit period expires November 1, 1961

THE OHIO COMPANY Member of the Midwest Stock Exchange 51 N. High St. investments Columbus 15, Ohio twenty years at double the current annual free silver sales.

To Prevent Silver Devaluation

The conversion of silver certificates to bank notes, however, is not here suggested as a long-term Continued from page 2 measure. Rather, it is proposed as a stop-gap designed to limit speculative fluctuations in silver and to avert the indirect devaluation of our silver-backed currency through an increase in the Treasury offer price. The final resolution of the silver problem rests not with convertibility but with the ultimate free trade of the metal upon the world market. All prior resolutions must be assessed in light of this ultimate goal and must seek to absolve silver from the artificial scarcity that past legislation has created for it.

N. Y. Analysts **Packaging Seminar**

"The Evolution and Future of Packing" will be the theme of a unique seminar, the first in this field, to be held under the auspices of the New York Society of Security Analysts, at 15 William St., New York City, Nov. 1st, 8th, 15th and 21st. Organized by Interchemical Corporation, the seminar will consist of four separate sessions, each beginning at 3:40 p.m., approximately one and one-half hours in length.

in the presentation of the four sessions will be prominent companies which have pioneered in the development of products and services in the \$20 billion packaging field. A spokesman for the Educational Committee of the New York Society of Security Analysts will host each session.

At the initial meeting on Nov. 1, LIFE Magazine will make a visual presentation depicting the spending patterns of the American consumer and the giant potential of the packaging market as affected by shifts in popula-tion, distribution of wealth, working habits, levels of education and tastes and other factors. Walter Johnson of the marketing services staff at LIFE will narrate the presentation.

James Talcott Priv. Note Sale

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James Talcott, Inc., the country's largest independent industrial finance company, has announced the placement with institutional tary; and Vincent Hurley, of investors of senior, subordinated Bache & Co., Treasurer. J. Anand capital notes totaling \$21,000,000.

The issues are: \$10,000,000 senior notes, due Oct. 1, 1973; \$6,000,000 subordinated notes, due Oct. 1, 1973, and \$5,000,000 capital notes, due Oct. 1, 1976.

F. Eberstadt & Co. and White, Weld & Co., New York City, assisted in the placement.

The company with offices at branches on Thursday 225 Park Ave., South, New York Oct. 26, 1961, at 8:00 p.m. City, provides commercial financ-States and abroad, industrial time and acquisitions.

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) DENVER, Colo. - John W. Post come associated with Hornblower swer period will follow the dis-& Weeks, 650 Seventeenth Street. cussion. Mr. Ringer was formerly with Lowell, Murphy & Co., Inc.

BUFFALO, N. Y.-Hassett & Shearson, Hammill & Co., 340 Sutcurities business from offices at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & 1101 Walbirdge Building.

The Security I Like Best

Nov. 30, 1962 could be around \$2.25

The company's balance sheet position is good with current assets of about \$6.5 million compared with current liabilities of \$2.1 million as of Aug. 31, 1961.

The capital structure as of the latest available figures, Aug. 31, 1961, shows \$1.5 million in long term debt and 550,000 shares outstanding. There are also warrants which, if exercised, would add 60,000 shares as well as options for 30,000 shares. At the time of the original offering 32% of the equity was sold to the public with Cleveland Pneumatic Industries Inc., a privately-owned company, retaining 68%.

Taking all of these factors together, which involves the programs in which the company is engaged, proof of the company's ability to develop earning power, and the reasonableness of the price earnings multiples applicable to earnings for fiscal 1961 and projected fiscal 1962, I believe these shares have marked appeal, albeit speculative, for capital gains. The stock is traded in the Over-the-Counter Market.

Cooperating with Interchemical Corp. Bond Traders at home. Annual Dinner

Past Presidents of The Corporation Bond Traders Club of New York were honored for services rendered with the presentation

gold medallions by Frederick R. Eisele, a partner in Freeman & Co. and the President of the Club, at the organization's 26th annual dinner, held in the Roosevelt Hotel, New York City. Founded

in 1934, mem-Frederick R. Eisele bership of the Club is comprised of corporate bond traders and underwriters.

Other officers are Thomas E. Feeley, of Goodbody & Co., Vice-President; John J. Meyers, of John J. Meyers & Co., Secredrew Hachtmann, of Wood, Struthers & Co., is the Club's Chairman of Arrangements.

Offers Lecture Meeting

Butler, Herrick & Marshall has announced that a lecture meeting and discussion entitled "Planning For Retirement" will be held in each of its suburban Long Island branches on Thursday evening,

This lecture will highlight the ing for industries in the United necessity facing everyone, women, as well as men, of providing for sales financing, factoring, redisculture as well as men, or providing for sales financing, redisculture their later years to assure the counting for finance companies maintenance of income to support and equipment lease financing, living standards and financial semaintenance of income to support and financing of business mergers curity in this time of ever increasing inflationary pressures.

These meetings in each of But-Two With Hornblower Co. ler, Herrick & Marshall's eight (8) Long Island offices on Oct. 26 will be conducted by the manager of the office and a question and an-

With Shearson, Hammill

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

Hassett & Wolkind Opens SAN FRANCISCO, Calif. - John C. Leathers is now affiliated with Wolkind Inc. is conducting a se- ter Street. He was formerly with Smith Incorporated.

Our Reporter on GOVERNMENTS

BY JOHN T. CHIPPENDALE, JR.

continue to have a good tone, with jecture. However, it does appear liquid Government issues as siz- long-term bonds used in this imable as ever, while the interest in pending regular refunding since the most distant Treasury issues the long-term sector of the Govis growing because institutional ernment bond market seems to be investors are being attracted to the reserved for advance refunding return which is available in these operations almost exclusively. bonds. Not only are switches being made out of non-Government bonds, but also out of common stocks by some investors into Treasury bonds because of the favorable return which is obtainable in the Federal securities.

Even though the domestic sitfuture determining of the monetary pattern, it now appears as though international developments, the balance of payments, and the position of the dollar could be more important in deciding the course to be taken by the monetary authorities. It is the opinion of money market specialists that nothing but orthodox policies will be followed to maintain the stability of the dollar and to foster our economic progress

November Refunding Terms Discussed

The new money raising of the Treasury for 1961 is out of the way so the only other operation to be carried out by the Government now is the refunding of the 21/2s of November 15th. This issue is outstanding in the amount of \$6,963,000,000. In all of its undertakings this year, new money raisings and refundings, the Government has been able to carry them out with practically no effect on the outstanding issues. It is evident that the Treasury the Treasury will use in meeting bonds, mainly new offerings, in Inc.

The money and capital markets this maturity involves some conthe demand for the near-term as though there will be no real

In addition, the long-term Government bond market is a very small one since only a rather limited amount of Treasury bonds could be sold or would be exchanged for the issue coming due. Also, the Treasury has just put over an advance refunding and the uation is given a key spot in the market is now digesting the new supply of 31/2s which come into being as a result of it.

Accordingly, it seems as though a long-term bond will not be part of the expected package regular refunding offer. Thru the process of elimination, there is left both yet. the short-term and intermediateterm areas for the regular refunding operations. And one hears talk that the package deal will be made up of fairly short-term liquid issues, such as certificates and notes and a short bond, with the latter being the way in which the Treasury will extend the overall maturity of the Government

Switching From Corporates to Governments Underway

Quotations in the bond market remain pretty much within the trading range where they have been of late and the tone is on the constructive side since there are no indications yet that the corporate new offerings are going to increase in any substantial amount and the tax-exempt issues Michael J. Cilmi. are being fairly well taken in face would like to extend the average of a supply that shows no signs maturity of the Government debt of decreasing during the foreseeand an issue coming due such as this one affords just such an opportunity. The kind of obligations demand for selected corporate has been changed to S. C. Arthur

spite of the fact that prices of these obligations have risen to levels which makes the yield spread between them and the best bonds available, namely, Governments, rather narrow. Hence, the Federal issues should either be courting more favor soon or the corporate obligations should give ground (pricewise).

Because of the small yield spread between corporate bonds and Government bonds there are exchanges being made out of the non-Federal issues into selected Treasury bonds since certain institutional investors prefer the Government obligations under existing yield differentials.

The 31/2s due 1990, which give a yield well above 4%, is the favored bond in the exchanges which are being made for corporate bonds, since it is the opinion of most bond market specialists that a yield spread of .30 basis points and even less in some cases in favor of the non-Federal bonds is much too small. Accordingly, they are switching into Government bonds with the aforementioned issue the leader in this movement which is gaining followers but has not assumed anything like runaway proportions

Rate Stability Forecast

The fact that the commercial banks are in such fine liquid condition to meet the loan demand which will pick up as time goes along most likely means that the upward pressure on interest rates will be retarded somewhat. This is one of the reasons given by those money market experts who are looking for only a modest upward trend in borrowing costs in spite of the better economic conditions which are being predicted.

First Republic Branch

BROOKLYN, N. Y.-First Republic Corporation has opened a branch office at 261 Kings Highway under the management of

Now S. C. Arthur Inc.

The firm name of S. Costell, Inc.,

\$50,000,000

Public Service Electric and Gas Company

43/4% Debenture Bonds due 1981

Dated October 1, 1961

Due October 1, 1981

Price 102.343% and accrued interest

This announcement is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities. The offering is made only by the Prospectus which may be obtained in any State in which this announcement is circulated from only such of the undersigned and other dealers as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

HALSEY, STUART & CO. INC.

FRANCIS I. duPONT & CO.

EQUITABLE SECURITIES CORPORATION

HAYDEN, STONE & CO.

LADENBURG, THALMANN & CO.

HEMPHILL, NOYES & CO. HORNBLOWER & WEEKS L. F. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

SHEARSON, HAMMILL & CO.

A. C. ALLYN AND COMPANY

STROUD & COMPANY COFFIN & BURR

R. S. DICKSON & COMPANY BAKER, WEEKS & CO. ALEX. BROWN & SONS COURTS & CO. GREGORY & SONS IRA HAUPT & CO. HIRSCH & CO. McDONNELL & CO. WM. E. POLLOCK & CO., INC.

October 18, 1961.

Bank of America Group Offers \$100 Million California Bonds Electric & Gas

New issue of \$100,000,000 marketed by nationwide syndicate. Alan K. Browne cites importance to the State and investors of an orderly marketing and planned distribution of California's necessitous heavy borrowings.

A Bank of America N.T. & S.A. bonds, and is pleased to have subunderwriting syndicate, which in- mitted the most favorable bid. cluded the Chase Manhattan Bank and First National City Bank of

New York, Oct. 18 purchased \$100,-000,000 State of California State Construction Program Bonds.

The Bank of America group paid a premium of \$72,729 for a combinat i o n 5%, 4%, %, 3.40%, 31/4%, 3.60% 3.70% and



1/10 of 1% Bonds. The dollar bid was 100.072 and the net interest cost was 3.461%, which compared with a net interest cost of 3.8474% on \$50,000,000 of State Construction Program Bonds sold in April, net interest cost to the State, does

The bonds were reoffered on a scale to yield from 1.80%, out to a dollar price of par on the 3.70% bonds, according to maturity July 1, 1963-1986. The bonds due in 1987 were not reoffered. Bonds maturing 1983-1987 are subject to redemption at par, plus accrued interest on or after July 1, 1982.

The State Construction Program Bonds just sold are the second offering of election of 1958 bonds. Proceeds will be used to meet major building construction, In the past 12 months, the Bank CHICAGO, Ill.—Owen H. Nichols equipment and site acquisition needs for departments of the State Government. Largest expenditures under the program are made on the campuses of the University of California and on the State College System.

Views of Alan K. Browne

in charge of the municipal bond department, Bank of America, said the bank is accustomed to competition in all phases of the banking business, including competitive bidding for municipal Dean Witter & Co.

The orderly marketing of California bonds in optimm amounts at regular intervals provides protection for both the underwriter and the investor, he said. The planned distribution of bonds through a nationwide group of investment dealers also makes for a stable secondary market, so necessary for investor confidence and the success of subsequent bond

The continuing high volume of California Bond offerings requires the support of investors large and small if the State is to sell its issues successfully, he added. Because of its rapid growth, California sells more bonds each year than any other State, to provide needed facilities and services.

Mr. Browne pointed out that competitive bidding for bonds, while it does assure the lowest not always assure that bonds are immediate sellout or that bonds can be distributed profitably. As examples he cited a State of California sale in June of 1956 and the recent State of Illinois offering.

In order to assure a broad market and ready acceptance for State of California bonds, the ates over a period of 15 years Mitchell Hutchins Bank of America and its associhave built up a large dealer group capable of selling them at prices favorable to the State, he said. municipal bonds.

Joins William R. Staats

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

LOS ANGELES, Calif.-Walter D. Alan K. Browne, Vice President Tearse has joined the staff of William R. Staats & Co., 640 South Spring Street, members of the New York and Pacific Coast Stock Exchanges. He was formerly with

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any of these securities.

The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

Public Service Debs. Offered

Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., and associates are offering an issue of \$50,000,000 Public Service Electric & Gas Co. 43/4.% debenture bonds due Oct. 1, 1981 at 102.343%, and accrued interest to yield 4.57%. The group won award of the debentures Oct. 17 at competitive sale on a bid of 101.57%.

Net proceeds from the sale will be used for general corporate purposes, including payment of a portion of the cost of the company's current construction program, and the payment of shortterm bank loans.

The bonds are redeemable at regular redemption prices ranging from 107.10% to par, and at sinking fund redemption prices ranging from 102.27% to par, plus accrued interest in each case. None of the debenture bonds may be redeemed prior to Oct. 1, 1968.

With offices at 80 Park Place, Newark, the company supplies electric and gas service in New Jersey, and owns all the outstanding capital stock of Public Service Coordinated Transport which operates a comprehensive mass bus transportation that serves areas in New Jersey and extends into New York City, Philadelphia and Wilmington.

For the 12 months ended June 30, 1961, the company had total operating revenues of \$414 023,826 and net income of \$54,466,257.

Elects Nichols

and the underwriting groups it has become associated with manages bought more than \$575 Mitchell Hutchins & Co., Incormillion of California State and porated, 231 South La Salle Street, members of the New York and Midwest Stock Exchanges, as vice president in charge of the commodity department.

With McDonnell & Co.

(Special to THE PINANCIAL CHRONICLE) SAN JOSE, Calif. - William D. Fletcher has joined the staff of McDonnell & Co. Incorporated, Town & Country Village. He was formerly with Mitchum, Jones & Templeton.

Connecticut Brevities

writing passenger car insurance will be limited to the State of Canadian area. Connecticut. Mr. Jonn Alsop, President of the parent company said this major step was taken to pany of Hartford unveiled a new keep abreast of the trend toward mustiple lines of insurance protection. He also pointed out that of the Council of Safety Superthis is the first time a Connecticut vitors of the American Trucking mutual company has entered the Association recently. The Drivocasualty f.eld in a line other than tron is the latest in a series of one for homeowners.

Cramer Controls of Essex has begun construction of a 41,300 square foot building at Old Saybrook. Completion of the plant, which will house both office and manufacturing operations, is expected by April 1, 1962. Cramer Controls, a division of Giannini Controls Corp., makes precision timing devices, electronic controls and pneumatic assembly gear.

Kaman Aircraft Corp. of Bloomfield has delivered its remote controlled Drone helicopter, a modified HTK, to the United States Army for testing. The aircraft in initial tryouts achieved 61 minutes of pilotless flight up to altitudes of 7,000 feet under the handling of a ground controller. Kaman Aircraft pioneered in the development of Drone helicopters under an Army-Navy contract commencing in 1952 and achieved the world's first pilotless helicopter flight in 1957. The modified HTK recently delivered represents the first Army use of a full scale, remotely controlled rotary wing aircraft. It will be used in a weapons testing program at the Army's White Sands Missile

The Birken Co. of Hartford, manufacturer of parts for missiles, jet Common Offered engines and precision gauges has purchased a 38 acre tract in Bloomfield and will build a new plant there this year with completion planned for December. Expansion of operations to include work in the microwave and semi-conductor field has dictated the move, Company officials have announced that, in addition to plant space, employment will be increased and may double.

The Norden Division of United products, and working capital. Aircraft Corp. is moving its Keta-Division to Norwalk from Long Island. Ketav is engaged in the production of precision servo components. The transfer is another step in Norden's consolidation program which was begun in working in leased facilities in Bridgeport, Milford and Stamford and White Plains, New York, were brought together in Norden's new plant in Norwalk.

Emhart Manufacturing Co. of recorders and protographs.

Mutual Insurance Co. of Hartford Hartford, producer of automatic has formed a new insurance com- machinery for the glass manufacpany to enter the automobile turing industry has announced the casualty field. Covenant Insur- opening of a Canadian operation ance Co. will be a wholly-owned in Toronto, Emhart Export Comsubsidiary of Mutual of Hartford pany. Emhart Export will proand will commence business by vide direct sales assistance, engineering and installation servexclusively. Initially, operations ices on Emhart equipment in the

> Aetna Casualty & Surety Comdriving simulator, the Drivotron, at the annual meeting driver testing and training devices pioneered by Aetna Casualty over the past 25 years and is designed for use in safety programs of light truck and passenger car fleets. The Drivotron makes it possible to evaluate a driver's skills by exposing him to wide variety of highway driving problems through wide screen color movies viewed from a simulated truck cab. A unique scoring system makes a continuous graph of the driver's actions in each situation.

> Fratt & Whitney Aircraft, a division of United Aircraft Corp., is establishing a laboratory unit at its North Haven plant to develop new materials for aircraft, space and industrial power plants of the future. It will be designated the Advanced Materials Research and Development Laboratory. The re earch facility's principal aims will be to develop high strength allovs for use at extreme temperatures and materials for energy conversion devices. New materials for a range of power plants including rocket and aircraft jet systems as well as industrial engines will be tested.

Robins Indust.

Initial public sale of common stock of Robins Industries Corp. is being made through the offering of 100,000 shares at a price of \$2.50 per share by Carroll Co., New York City.

Net proceeds will be used by the company to retire a bank loan; to defray costs involved in moving to a new plant; purchase of new equipment and for research an dove opment, tooling of new

Eeacquartered in College Point, N. Y., Robins is engaged in the development, manufacture and research, de ign, development and distribution (on a national basis and for export) of various proiucts used in the electronic sound recording and reproduction field. Among the products manufactured by the company are recording operation was completed earlier tape splicers, demagnitizers and this year when 1,400 employees degaussers for recording heads and recording tape; plastic record and album covers, turntable levels; replacement recording heads; record and tape accessory k ts: books on tape recording; and chemicals for maintenance of tape

NEW ISSUE October 17, 1961 150,000 Shares

PATENT RESOURCES, INC.

COMMON STOCK

(\$.10 par value)

Price \$2.50 Per Share

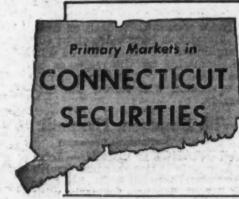
Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from such of the undersigned only in such States where the securities may be legally offered.

DARIUS, INCORPORATED

N. A. HART & CO.

E. J. ROBERTS & CO.

STRATHMORE SECURITIES, INC.



CHAS. W. SCRANTON & CO. Members New York Stock Exchange

New Haven

New York-REctor 2-9377 Hartford-JAckson 7-2669 - Teletype NH 194

AS WE SEE IT continued from page 1

President Kennedy is by no means the first to understand this country that any and all crises in our relations with the Communists must be regarded as but incidents in a very important truth. Possiexist.

Lack of Foresight

thing approaching perfect plete frankness that there and peoples formerly under foresight, should have should be no problem such as imperialistic exploitation (or warned us long before the that of West Berlin at this so they think) are not always end of World War II of the time, and there would not be very discriminating in such nature of the world situation had we had reasonably good matters and the Kremlin as that would arise to plague us foresight on the basis of facts well as the other Communist required, after making use of powers and the control of the staff of the world situation had we had reasonably good matters and the Kremlin as additional debt financing will be J. Barth & Co., 3323 Wilshire and our friends when the readily enough available in controlled nations see to it dust of that conflict had 1945. settled. In point of fact, much of what has taken place since the end of 1945 was appar- problems in various parts of ently rather clearly foreseen the world quite regardless of dertaken to take and keep the by Winston Churchill long how wise and foresighted the lead in correcting these situabefore the end of hostilities. Western world had been or tions throughout the world Whether or not his ideas as is. Some of them might be by generous aid, but all too to how to forestall it all were less serious and more trac-sound and feasible is another table had we better undermatter, but the fact is that he, stood what was going on in gone into the coffers of dis- to produce and sell helium. apparently very nearly alone the world, but we should still honest groups, or been used among the Western powers, have plenty of puzzling situa- to perpetuate the control of clearly perceived the inten- tions to face in any event. elements in the populations communists in general. We much to be gained from sor- tack on one ground or an- City, under the firm name of Ste- Building, members of the Midwest if we had been, we should be rowing over the errors of the other. The task of administer- phen M. Weill Co. in a better position today to past. We must face the prescombat the efforts of com- ent and the future with formunist imperialism.

NEW ISSUE

President has now laid them wisdom of the understand- this is a long, long conflict might. during and immediately after and many provocations, many to deal with each situation as bers of the New York Stock Exthe war. Into the concrover- of which will not be won or it arises, and each crisis, as and to warn the people of sies that rage over these mat- lost completely. Such must circumstances seem to dictate. ters we do not intend to enter inevitably be the result of the retreating or advancing as at this time, but it does seem determination of the commu-strategic or tactical situations indisputable to us that we nist nations, particularly suggest, without delusions of were almost incredibly naive Soviet Russia, to push on appeasement or fear of critics long drawn out struggle of in our faith in the Commu- toward world domination at world proportions. President nist leaders and all but every opportunity. Eisenhower often called the wholly blind to their intent These troublemakers have attention of the people to this as it very soon developed a great advantage in the The territorial concessions existence of so much troubled bly the fact had become more made to the Russians seem to water throughout the world or less clear to officials in us to be rather more than in which they are so fond of this country even before the questionable, but what is fishing and are so adept on To Stockholders Eisenhower days in the White clear beyond all doubt, or so the whole in exploiting. The House. But this essential ele- it seems to us, is the folly of other so-called great powers ment in world affairs cer- entering into any agreement of the world are in a corretainly has not always been with the Soviet authorities spondingly disadvantageous recognized by the powers that out of which we became re- position in that they, for the additional shares on the basis of be, and it is for that reason sponsible for an enclave deep most part, are erstwhile colothat some of the most diffi- within territory which, what- nial powers and thus open to cult and dangerous aspects of ever its legal status, was in- attack in most of those rethe current situation now evitably to be completely gions where colonial governunder Russian control.

may be worth at this late should be almost free of this Perfect foresight, or any- date, let it be said with com- sort of prejudice, but areas

Problems Galore

But there would still be the same imperialist stick. titude, patience and what-There are, of course, many ever wisdom may be drawn

October 11, 1961

may be certain that the Presi- difficult one, but we have the dent is dead right, as was his impression that we have not Harris, Upham understand the facts as the shades of opinion about the predecessor, in warning that always done as well as we ings reached with Mr. Stalin that will have many crises

> ments previously existed. Of Blyth & Co., Inc., New York City. In short, for whatever it course, the United States that we, too, are tarred with

> > We have consistently un-

from past errors. And we ing such aid is a very, very Hart Joins

In any event, we shall have citing invalid historical prec-

No. Natural Gas Rights Offering

Northern Natural Gas Co. is offering holders of its outstanding common stock the right to subscribe at \$35 a share for 428,981 one share for each 20 held of record Oct. 17. Rights will expire Oct. 31, 1961.

The offering is being underwritten by a group headed by

Proceeds will be used to pay part of the 1961 construction and acquisition program, estimated at \$98,000,000.

Northern Natural Gas sold \$35,-000,000 of 4%% sinking fund debentures last July. To meet its 1961 construction costs, the comapproximately \$23,000,000 in cash that the impression is given from operations. Timing of that financing has not yet been deter-

> The company, headquartered in distributes and sells natural gas. with Hill Richards & Co., Inc., gasoline, liquified petroleum gas was previously with Dean Witter

S. M. Weill Opens

WASHINGTON, D. C. - The nation - wide investment firm of



announced the appointment of Lt. General Charles Edward Hart, USA (Retired) as Director of its Armed Forces Department cated at 1505 H St., N. General Hart replaces General John E. Dahlquist who is retiring due

change, have

to ill health. Harris, Upham's Armed Forces Department was inaugurated in 1956 to help servicemen all over the world invest their funds with expert guidance. Henry Upham Harris, senior partner at Harris, Upham's New York headquarters stated, "We are delighted to have General Hart join our organization. We know his extensive experience as a senior military commander will be a tremendous asset to our firm in dealing with the servicemen's investment needs.'

Joins Barth Staff

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) LOS ANGELES, Calif. - Ronald Wagenseller & Durst, Inc.

Hill Richards Adds

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

Omaha, Neb., directly and through SAN DIEGO, Calif. - Floyd K. subsidiaries, produces, transmits, Rubendall has become connected It also produces and sells natural Bank of America Building. He

Chiles-Schutz Adds

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

Stephen M. Weill is engaging in a OMAHA, Neb.-James H. Kleinsecurities business from offices at kauf has been added to the staff tions of Mr. Stalin and of the However, there is nothing that are and were open to at-Stock Exchange.

> This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities. The offer is made only by means of the Prospectus.

NEW ISSUE

October 17, 1961

120,000 Shares

PREMIER ALBUMS, INC.

(a New York Corporation)

Common Stock (Par Value \$.25 per Share)

Price \$5 per Share

The Prospectus may be obtained from such of the undersigned and other dealers who may lawfully offer these securities in this State.

> GIANIS & CO. INCORPORATED

CLARK, WEINSTOCK & PORGES

HODGDON & CO., INC.

STEARNS & COMPANY

STONE, ACKERMAN & CO., INC.

DEAN SAMITAS & CO. INCORPORATED

HAMCO MACHINE & ELECTRONICS CORP. 250 No. Goodman S'reet Roche ter 7, N. Y.

This advertisement is not an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any of these securities. The offering is

made only by the Offering Circular.

150,000 Shares

HAMCO MACHINE & ELECTRONICS CORP.

Common Stock (Par Value 10 cents)

Price \$2.00 per Share

Copies of the Offering Circular may be

obtained from the unders gned.

The shares are offered only in those states in

which the Issuer is permitted to offer the same.

KAMEN & COMPANY

To Internationalize Kamala is one of nine overseas visitors to the current convention.

Overwhelming approval of a pro-posed amendment to the constitu-tion of the National Association of Bank Women, which will extend the organization's scope through creation of a new International Membership, was announced by NABW President Marion Anderton at the national convention in Rochester, N. Y. More than 500 women executives in banking attended the four-day gathering, which has set "Banking's Responsibilities to the Local and World Community" as its

The proposal to extend membership in NABW was put before the group's 3,800 members last summer and balloted on by mail. The decision to internationalize reflects the growing interdependence of banks in this country and abroad arising from the increasing capital flow both from and to the economic systems of other countries. Women bank executives having corporate titles in recognized banks of other ternational Membership in NABW, provided they have been & Co., Farnam Building. associated with their bank at least six months.

The amendment marks the first in NABW has ever been extended to women executives in foreign banks. Consideration of the amendment was prompted by an application several months ago by Mrs. B. Kamala, Chief Admin-

DIVIDEND NOTICES

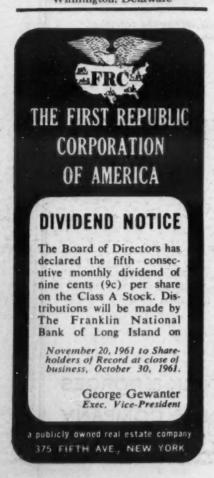


The Board of Directors of Central and South West Corporation at its meeting held on October 12, 1961, declared a regular quarterly dividend of twenty-five and one-half cents (251/2 c) per share on the Corporation's Common Stock. This dividend is payable November 30, 1961, to stockholders of record October 31, 1961.

> LEROY J. SCHEUERMAN Secretary

CENTRAL AND SOUTH WEST CORPORATION

Wilmington, Delaware



Bank Women Vote istrative Officer of the Pandyan Bank in Madras, India. Mrs.

Panoramic Elec. Common Offered

Public offering of 120,000 common shares of Panoramic Electronics, Inc., at \$11 per share is being made by Hayden, Stone & Co., New York City and associates. Proceeds will be used by the company for construction of a new plant, purchase of additional equipment and working capital.

The company of 520 South Fulton Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., is engaged in the design, development and manufacture of electronic test measurement and monitoring instruments. Its principal products are spectrum analyzers, used as testing and measuring devices, communications monitors and analyzers, telemetry test instruments, and a variety of related special purpose instruments.

Joins Dean Witter

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) countries will be eligible for In- OMAHA, Neb.-Terance A. O'Neil has joined the staff of Dean Witter

Joins Goodbody Staff

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) time opportunity for membership CLEVELAND, Ohio-Kathryn A. Eder has joined the staff of Goodbody & Co., National City East Sixth Building. Miss Eder was formerly with Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.

Now With E. N. Siegler

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

CLEVELAND, Ohio - Betty J Zippin has become connected with Edw. N. Siegler & Co., Union Commerce Building, members of the Midwest Stock Exchange. Miss Zippin was formerly with Livingston, Williams & Co.

DIVIDEND NOTICES

UNITED STATES LINES COMPANY



Common Stock DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has authorized the payment of a dividend of fifty cents (\$.50) per share payable December 8, 1961, to holders of Common Stock of record November 17, 1961. THOMAS R. CAMPBELL, Secretary One Broadway, New York 4, N. Y.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company

Makers of Camel, Winston, Salem & Cavalier cigarettes Prince Athert, George Washington Carter Hall smoking tobacco

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

A quarterly dividend of 371/2c per share has been declared on the Common Stock of the Company, recently split twofor-one, payable December 5, 1961 to stockholders of record at the close of business November 15, 1961.

WILLIAM R. LYBROOK, Secretary

Winston-Salem, N. C. October 12, 1561

Sixty-one Consecutive Years of Cash Dividend Payments

Ohio Valley Group of I. B. A. Elects



Newly elected officers of The Ohio Valley Group, Investment Bankers Association of America are: Henning Hilliard, 1961 Chairman and Committee Member for 1962, of J. J. B. Hilliard & Son, Louisville; H. C. O'Brien, newly elected Chairman, W. E. Hutton & Co., Cincinnati; George Rinker, First Vice-Chairman, The Ohio Company, Columbus; H. A. Filder, Jr., Secretary-Treasurer, Provident Bank, Cincinnati.

Standing left to right are: J. B. Joyce, Sr., Columbus; J. A. White of J. A. White & Company, Cincinnati; J. H. Stites, Jr., Louisville; C. A. Richards of Field, Richards & Co., Cincinnati; Ralph Elam, Columbus, all members of the Executive Committee; and E. J. Killelea, Louisville, outgoing Secretary-Treasurer of The Ohio Valley Group.

COLUMBUS, Ohio-The Ohio attended the morning meeting, ad- vestment capital so vitally needed Valley Group, Investment Bank- dressed by George A. Newton, by American industry ers Association of America, in Co- Investment Bankers Association lumbus, Ohio for their annual of America President, and the bers and guests attended an Open meeting on Sept. 28, 1961, elected luncheon session. Principal House to view the new offices of Harry C. O'Brien, Manager of speaker at the luncheon was Senthe municipal department of W. ator Thruston B. Morton, Ken- Ohio investment firm, and were E. Hutton & Co., Cincinnati, as tucky, former Republican National Chairman of their Executive Chairman and currently a member dinner party that evening. Committee for 1962. Other of- of the Senate Finance Committee. ficers for the coming year are Senator Morton proposed that such George Rinker, The Ohio Com- groups as I.B.A. are the ones best pany, Columbus, First Vice- equipped to meet the challenges of Chairman; W. O. Alden, Jr., Al- forthcoming tax legislation. They den & Co., Louisville, Second must, however, present a united Vice-Chairman; and Harry A. Filder, Jr., Provident Bank, Cincinnati, Secretary-Treasurer.

Following the luncheon, mem-

House to view the new offices of The Ohio Company, Columbus, guests of The Ohio Company at a

Attending the open house and dinner, in addition to members of The Ohio Valley Group, were investment bankers from New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Philadelphia, must, however, present a united Detroit, Milwaukee, Pittsburgh, front to assure that any such legis- Toledo and St. Louis as well as lation is realistic and equitable executives of a number of Ohio Some 200 investment bankers and continues to encourage the in- corporations.

De Witt Conklin Official Changes

man of the Board of the De Witt Conklin Organization, 120 Broadway, New York City, it has been announced by O. Gaines Brush, President of the nation-wide financial public relations firm. He without underwriting. succeeds Ashley E. Pidgeon, who has retired.

Robert E. Vice-President, was elected Executive Vice-President.

Mr. Hay has over 30 years' ex- velopment and working capital. perience in financial advertising and public relations. He started man St., Rochester 7, N. Y., is en-on Wall Street in 1929 with Blair gaged in the manufacture and & Co. making surveys for avia- sale of Hamco automatic precision fected through outside sources tion projects of such companies saw sharpeners and the Gillings- but the company markets them as TWA, North American Avia- Hamco thin sectioning machine. tion and Air Express which were It has designed a new fully autolater underwritten by Biair & matic wafering machine which it

air transportation. In the ensuing used in the electronics industry. years he supervised the a vertising and public relations of Eastern Air Lines, was managing cirector of National Air Travel break the monopoly in overseas air transportation.

During World War II, as Vice-President of Campbell-Ewald, he supervised a group of advertising SAN DIEGO, Calif. - Dempseyexecutives who created "editorial Tegeler & Co. Inc. has opened a advertising" to inform the public of the war activities of Eastern Air Lines, U. S. Rubber Company, Eastern Aircraft Division of Gen- management of William P. Higeral Motors and others.

Hamco Machine & Electronics T. Park Hay was elected Chair- Common Offered

Public offering of 150,000 com-mon shares of Hamco Machine & Electronics Corp., at \$2 per share is being made by the company, Net proceeds will be used for moving the company's plant to larger quar- and for working capital. Anderson, former ters, buying additional equipment, repaying a bank loan, and for Street, New York City, is engaged sales promotion, research and de-

The company of 250 No. Goodplans to put into production short-He later joined the pioneer ly. In addition, it is undertaking staff of TWA and originated a research toward the production number of early public policies in of other machines which can be

Richard Buck Branch

HOLLYWOOD, Fla. - Richard J. Week and conducted a promotion Buck & Co. has opened a seasonal campaign for American Export office in the Diplomat Hotel under Airlines in a successful effort to the management of Edmund F. Farrell.

Demosey-Tegeler Office

second office in San Diego at 2020 El Cajon Boulevard under the gins.

Premier Albums Common Offered

Gianis & Co., Inc., New York City is offering publicly 120,000 common shares of Premier Albums, Inc., at \$5 per share. Proceeds will be used by the company for the acquisition of pressing plant facilities, marketing of new stereophonic records

The company of 356 W. 40th in the manufacture, sale and distribution of 12-inch long-playing stereophonic and monaural phonograph records. Physical production of the records is efbut the company markets them under its own labels: Coronet, Directional Sound, Baronet, Premier, Celebrity and Twinkle. Approximately 149 different records are marketed under the above labels.

Botzum Now Corp.

(Special to The Financial Chronicle) LOS ANGELES, Calif. - C. A. Potzum & Co., a corporation, has been formed to continue the investment business of C. A. Botzum Co., 210 West Seventh. C. A. Botzum, formerly proprietor, is President. Other officers are Horace Hagen, Vice-President; Thomas Nelson, Vice-President and Secretary; and C. A. Botzum, Jr., Treas.

Wm. Norton Co. Formed

LOS ANGELES, Calif. — William Norton Company is engaging in a securities business from offices at 3600 Wilshire Boulevard.

THE MARKET . . . AND YOU

BY WALLACE STREETE

The stock market that has been larly to those who saw them as growing more and more selective the favorites in a return to reality through recent years was down to by investors intrigued with an ultra-selective status this week glamour issues late last year and as the general list coasted on low early this year, is the petroleum

Where the features stood out; it was mostly on good price action and more times than not traceable either to good earnings or good dividend action. Stock splits were, as usual, particularly effective and, conversely, where split hopes were too high the specific issue involved showed on the casualty days lists in a rush. Ford was one favorite of the investment comillustration of the latter, although it had found something of a floor this week from which to rally on occasion.

High Priced . . . But

chines, which over the years has picked up around 55 last year. been exceedingly liberal with stock splits and stock dividends, had the added help of an excellent earnings statement to put it on the lists of all-time highs in a an exaggerated one. Despite the rush. This issue has a glamour tag all its own, apart from the science issues that had earned that title until their recent correction.

On the basis of any of the conventional yardsticks, IBM is a neglected items in its division. high-priced issue. But the professionals, while admitting it, are in candidates is solidly-based. With no mood to challenge the issue's the public not concerned with oil ability to attract followers at situations, other oil companies asm even in cases like Genesco higher and higher prices. Hence, filled the void. Honolulu Oil was where the company has been the short selling lists. The issue til it proposed to sell its assets for basic shoe one. As long as two has paid 25% or better in stock more than the equivalent of \$100 years ago the company itself deeach year with the exceptions of years, in addition to improving its

last year ranged from a 407 low 3-for-2 stock split.

Since that stock payment in May, the new shares already had target for a sellout. carved out a range of 130 points from the low of 447 posted since the splitup. By comparison, of Texas Instruments and Zenith swings for the year. The supposedly volatile shares of du Pont came close a couple of times but have yet to carve out a hundred a long time before that either.

Some Action in Oils

one. There has been a bit more stirring in the section lately, and growing generator of sales. notably Amerada and Plymouth Oil which automatically become classified as merger candidates over the future business of the that perked up other oils, including Honolulu and Argo.

In the immediate post-War II Amerada was both the panies and the public, and it did its share of stock splitting in 1946 1951 and 1955. In the process, the equivalent value of the shares jumped six-fold. They topped out divergent fields ranging from auto at 147 in 1957, fell from favor in parts to electronics and real International Business Ma- a rush and could have been estate development-all within

At the 1957 peak the shares showed a yield of a token 11/3 % and the price-earning ratio of some 35 times was, for that era, prospect now of new peaks in earnings, and a yield of an aboveaverage 4%, before it started to take off in the last few sessions, Amerada was one of the definitely

The pinpoint interest in merger the public not concerned with oil it seldom shows importantly on showing a dreary trading life un- busily adding new lines to its a share. That was double where cided it was sufficiently diver-1955 and 1958 for the last seven the shares had been lolling before sified to change its name from the negotiations started. Oil, which sold in the mid-20's, About the only debate that raced above 60 when two other rages over I.B.M. is how far in oil companies started to eye its advance the present price tag is properties and while no figures going to discount the future. The are being bandied about yet, the sales. And the expansions have yearly gyrations are distinctly out stock market obviously saw room succeeded in quadrupling total to a high of 600, ending the year Oil, which has yet to make any close to the peak. They raced announcement, became something ahead to 733 this year before a of a regular on the new highs lists when the rumor mills de-cided it would be a third such

Unwarranted Skepticism?

Apart from the oils, the auto the standard items around, only supply firms are another section where skepticism apparently is stand out with hundred point high. Borg Warner, selling at a reasonable price/earnings ratio, anticipating a good pickup in business next year and offering a yield of better than 4%, could be point range for any year since an illustration. Apart from its they were last split in 1949, or for auto business—and Borg Warner auto business-and Borg Warner has not been lacking on new developments in this field-it has been diversifying to where two-

and defense work with a good sprinkling of electronics.

The appliance business of Borg Warner is an expanding one, including a revolutionary coin-operated dry-cleaning machine introduced early this year, and a revolutionary refrigerator which is starting to win acceptance. Its chemical division has been making progress in expanding use of an unique new plastic, with the new uses making it an important But investment regard for Borg Warner is still subdued by doubts since that has been the attraction auto makers and its role in that picture. Industry forecasts are for a good auto year in 1962 which would do that much more J. J. Kenny Co., 30 Broad Street, to enhance the picture for Borg

> Kern County Land, which is widely regarded as muchly an oil and land operation, actually has been diversifying into some oddly the last three years. All this has expanded the company's sales sharply although earnings have improved only moderately. measure of the neglect centering on the shares of Kern County is the fact that their indicated yield runs around 33/4% in a situation where the wide diversification could make some startling changes in the company in the

New Status Ignored

Shoe stocks are also ones that have whipped up little enthusi-Argo General Shoe to the present one.

At present the apparel lines that have been added recently have built up to a level where they provide about half of total of the ordinary. The old shares for far more than the going price sales in the last decade. As in so of the shares earlier. Plymouth many of these expansion-minded operations, per share earnings have not kept pace with the vastly expanded sales because of the added shares needed for acquisitions as well as because of the time lag in consolidating and integrating the new lines.

That Genesco might be poised to make the important turn to better profits might have been hinted by the upswing in recent ardson. Officers are Clyde Guy, to the borrower. reports which sufficiently encouraged the management to predict year that ends in mid-1962. The vice president; and Casimer S. 1.50% to 3.90%, according to marecord earnings for the fiscal

esco that have built it into the world's largest maker of apparel Nat'l Shawmut and footwear seem to have slipped undetected past the general public. The shares have yet to carve out a 10-point range for BOSTON, Mass. - A Municipal about 4% is distinctly generous.

The views expressed in this article do not necessarily at any time coincide with those of the "Chronicle." They are presented as those of the author only.]

Kenny Installs Teletype Net

New York City, brokers in mu-nicipal bonds, have announced the installation of a teletype network to a large number of municipal bond dealers in the Metropolitan area enabling the Kenny organization to provide details on bonds for bids to all of these dealers simultaneously.

Jack Kenny, head of the firm, explained that the average block of municipal bonds offered for bids by his organization are submitted by telephone to as many as one hundred and fifty dealers, while small lots of 10 or 25 bonds were offered the same way to as many as 50 dealers.

"We feel that this new teletype method of simultaneous offerings of the bonds will prove an invaluable supplement to our up the entire operation," Mr. Kenny stated.

the historical development of the secondary municipal bond market," Mr. Kenny declared. \$48 Million "which accurately speeds the purchase and sale of bonds is New York State destined to have a beneficial effect upon the entire municipal Bonds Offered bond market."

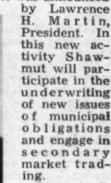
hundred and thirty dealers in New York City.

Securities Management

chairman; Woodrow W. Yarborough, president; Raynard Makin, bonds are scaled to yield from new and varied activities of Gen- Apolinski, secretary-treasurer.

Opens Mun. Dept.

all of this year and the yield of Bond Department has been established by the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, it was announced



F. P. Magoun, III

Francis P. Magoun, III, for the past

seven years engaged in municipal underwriting with John Nuveen & Co., Inc., of New York, has been named manager of the department. A graduate of Harvard College, class of 1950, Mr. Magoun was with the municipal department of Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston from 1951 to 1954, prior to assuming the position of trader with John Nuveen.

The new department has been established within the financial control division of Shawmut and will operate under the general supervision of John K. Benson, Senior Vice-President. The acpresent system by bringing more tivities of this newly-created bids and substantially speeding department will supplement the services Shawmut is now offering to municipalities through deposit "This new system is looked accounts, certification of bond isupon as a major breakthrough in sues and the purchase of shortterm tax anticipation notes.

The Kenny organization, is An underwriting group managed staffed by 12 traders and main- by the Chase Manhattan Bank tains direct lines to about one purchased on Oct. 16 an issue cf \$48,616,000 State of New York housing, park and recreation bonds, due Nov. 1, 1962 to ROSWELL, N. Mex.-Securities 2011, inclusive. The group bid Management Company, Inc. is en- 100.029999 for the bonds as 4s, gaging in a securities business 31/2s, 31/4s, 3.30s, 3.40s and 2s, setfrom offices at 306 North Rich- ting a net interest cost of 3.17419%

> On reoffering to the public, the turity.

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities. The group that is still the dis- thirds of its sales come from ap-The offer is made only by means of the Offering Circular. appointment of the year, particu- pliances, chemicals and aircraft

NEW ISSUE

October 16, 1961

99,990 Shares

U. S. DIELECTRIC INC.

(a Delaware Corporation)

Common Stock (Par Value \$.10 per Share)

Price \$3 per Share

Copies of the Offering Circular may be obtained from the undersigned in any State in which the undersigned may legally offer these shares in compliance with the securities laws of such State.

MALTZ, GREENWALD & CO.

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any of these securities. The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

100,000 Shares

Robins Industries Corp.

Common Stock (Par Value \$.10 Per Share)

Price \$2.50 Per Share

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from the undersigned.

CARROLL CO. 150 Broadway, New York 38

October 17, 1961

NEWS ABOUT BANKS AND BANKERS

Consolidations . New Branches . New Offices, etc. . Revised Capitalizations

President of Manufacturers Han- the Currency to merge F.rst Na- the close of business on Oct. 20. over Trust Company, New York tional Bank in Highland Falls, died Oct. 13.

merger of Manufacturers Trust keepsie, N. Y. (assets \$66,000,000), Company and The Hanover Bank under the name of Marine Midon Sept. 8 last, Mr. Casko had been Vice-President in charge of ern New York, has been received the Personal Loan Department of by officials of both banks. It is Manufacturers Trust Company, expected that the banks will New York. Coincident with the merge early in November. merger, he was appointed a Senior Vice-President of Manufacturers Hanover.

Mr. Casko began his banking career with the old Chaiham-Phenix National Bank and Trust Company, New York in 1925 as a messenger, and came to Manufacturers Trust Company through the merger of that bank in 1932. He became a chief clerk in 1935. and a branch supervisor in 1938. In 1945 he was advanced to Assistant Comptroller and in 1953 was appointed an Assistant Vice-President and assigned to the Personal Loan Department. In February, 1954, he was appointed a Vice-President.

Lee S. Bickmore, has been named a Director of Bankers Trust Company, New York, it was announced Oct. 19, by William H. Moore, Chairman.

Robert T. Snyder, Vice-President in charge of Chemical Bank New York Trust Company's Times Square Office, has been promoted regional Vice-President in charge of 21 of the bank's offices in Upper Manhattan, the Bronx Westchester, it was announced by Chairman Harold H. Helm. Mr. Snyder succeeds the late William A. Frey.

Clifford J. Sinton has been elected Treasurer of Commercial Bank of North America, New York it was announced by Jacob Leichtman, President.

Mr. Sinton was formerly Assistant Treasurer, a post held since he joined the Bank in 1956. Prior, he was associated for 15 years with Sterling National Bank and Trust Co., New York.

The appointment of Alexander L. Kyman as Assistant Vice-President at the main office of Sterling National Bank & Trust Company of New York was announced Oct. 16 by Joseph Pulvermacher, President.

Mr. Kyman, formerly was with The Chase Manhattan Bank, New

UNDERWRITERS TRUST COMPANY,

NEW	YORK	
	Sep. 27, '61	June 30, '61
Total resources	\$55,277,954	\$59,053,293
DepositsCash and due from	50,852,343	53,073,937
banks U. S. Government	6,262,355	9,154,706
security holdings	20,082,740	20,471,084
Loans & discounts	24,977,442	25,696,080
Undivided profits_	1,041,640	1,004,380
and the same of th	alle de	

	- Total - 7		-		
THE	FRANKLI	N NA	TION	AL BA	NK OF
LONG	ISLAND				
		Se	p. 30,	'61 Jun	ie 30, '61
			5		8

		5	. 8
	Total resources	842,663,603	790.569,217
	Deposits	762,297,610	710,959,712
	banks U. S. Government	74,216,634	79,686,967
W	security holdings	153,841,394	138.405.672
	Loans & discounts	486,097,334	468,463,966
	Undivided profits_		9,845,770

Promotions of George Barrie National Bank of Long Island, ings Bank, Lynchburg, Va., into (2) On the effective date of the and of Harry W. Melsha to As- The Lynchburg National Bank above, The Howard Corporation sistant Comptroller, were an-va., under the charter and title for the benefit of Republic's

Stephen F. Casko, a Senior Vice- Approval of the Comptroller of N. Y. (assets \$15,000,000) into the H. For several years prior to the First National Bank of Pough- Executive Vice-President and a iand National Bank of Southeast-

Stockholders of both banks will vote on the merger at special meetings on Oct. 27, 1961. Stockholders of First National Bank in Highland Falls will receive 67,650 shares of Marine Midland Corporation common stock. Marine Midland National Bank of Southeastern New York will then issue 13,800 additional shares of its common stock to Marine Midland Corporation.

The present Board of Directors of First National Bank in Highland Falls will constitute an Advisory Board to the Highland Falls office. The present direc-Poughkeepsie, augmented by now President, and Mr. George S. new stock effective Sept. Nichols, now Executive Vice-President of First National Bank 900,000 shares, par value \$10.) in Highland Falls, will constitute the new Board of Directors of the On Oct. 5 the Comptroller ap- The office of the Comptroller of merged bank.

Marine Midland National Bank of Southeastern New York will have total assets exceeding \$80,-000,000.

The First National Bank of Groton, Groton, New York increased its common capital stock from \$100,000 to \$200,000 by a stock dividend effective Oct. 3. On Oct. 6, the Comptroller ap-2,000 shares, par value \$100).

The "Industrial National Bank of Providence," Providence, R. I. changed its title to the "Industrial National Bank of Rhode Island" effective Oct. 2.

The First National Bank of New Kensington, New Kensington, Pa., with common stock of \$375,000, has gone into voluntary liquidation by a resolution of its shareholders dated Sept. 26, effective Sept. 30. The Bank was absorbed by the Pittsburgh National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Williamsburg, Williamsburg, Pa., Dallas, Texas on Oct. 10 an- van Vice-Presidents. with common stock of \$50,000, has nounced plans for issuance of a gone into voluntary liquidation stock dividend of 80,465 shares; Edmund W. Littlefield, has been dated Sept. 26, effective Sept. 29. of the Bank from \$105,000,000 to Hollidaysburg Hollidaysburg, Pa.

The Smethport National Bank, Smethport, Pa., with common Bank on Oct. 10 adopted resoluvoluntary liquidation by a resolution of its shareholders dated to vote on the proposed increase, Aug. 4, effective Sept. 30, the to be accomplished as follows: Bank was absorbed by the Producers Bank and Trust Company, Bank's \$12 par value stock, ag-Bradford, Pa.

H. Ellsworth Miller, has been elected an Advisory Director of Baltimore National Bank, Baltimore, Md.

from Assistant Comptroller to On Oct 5 the Comptroller approved an application to merge and also increase the total number Deputy Comptroller of Security The Commercial Trust and Sav- of shares outstanding to 4,103,789.

On Oct. 6 the Comptroller ap-Company of Hamilton, Hamilton, Ohio, to purchase the assets and assume the liabilities of The Oxford National Bank, Oxford, Ohio.

The effective date is to be as of

Andrews Hays was elected Director of the American Bank & Trust Co., Lansing, Mich.

Anton Burkhartsmeier, Assistant Vice-President, has been elected Vice-President of First National Bank in St. Louis, Mo.

Charles M. Hennemeyer, Executive Vice-President of the Southwest Bank, St. Louis, Mo., was elected a director.

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK ASHLAND, KY.

Total resources Deposits	Sept. 27,'61 \$33,161,737 29,832,817	Dec. 31,'60 \$31,657,837 28,534,051
Cash and due from banks U. S. Government	7,675,635	6,459,212
security holdings Loans & discounts	9,125,023 12,596,222	9,256,098 12,420,854
Undivided profits	502,436	346,226

tors of the First National Bank of phis, Memphis, Tenn., increased First National Bank of Marshall, its common capital stock from General Chauncey L. Fenton, \$7,500,000 to \$9,000,000 by sale of (Number of shares outstanding

> proved an application to merge The First National Bank of Marion, Marion, N. C., into the Carolina, Charlotte, N. C. under the charter and title of "First Union National Bank of North Carolina." The effective date was as of the close of business Oct. 13.

Number of shares outstanding proved an application to merge The Bank of Florence, Florence, South Carolina, into The Citizens and Southern National Bank of South Carolina, Charleston, Sou h Carolina, under the charter and title of "The Citizens and Southern National Bank of South Caro- shares, par value \$10.) lina." The effective date was as of the close of business on Oct. 14.

> George G. Fleig and Cecil L. Schultz, Jr., both employed in the office of the New York representative of the Bond Department of the Trust Company of Georgia. Atlanta, Ga. have been elected D. Waschak. Assistant Vice-Presidents of the Bank.

The Bank was absorbed by the \$110,000,000; and increasing total Trust Company, capital funds, including undivided profits and reserve for contingencies, to more than \$127,000,000.

The Board of Directors of the stock of \$50,000, has gone into tions calling a special meeting of the Bank's shareholders Nov. 2,

> (1) Additional shares of the gregating 80,466 shares, or 29 of the 4,023,323 shares presently outstanding, will be issued to shareholders of record as of Nov. 2, ratably, and at no cost to them. This would increase capital stock of the Bank to \$49,245,468 from \$48,279,876, or a net of \$965,592,

nounced by George E. Maccaro, of "The Lynchburg National Bank shareholders, will make payment Coast Stock Exchange. He was President.

President.

The Charter and thie bolders, will make payment Coast Stock Exchange. He was president.

The Charter and thie bolders, will make payment Coast Stock Exchange. He was president.

tive date was as of the close of Simultaneously, the surplus acbusiness Oct. 13. Southeastern IBA 754,532 by the transfer of \$4,034,-408 from undivided profits. Upon Group Elects proved the application of The consummation of these proposals. First National Bank and Trust the combined capital and surplus WASHINGTON, D. C.—Glenn E. undivided profits and reserve for was elected Chairman of the contingencies, will be in excess of

Southeastern \$127,000,000.

> The increase in capital stockand the issuance of the stock dividend will be effective upon formal approval of the Comptroller of the Currency.

> Robert B. Cullum, was elected a Director of the Republic National Bank of Dallas, Texas.

> W. W. Overton, Jr., Chairman was elected President to succeed C. B. Peterson, Jr., of the Texas Bank & Trust Co., Dallas, Texas. Taylor Boyd, II, and James C. Schmidt were also elected Vice-Presidents.

By a stock dividend, the com- Ander mon capital stock of The First cers: National Bank of Amarillo, Amarille, Texas, was increased from \$2,000,000 to \$2,500,000 effective Sept. 26. (Number of shares outstanding 250,000 shares, par value \$10.)

The First National Bank of Mem- The common capital stock of The Marshall, Texas, was increased from \$400,000 to \$500,000 by a stock dividend effective Sept. 26. (Number of shares outstanding 50,000 shares, par value \$10.)

the Currency issued a charter on Sept. 29 to the "Cherry Creek National Bank of Denver" Denver, First Union National Pank of North Denver County, Colo. The President is Weldon B. Hamilton and the Cashier Francis H. Smith. The Bank has a capital of \$600,000 and a surplus of \$743,927,02. This is a conversion of the Cherry Creek Bank, Denver, Colo. Effec- ing. tive as of Sept. 29.

> By the sale of new stock the First Nationa Bank in Boulder, Boulder, Colo., increased its common capital stock from \$600,000 to \$700,000 effective Sept. 27. (Number of shares outstanding 70,000

The Bank of California, N. A., San Francisco, Calif., opened its Menlo Park office on Oct. 6, at 716 Santa Cruz Ave.

The new office is under the management of Joseph A. Henske, Jr. Assistant Cashier is Richard

The Crocker-Anglo National Bank, San Francisco, Calif., elected Al-The First National Bank of The Republic National Bank of fred W. Odle and Harold F. Sulli-

by a resolution of its shareholders for increasing capital and surplus elected a Director of the Wells investor, was appointed earlier as, Fargo Bank American Trust Co., San Francisco, Calif., replacing Mark R. Sullivan, who retired.

> Maurice Stans has been elected a Director of the National Bank of Washington, Tacoma, Wash,

Opens Brooklyn Office

BROOKLYN, N. Y .- N. A. Wolf has opened a branch office at 189 Montague Street.

G. A. Pehrson Opens

ESPANOLA, Wash. - Gustav A. Pehrson is conducting a securities business from offices here.

Joins Fairman Staff

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

Fairman & Co., 210 West Seventh

of the Bank will be \$110,000,000, Anderson, President, Carolina Seand total capital funds, including curities Corporation, Raleigh, N.C.



Glenn E. Anderson

Group, Invest-ment Bankers Association of America, an-nounced F. Barton Harvey, Jr., Partner, Alex. Brown & Sons, Baltimore, Md., retiring Chairman of the Group. Election was held at the 41st Annual Meet-

ing of the Group, Oct. 13-15, at The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Elected with Mr. Anderson were the following offi-

Vice - Chairmen - Millard F. West, Jr., Auchincloss, Parker & Redpath, Washington, D. C.; George S. Kemp, Jr., Abbott, Proctor & Paine, Richmond, Va.

Secretary-Treasurer - W. Wallace Lanahan, Jr., Stein Bros. & Eoyce, Baltimore, Md.

Members of the Executive Committee - F. Barton Harvey, Jr., Alex. Brown & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; John C. Hagan, III, Mason-Hagan, Inc., Richmond, Virginia; Thomas L. Anglin, Mackall & Coe, Washington, D. C.; W. Olin Nisbet, Jr., Interstate Securities Corporation, Charlotte, N. C.; LeRoy A. Wilbur, Stein Bros. & Boyce, Baltimore, Md.

Mr. George A. Newton, G. H. Walker & Co., St. Louis, Mo., President of the Investment Bankers Association of America, was the featured speaker at the meet-

Head Fund Drive In Wall Street

Veteran philanthropic leaders Benjamin Einhorn, of Astor and Ross and George H. Heyman, Jr., of Abraham and Co. will head the Wall Street financial district's 1961 maintenance campaign on behalf of Federation of Jewish Philanthropies in New York.

The highlight of the Federation Wall Street Committee's drive will be their annual dinner to be held Monday, Dec. 4, at the Hotel Pierre. Adding to the prominence of the campaign was an announcement that the guest of honor at this year's diner will be J. Tru-Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange.

Joseph L. Mailman, Wall Street over-all maintenance campaign Chairman for the 44th city-wide Federation drive.

Gustave L. Levy, former Federation President and presently a Trustee will be this year's dinner Chairman for the Wall Street Division.

"Alan C. Greenberg and Donald Stone will serve as Associate Chairmen as the financial world looks forward to its greatest success in helping so worthwhile and necessary a cause," the Co-Chairmen agreed.

Those serving as Honorary Dinner Chairmen are: Joseph Klingenstein, Robert Lehman, Andre Meyer and Frederick M. Warburg.

Participating as Honoray Co-LOS ANGELES, Calif. - Sol Chairmen are: Harold L. Bache, Splaver has joined the staff of Benjamin J. Buttenwieser, John A. Coleman, Irving Mitchell Felt, Street, members of the Pacific Henry L. Heming, Bernard J. Coast Stock Exchange. He was Lasker, Jerome Lewine, Salim L. Lewis, Henry A. Loeb, Harold C. Steinbach, Edwin H. Stern and Allen Announces Mayer, Ralph E. Samuel, Milton Jacob C. Stone.

The following are participating members of the Executive Committee: Alexander Abraham, Street, New York City, has an-Bleibtreau, Elmer M. Bloch, Robert B. Bregman, I. W. Burnham II. Paul A. Cohen, Henry A. Cohn, in which Allen & Compa Carl K. Erpf, Albert E. Fagan, S. Marcus Finkle, Robert Fraiman, Thomas W. Frank, Horace W. and Louis A. Green.

Hilson, Stanley R. Jacobs, Harry French-speaking nations of Africa. Company syndicate acquired con- Torem, General Partner of Cou- Mitchum, Jones & Templeton. M. Jacobson, Robert J. Jacobson, John Jakobson, Edgar W. Kann, Irving G. Kaufmann, Frederick A. Klingenstein, Benjamin J. Levy, Herman N. Liberman, Jr., Mark D. Litt, Solomon Litt, Jack C. Louis, Jules Marcus and Clinton O. Mayer, Jr.

Also: Harold C. Mayer, Jr., Arthur J. Neumark, Andrew M. Newburger, Robert L. Newburger, Herbert C. Newman, Max E. Oppenheimer, Edwin Posner, Emil J. Roth, H. Leonard Rothschild, Donald C. Samuel, Arthur D. Schulte, Robert J. Silver, L. Jay Tenenbaum, Clarence E. Unterberg, John Wasserman, S. Robert Weltz, Jr. and Adolph Woolner.

U.S. Dielectric Common Offered

Maltz, Greenwald & Co., New York City, is offering 99,990 common shares of U.S. Dielectric Inc. at \$3 per share.

Net proceeds from the financing will be used by the company for repayment of bank loans; relocat:on and setup of new plant facility; acquisition of machinery, equipment, tools and molds; research and development and working capital.

The company of Leominster, Mass., manufactures plastic (epoxy resins) precision parts and components for the electronic industry. Until recently, principal items produced by the company consisted of epoxy packaging, close tolerance components for antennas used in aircraft radar, and ground radar for the Hawk missile system. The company's packaging devices are used in encapsulating small electronic components, including semi-conductors. The line of standardized devices consists of eleven basic sizes, three of which are now in production and eight of which are in the pre-production stage.

Detroit Bond Club **Elects Officers**

DETROIT, Mich. - The Board of Directors of The Bond Club of Detroit are pleased to announce that for the year of 1961-62 Richard Wallace of Braun, Bosworth & Co. was elected President succeeding Julius Pochelon of Kenower, MacArthur & Co.

Other officers elected were: Vice-President - John Martin of First of Michigan Corp. Secretary-Treasurer - Joseph Ryan of Ryan, Sutherland & Co.

Herbert J. Hunter of Watling, Lerchen & Co. and Price Kimbrough of Shannon & Co. were elected to the Board. Other directors were Julius Pochelon, Ex-Officio, and Thad Obuchowski of Goodbody & Co.

Bache Names Hatch

ALBANY, N. Y .- The appointment of Arnold S. Hatch as associate manager of the Albany, N. Y. office of Bache & Co. was announced by Harold L. Bache, managing partner of the nation-wide investment firm. Matthew M. Benson is manager of the office which is located in the Sheraton-Ten Eyck Hotel.

Link With Klehe

nounced the formation of a new French investment banking firm in which Allen & Company has a

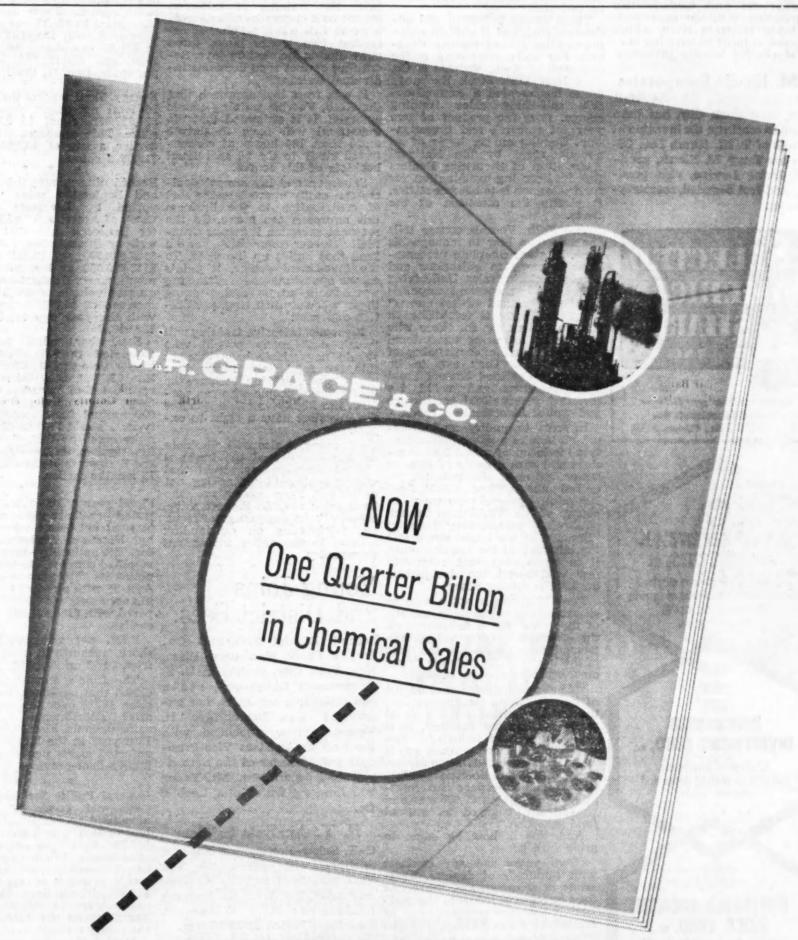
President and Managing Direc- trol of the Banco Immobiliaro dert Freres and Theodore Bentor of the new financial house y Mercantil de Marrueco located nahum, will be Richard Klehe, who is in Tangier. highly regarded in French business and official circles.

in the French financial world for Jr. and Herbert Allen, partners of tinued in the banking business many years, assisted in the or- Allen & Company, and Marvyn until just before World War I ganization of the United Carbon Carton, an executive associate of when it was merged into a larger of France. He is chairman of the the New York firm. The Allens organization. board of El Paso Gas Company of and also Mr. Carton serve on the The new firm, Klehe & Co., France, and has worked closely with executive offices at 31 Quai with Canadian Delhi Oil Com-Goldsmith, Herbert A. Goldstone Anatole France, Paris, will engage pany in that company's North mestic and foreign companies. in a private panking business African Operations. In addition, Resident members of the Board in Others are: Walter W. Hess, with emphasis on situations in the Mr. Klehe recently played an im- Paris along with Mr. Klehe in-Jr., Phillip Hettleman, John S: Common Market area, and in portant role when an Allen & clude among others Charles Street. He was formerly with

The name Klehe is not new to The Board of Directors of the France. A firm of similar name new Company will include from was founded in 1855 in Paris by Mr. Klehe, a prominent figure the United States, Charles Allen, Mr. Klehe's grandfather, and con-

Joins Walston Staff

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) RIVERSIDE, Calif. - Henry F. Keil has become affiliated with Walston & Co., Inc., 3655 Tenth



. . . in ten short years! Today, the world-wide chemical operations of Grace stretch from the United States, Canada and Latin America to Europe, Australia and New Zealand and total 59 plants, seven laboratories and 81 sales offices in 18 countries. * * * For the complete facts and figures behind our standing as one of the na-

tion's top chemical producers, please write for this brochure to our Public Relations Department, 3 Hanover Square, New York 4, N.Y.

GRACE W.R. GRACE & CO. Executive Offices: 7 Hanover Square, New York 5

Bache Inv. Course

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Bache & Co. has announced that as an integral part of its continuing program of offering educational courses on investments, its Brooklyn, N. Y. office located at 2215 Church Avenue, will present an investment course specifically de-signed for women on each of four successive Tuesdays, beginning Oct. 24, at 8 p.m.

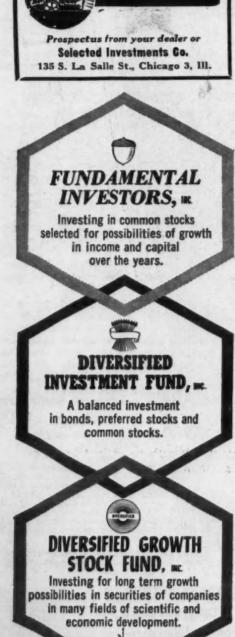
Under the direction of Mrs. Pearl Kaufman, a registered representative, the Bache office will offer women investors an opportunity to acquire a basic understanding of investing in securities.

Background and fundamentals of investing will be explained, and many pointers given which can prove helpful in selecting correct stocks for women investors.

T. M. Kirsch Incorporates

T. M. Kirsch Co., Inc., 54 Wall Street, New York City, has been formed to continue the investment business of T. M. Kirsch Inc. Officers are Terry M. Kirsch, president; Irving Levine, vice president; and Joel Mandell, secretarytreasurer.







Hugh W. Long and Company Westminster at Parker . Elizabeth, New Jersey

MUTUAL FUNDS The Funds Report for the six months ended Sept. 30 net income of \$132,697, or 66 cents

BY JOSEPH C. POTTER

Attacking, Not Defending

temporaries.

Their lament is human and unapproach of Kalb, Voorhis & Co. That New York Stock Exchange dividual training. house has created a comprehenyears of research and investiga-Association of Securities Dealers booklets of this course. that its licensing examination for it merits the attention of the

The Kalb, Voorhis course tells all of this is a constant emphasis on the "legal and ethical means" of proceeding. It establishes a unique designation for those who succeed in acquiring exceptional knowledge and understanding of the business. They are to be known as Certified Mutual Fund Representatives and will be awarded personalized certificates and wallet identification cards.

In order to qualify, an individual must take a special examination made up of about 300 questions and earn a grade of 80% or better. He must also pass all required examinations as well. Ferd Nauheim, general partner in charge of the Washington branch of Kalb, Voorhis, says frankly: Because of the broad scope and the intricacy of the requirements, it is anticipated that relatively few will merit the designation during the coming year."

Ferd Nauheim is not a man to sit around moaning about the ills 2nd District Secs. of the trade. He is familiar with the oft-made charge that poorly- Second District Securities Co., trained sales people are the bane of the business. He puts his finger on the problem when he says:

the mutual fund industry. You women are engaged as mutual fund salesmen."

And this is how he came to grips with it:

It is easy enough these days to ... training that encompassed far sympathize with conscientious, more than what a mutual fund is, hard-working folks in the mutual but training that enabled the fund field who feel they must de- trainee to be conversant with the fend themselves against charges of securities industry as a whole, engaging incompetents to handle with the meaning of true finansales. These people invariably cial planning, with his great oblicomplain that they are bearing gation to tell his story honestly, the onus for the sins of a few con- ethically and clearly. In most cases the training of salesmen cannot be a classroom task. A man derstandable, but it will do noth- is hired this week, another is reing to alter an unfortunate situa- cruited two weeks later, three tion. Far more rewarding is the more during the next 60 days. Recruiting of that type demands in-

> It was from that approach that Energy Fund reports that at Sept. trated study to the 30 individual \$19.65 a share.

Salesmen and investment deal- Record nine-month, third-quarter fund salesmen is to become stiffer, crs can easily appreciate the sort and September sales were reof contribution to the business ported by Investors Planning this approach can make. To the seasonal salesman it means even- ter Benedick said 1961 business the salesman how to manage his tually sterner competition, yet the time. It gives complete presenta- kind that builds up the field. To \$127,588,000, up 12.3% from the tions, answers to objections and the investment dealer, it points \$113,600,000 at last year's ninemeans of closing sales. Underlying up the opportunities for attracting month mark. He disclosed a thirdtive expenses.

Rigorous, intensive training will wash out" many people who should never have been brought into the fund field in the first place. It will develop, in time, the kind of sales people who can perform the highly valuable services the investors have a right to ex-

Of course, it also will eliminate the need to defend the business against its attackers. And that will be achieved by attacking, not defending. Fund executives who have gone over to the offensive, especially on the personnel front, are performing an outstanding service to the entire investment community.

Young Joins

Inc., 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza, New York City, dealers in U.S. "If ever an industry vaulted out Government Obligations, state of its crib, flung its diapers into and municipal securities, has an-risen 162% over the past decade, the corner, pulled on a pair of nounced that Bracebridge H. after adjustments for capital pants and started running, it is Young is now associated with gains payouts. Fiscal 1961 was the have seen it. Twenty years ago it the firm as Assistant Vice-Presiwas a half-billion-dollar business. dent and Manager of the munici- higher-than-previous levels. Today it is approximately \$20 bil- pal bond department. Mr. Young lion . . . and the pace is acceler-ating. Today about 65,000 men and

N. Y. Analysts to Hear

G. T. Baker, President of National "Two years ago our contacts Airlines, will address the New with hundreds of dealers, thou- York Society of Security Analysts rights offering of approximately sands of salesmen and dozens of fund executives led us to the realization that the greatest need of headquarters at 15 William St. the industry was training in depth Luncheon begins at 12:30 p.m.

Affiliated Fund A Common Stock Investment Fund An investment company seeking for its shareholders possibilities of long-term growth of capital and a reasonable current income. Prospectus upon request LORD, ABBETT & CO. New York - Atlanta - Chicago - Los Angeles - San Francisco

Chemical Fund, Inc., reported increases in total assets and per share value for the quarter ended Sept. 30. Total net assets equaled \$302,014,044 on Sept. 30, compared with \$297,769,781 reported on June 30, and \$249,243,345 on Sept. 30 a year ago. Net asset value per share was \$12.40 on Sept. 30, 1961, compared with \$12.26 a share on June 30 and \$10.54 a share on Sept. 30, 1960.

Inc., as of Sept. 30, were at the highest level in the fund's history at \$44,102,143, according to the interim report. These assets were equivalent to \$25.17 per share and compared with \$35,778,926, equal to \$20.93 per share, at Sept. 30, 1960, and \$38,152,745, or \$22.32 per share, Dec. 31, 1960.

sive self-study sales training the Kalb, Voorhis training course 30 total net assets amounted to course. It is the product of two emerged. It is estimated that the \$24,327,062, equal to \$22.77 per individual will have to devote share. This compares with yeartion. Coming on the heels of an more than 100 hours of concen-announcement by the National trated study to the 30 individual \$19.65 a share.

> Corp. of America. President Walwritten through Sept. 30 totaled with the year ago total of \$30,-798,000.

> September sales, amounted to \$11,733,000, 17.3% higher than the \$10,003,000 of the like 1960 month. Mr. Benedick reported that Investors Planning Corp. is now servicing some 160,-000 mutual fund accounts of all types. He said 126,883 of these are represented by I. P. C.-sponsored fund systematic investment plans, 23.5% more than the 102,782 total 12 months earlier.

Fiscal year gains of 21.5% in adjusted per-share value and 34.9% in total net assets were reported Financial Industrial Fund, Inc. The nationally-distributed diversified common stock fund completed its 26th year of operations Aug. 31 with a record period-ending net assets of \$243,436,611, compared with \$180,421,994 12 months

F.I.F. net asset value pershare, meanwhile, rose to \$4.90 from \$4.13 on Aug. 31, 1960.

The fund's annual report disclosed that per-share values have 13th year in the last 20 in which adjusted assets per share rose to

amounted to \$81,735,664, equivalent to \$6.90 per share on the 11,-843,384 shares of common stock outstanding. These assets include net proceeds from the recent \$23,895,000. On Sept. 30, 1960, net assets were \$48,077,492, or \$6.27 per share on the 7,666,576 shares then outstanding.

During the third quarter of this year initial investments included Beckman Instruments, Electronic Communications, Monsanto Chemical, National Cash Register and Western Union Telegraph. Increased holdings included Halliburton, Hooker Chemical, Texas Gas Transmission and S. D. War-

Individual and institutional investor purchases of \$20,366,922 in the first nine months of this year. an increase of 31%, were reported by Group Securities, Inc.

Insuranshares Certificates reports

per share. This compares with net of \$122,388, or 60 cents a share. in the year-ago period. At latest report insurance stocks comprised nearly 98% of assets, against 95.4% on Sept. 30, 1960.

Lazard Fund reports net assets of \$123,911,265, or \$17.44 a share, on Sept. 30. A year earlier assets totaled \$119,855,434, or \$14.71 per share. Capital gains on securities during the first nine months of Net assets of Dominick Fund, this year resulted in a net gain of \$9,375,683, equal to \$1.32 a share. This compares with \$3,886,-193 and 48 cents per share in the like period of last year.

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Directors of Loomis-Sayles Mutual Fund declared a capital gain dividend of 62 cents per share, payable Oct. 26, to stock of record Oct. 10. Directors also declared a year-end income dividend of 10 cents making total of 42 cents paid from investment income during 1961.

B. C. Morton Fund reported a third-quarter gain of 9.9% in the per-share value of its Insurance Series, raising to 43.3% the adjusted gain for the nine months since the fund's investment management and distribution were assumed by the B. C. Morton Organization.

According to President Bernard worthwhile people and training quarter volume of \$35,575,000, an Carver, the Insurance Series had them without incurring prohibi- increase of 15.5% in comparison a net asset value per share of increase of 15.5% in comparison a net asset value per share of



Report

for the nine months ended September 30, 1961

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\$15.70 at last month's close, com-\$10.97 on Dec. 31.

justed per-share value of the B. C. Morton Growth Series was up 18.9% from the \$12.17 nine months earlier. On June 30, the per-share figure came to \$14.38.

Net assets per share of the fund's Income Series amounted to \$8.24 at the end of the third quarter, as against \$8.39 on June 30 and \$7.72 on Dec. 31.

The number of shareholders of National Investors Corp., the growth stock mutual fund of the Broad Street Group, topped the 100,000 mark for the first time during the third quarter of 1961. At Sept. 30, shareholders totaled 102,137, which was 63% more than the 62,626 reported 12 months earlier, according to Fred E. Brown, president. Their number has multiplied about three and a half times in the two years since Sept. 30, 1959, he said.

Growth in the number of investors acquiring the corporation's shares through voluntary and contractual investment plans was even more dramatic, Mr. Brown reported. Such plans, which enable a shareholder to invest on a regular or periodic basis, numbered 84,162 at the end of the third quarter, nearly twice as many as 12 months earlier, and an increase of 69,658 in two years. This means that eight out of 10 shareholders are now plan in-

that Richard D. Kirkpatrick has joined their organization as vicepresident. Mr. Kirkpatrick was previously a vice-president of Puritan Fund, Inc., and had been associated with Fidelity Management & Research Co. since 1955. Prior to that he was with Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., Boston.

Tri-Centinental Corp. reports record high assets of \$480,326,172 as ately greets the eye. When you of Sept. 30. This represents a gain select a present for a relative or of \$16,468,477 from the prior a friend, you actually begin an quarter and \$67,944,559 above the individual business cycle. Not only \$412.381,613 reported at the close do you give pleasure to the person of 1960. Share asset value at the receiving the gift, but you give end of September was \$57.27, material help to the retailer, procompared with \$49.15 on Dec. 31, 1960.

CORRECTION

Oct. 12 it was reported that General American Investors Co., Inc. had bought shares of Security Insurance Co. of New York. The correct name is Security Insurance Co. of New Haven.

R. E. Lidster Opens

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) WHITTIER, Calif.—Ralph E. Lidster is engaging in a securities business from offices at 16262 East Whittier Boulevard. He was formerly with Haas, Lidster & Co.

Multi Planning Corp.

HICKSVILLE, N. Y.-Multi-Planning Corporation has been formed with offices at 15 Village Road to engage in a securities business. Officers are Irving Frankel, president and treasurer, and Carl Katz, vice president and secretary.

CKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Cunningham, Andres & Company Inc. has been formed with offices in the Petroleum Club Building to engage in a securities business. Officers are Raymond C. Cuntreat of Business, Inflation, Retail ningham II, president; Paul A. Trade, Wages, Employment, Poli-Andres, vice-president; and Ray- tics, and the Stock Market. From mond C. Cunningham, secretary- what I see now, this Forecast should indicate a Merry Christtreasurer. Raymond C. Cunning- mas for you. ham II was formerly proprietor of All sections of the country, of Cunningham & Company.

pared to \$14.29 on June 30 and Christmas Buying Is More \$10.97 on Dec. 31. At \$14.42 on Sept. 30, the ad-sted per-share value of the B. C. Than A Business Barometer

By Roger W. Babson

Mr. Babson endorses both the spirit and the business engendered by Christmas. He envisions a good Christmas business season this year and adds too much concern about the future could hurt general trade.

Christmas business-whether we which nave suffered damage and eral trade. Manufacturers may Arthur Meyers and Mortimer M. are clerks, storekeepers, manufac- lost homes from hurricanes and ask, "If this fallout is coming, Drucker. Mr. Drucker was forturers, or consumers.

Christmas Trade as a Business Gauge

The feelings of the nation are usually revealed in the volume and the temper of Christmas buying. A number of years ago I was of the opinion that statistics dictated the nation's business, particularly as regards credit available and workers' wages. But now I have come to realize that business is ruled not only by figures, but also very much by feelings. It is encouraging to note at this time that an impartial study of the probabilities for 1961 Christmas business indicates that people throughout the country are feeling good.

Even at a time when the world situation is dark, our people seem ready to honor Christmas in traditionally happy style. Let us all do whatever we can to encourage this attitude. Let us make gifts to those in need. Let us keep in John P. Chase, Inc., the interna- mind what joy and happiness we tional investment counsel firm can bring to others, instead of and investment advisers to Share- what profits the gifts may bring holders' Trust of Boston and The to us. To help guide my footsteps Chase Fund of Boston, announced in this direction I have erected a sign near the Great Babson Globe (the largest revolving Globe in the world) that reads: "FOR WHAT IS A MAN PROF-ITED, IF HE SHALL GAIN THE WHOLE WORLD AND LOSE HIS OWN SOUL?

Purchasing Supports Employment

There is, of course, more to Christmas buying than immedividing him with cash that he recuires to conduct his important distributing operations. Remember, too, that your money not only In the Mutual Fund column of gives him his small profit (a few cents out of your dollar), but it also moves along in part to the producer, the clerks, the landlord, the advertising outlets, and others directly or indirectly involved.

> Of special significance is the fact that the storekeeper's payment to the manufacturer permits him to employ more people. The manufacturer's workers tend to spend their wages at the store, thus completing the all-important cycle. When the cycle described works smoothly, the entire nation enjoys prosperous times. If the cycle breaks down at any point, business and employment decline (they are two barometers that always move together). Then, unless something is done to repair the break, we are likely to slide into a depression.

Holiday Buying, 1961

All signs thus far point to a good Christmas buying season for Form Cunningham, Andres 1961, even though it is always possible for some last-minute occurrence to change the outlook. Readers will get my detailed "Outlook for 1962" in this paper the last week of December. It will

course, will not be equally happy

There are many reasons why we this Christmas. The thousands of should be greatly interested in families in Texas and other areas along these lines could hurt gen- a securities business. Partners are get their losses. On the other And workers may give more Hasday.

hand, states which have been thought to the problem of find-drought-ridden are rejoicing over ing shelter than to doing their such as weather, floods, epidemics, day Season. threat of war, etc.

Building Shelters

out shelters poses another ques-

recent rains. The weather could jobs or spending their Christmas still be a big factor in this year's bonuses. Worry about the future Christmas buying. In fact, we are could conceivably have a darkeninclined not to attach enough im- ing effect on the outlook for reportance to ungovernable forces tail trade this approaching Holi-

Form Meyers & Drucker

The present rush to build fall- Meyers and Drucker has been formed with offices at 350 Broadtion for business. Too much talk way, New York City to engage in floods cannot be expected to for- why work so hard? Why bother?" merly a partner in Drucker and



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Lambourne Joins Ins. Securities

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif. - Richard W. Lambourne, Investment Counsel for the Ford Foundation with headquarters in New York

City, has been elected Vice-President of Insurance Securities Incorporated, 100 California St., it was announced by Leland M. Kaiser, President of the company. Insurance Securities Incorporated manages the Insurance



R. W. Lambourne

Securities Trust Fund with home office in

San Francisco. From 1956 to 1960 Mr. Lambourne served as Treasurer of the Ford Foundation. He is no stranger either to the investment field or to California. He was President in 1952-53 of the National Federation of Financial Analysts Societies and served on the Board of Directors from 1949 to 1956. He is a member of the New York Society of Security Analysts and the Security Analysts of San Francisco. of which he was President in 1950. He is a native of Salt Lake City and a graduate of the University of Utah and the Harvard Graduate School of Business

He has served as a member of the faculty of the Stanford Uni-versity Graduate School of Business, and is well known as a writer and lecturer on investments and financial research. He is a director of Argonaut Insurance Co. of

Administration.

Mr. Lambourne will begin his new duties at once, according to Mr. Kaiser, and will work closely with him on future plans for the

Fellows, Washington Mgr. for duPont Co.

WASHINGTON, D. C. - George W. Fellows has been appointed Manager of the Washington, D. C. office of Francis I. duPont & Co., Wyatt Building, it has been announced.

Mr. Fellows had previously been the Assistant Manager of the firm's Philadelphia office.

> Third Quarter Statistics

10 N. Y. CITY BANK STOCKS

Bulletin on Request

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BANK AND INSURANCE STOCKS

This Week — Insurance Stocks

AETNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Aetna Life Insurance Company is one of the oldest insurers in this country. The company is actually an outgrowth of the Aetna (Fire) Insurance Co. whose first charter was granted in 1819 in the state of Connecticut. In 1820, the charter was revised to include the writing of life insurance, and in May, 1853, the life insurance company was established as a separate corporation under its present title. There has been no connection with the Aetna Insurance Co. since that date.

Today, Aetna Life ranks as the second largest multiple line insurance organization. Its premium volume is exceeded only by the Travelers Insurance group. Aetna Life is a major factor in the fire and casualty field through its ownership of 62% of the stock of Aetna Casualty and Surety Co., which is the fourth largest fire and casualty company as measured by total assets and sixth largest as measured by premiums written. Aetna Casualty, in turn, owns virtually the entire stock of Standard Fire Insurance Co. The group is licensed to write insurance in all states and Canada. During 1960, Aetna Life strengthened its Canadian operation by the acquisition of a controlling interest in Excelsior Life Insurance Co. of Toronto.

Underwriting facilities for virtually all types of insurance are provided by Aetna Life and its affiliates. The parent company operates primarily through the general agency set-up with three-quarters of sales derived from this source. The remaining onequarter of sales is obtained from branch managers. Aetna Casualty utilizes the branch office system, rarely used in fire and casualty underwriting, to obtain over 90% of its premium volume. This method permits close supervision of operations and has been very beneficial to the company. In addition, the casualty offices are provided with life insurance facilities, and the life agent in turn, may write fire and casualty lines. Thus the company's 25,0.0 agents are in an advantageous competitive position in being able to offer complete insurance coverages as the trend to package policies and "one-stop" buying continues in insurance purchasing.

Aetna Life's 1960 premiums written of \$793.7 million were cbtained from all the principal forms of life insurance, annuities, and accident and health coverages, with the exception of industrial life lines. The company ranks as the largest stock life insurance organization in the United States as measured by total assets, and is second to Travelers in insurance in force. Both participating and non-participating life coverages are written. At year-end 1960, 5.5% of the insurance in force was participating. The participating department is separated from the regular operations by the company charter and the participating earnings do not flow through to the stockholders. The company's life insurance in force has more than doubled since 1952 with most of the gain obtained in group insurance. Reported earnings from life insurance operations have remained fairly static in recent years as sharply higher taxes and rising operating expenses have offset the gains resulting from increased premium volume.

Aetna Life operates the largest stock accident and health business in the country. A & H volume, which is almost entirely group coverages, an ounted to \$352.9 million in 1960. This is the largest single line written by the company, amounting to 54% of the parent's volume and 30% of consolidated premium writings. Group accident and health is highly competitive and generally afforcs only a modest profit margin. Many companies have lost heavily in this field in recent years as medical and hospital costs have seared; however, Aetna Life's A & H operations have been consistently profitable.

Aetna Casualty has established an outstanding record of growth and profitability in the fire and casualty industry. Premium volume has doubled since 1953 and amounted to \$381.6 million last year. Despite the fact that automobile lines have been the most important single source of premium volume, amounting to 42% of fire and casualty writings in 1960, the company has consistently reported one of the best underwriting profit margins among the major factors in the industry. Only in 1957 was an underwriting loss experienced; and even in that year, the combined loss and expense ratio of 101.2% compared favorably with the industry average of 102.9%.

Selected Statistics-Growth and Underwriting Results

Year	Premiums Written*		Capital Funds (in millions)	Life Individual	droup	Force Total
1956	\$ 845.0	\$3,070	\$260.5	\$3,835	\$14.802	\$18.637
1957	940.7	3,275	276.8	4,025	16,768	20,793
1958	1,008.3	3,551	322.8	4,175	17,318	21,493
1959	1,071.7	3,801	344.3	4,417	18,535	22,952
1960	1,175.3	4,031	355.5	4,639	19,662	24,331
* Combined	total of	parent plus i	ts affiliates.			

Year	Approx. Price Range	Reported Earnings	Adjusted Earnings†	Book Value	D'dend
		(per sh	are)		The second of
1956	\$ 82 - 58	\$3.61	\$6.22	\$28.88	\$1.28
1957	80 - 58	3.56	6.00	30.75	1.28
1958	91 - 64	3.50	5.31	35.75	1.28
1959	114 - 79	3.62	6.06	38.99	1.40
1960	97 - 75	3.85	6.54	40 23	1 40

includes equities in unearned premium reserve and increase in life insurance

Aetoa Life's total assets of stightly in excess of \$4 billion were divided at year-end 1960 as follows: bonds-54.8%; stock-6.7%; mortgages-31.6%; and miscellaneous-6.9%. The company is in excellent financial condition with more than adequate reserve strength. Assets are conservatively invested with a lower than average percentage invested in mortgages with a corresponding higher proportion of assets in bonds. Slightly less than one-

half of the total bonds are represented by public utility securities. Due to its conservatism, the company's return on invested assets is slightly below the industry average at 3.78% before taxes in 1960, but has increased in each year of the past decade.

Aetna Life increased its estimated adjusted operating earnings from \$6.06 in 1959 to \$6.54 per share in 1960. Principal factors in the increase were improved results in accident and health lines annuities, and the increased equity in the undistributed earnings of Aetna Casualty. Full year earnings results in 1961 are likely to approach \$7.00 per share.

During 1959, the common stock of Aetna Life was split 2-1 and a $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ stock dividend was paid. There are presently eight million shares of stock outstanding which are traded in the Overthe-Counter Market.

The common stock of Aetna Life is currently selling at a price of \$135 bid, near its all-time high which was reached earlier this year. At that price a yield of 1.2% is obtained on the current estimated dividend of \$1.60. The stock is selling at a premium of 50% over its presently estimated adjusted liquidating value and 20.7 times the adjusted earnings for 1960.

Amer. Distilling Debens. Offered To Stockholders

The American Distilling Co. is offering its common stockholders rights to subscribe at par to \$9.- BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Rufus M. 551,900 of 4% % subordinated debentures due Nov. 1, 1986. They are convertible into common stock \$47.50 a share.

Stockholders may subscribe for \$100 debentures for each 10 common shares held of record Oct. 17, 1961. Rights expire Nov. 1, 1961. The offering is being underwritten by a group headed by Blyth & Co., Inc.

The debentures are initially re-deemable at the company's opdeemable at the company's option at 104.375% for those redeemable before Nov. 1, 1962 to 100% for the 1985 maturity. They are also redeemable for the state of New York. sinking fund at 100%, plus accrued interest.

The company, with headquarters in New York City and production facilities in Pekin, Ill., and Sausalito, Calif., makes and sells straight and blended whiskies, vodka, gin and other alcoholic beverages.

Its best-selling bourbon brand is "Bourbon Supreme." Its best selling blended whiskey is sold under the "Guckerheimer" brand. American Distilling will use \$7,000,000 of the proceeds to prepay bank term notes and will add the rest to working capital.

Reuben Rose Co. To Incorporate

Reuben Rose & Co. Incorporated a New York Stock Exchange member firm, will be formed as of October 27th, with offices at 115 Broadway, New York City Officers of the new corporation will be Reuten Rose, president Jean Rose and Richard Quintal vice presidents; Philip Stoller vice president and treasurer Jerome R. Allen, vice president and secretary; Alfred Robbins and Leonard Gross, assistant vice presidents; Paul M. Rosenthal. assistant treasurer; and Seymour Suskin, assistant secretary,

J. L. Hamburg Forms New Investment Co.

Jed L. Hamburg, former manager of the investment department of Maltz, Greenwald & Co., has announced the formation of the Jed L. Hamburg Co. The new company will underwrite and distribute investment securities at 11 Broadway, New York City. Mr. Hamburg was also President of Standard Investing Corp.

Central N. Y. Branch

BUFFALO, N. Y.-Central New York Investing Corp. has opened Correct—Attests a branch office in the Ellicott CHRIST Square Building under the management of Ramon Berg.

Forms Ins. Mutual

TULSA, Okla.-Seth C. Conard is engaging in a securities business from offices at 3206 South Yale under the firm name of Insurance Mutual Funds.

Forms Inv. Mutual

Tessitore is engaging in a securities business from offices at 172 until Nov. 1, 1971, at the rate of Avenue U under the firm name of Investors Mutual Program-

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

Underwriters Trust Company

١	the State of New 101k.	
	ASSETS	
	Cash, balances with other banks, and cash items in	
	process of collection United States Government	\$6,262,355.24
	obligations, direct and guaranteed Obligations of States and	20,082,739.66
	opolitical subdivisions Other bonds, notes and de- bentures (including \$181	2,731,744.53
	076.31 securities of Federal agencies and corporations	
	not guaranteed by U. S.) Loans and discounts (includ-	481,076.31
	ing \$2,025.83 overdrafts) Bank premises owned, none,	24,977,441.79
	furniture and fixtures	258,090.37
	bank premisesOther assets	233,328.25 251,177.79
		-
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$55,277,933.94
i	LIABILITIES	
	Demand deposits of individu- als, partnerships, and cor-	
	portions Time and savings deposi s of individuals, partnerships,	\$21,044 923.95
	and corporations.	7,372,189.33
	Government	321,374.95
1	litical subdivisions	20,510 656.91
	Deposits of banks	1,399,313.13
	etc.	203 884.73
	TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$50,852,343.00
	(a) Total demand deposits (b) Total time and savings	\$23,703,470.23
	deposi's	\$27,148 872.77
	O her liabilities	383,970.59

Capital: Common stock, total par value_____ Surplys fund_____ Undivided profits. 1,011,649.35 TOTAL CAPITAL ACCOUNTS __ \$4,041,640 35 TOTAL LIABILITIFS AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS \$55,277,953.94 MEMORANDA

TOTAL LIABILITIES ____ \$51,236,313.59

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

Assets pledged or assigned to other purposes
oans as shown above are \$17,466,476.71 after deduction of reserves 164,044.14

Securities as shown above are after deduction of re-

serves of____ 179,130.00 I. KENNETH W. LANDFARE, Treasurer of the above-named institution, hereby cer-tify that this report of cendition is true and cerrect to the best of my knowledge

and belief. KENNETH W. LANDFARE

CHRISTIAN W. KORELL SUMNER FORD JOSEPH B. V. TAMNEY Directors

Keeping Favorable Outlook For Electric Utility Stocks

all U. S. business expenditures and is expected to double in amount by 1970. Even assuming continued reasonable rates of profit and growing depreciation and other internal cash sources, somewhat more than half of these funds must be provided externally through the sale of securities in the capital markets. The Edison Electric Institute estimates that for the period 1960 to 1980 the investor - owned electric companies will need to raise over \$80 billion for new securities, not count ng refunding issues. A year ago the electric utilities alone sold 17% of all new money securities issued. This demand for new capital will have an important impact on the market and these utility issues must compete with all other industries' issues seeking

Interest Rates

rates have been rising although the Federal Reserve Board has been trying to hold down yields on long-term governments through purchase in the open market. However, industrial activity is continuing to increase and if interest rates continue to rise, the yields on new utility bonds may increase at a faster rate than yields on seasoned bonds. Such higher interest rates tend to reduce the benefits of financial leverage to the common stock new economic climate.

Inflation

Wholesale prices turned upward in July, 1961, from the recession low and consumer prices advanced in July to a record level of 128.1% of the 1947-1949 average. Although incustrial goods prices were unchanged from June, they soon may begin an upward trend if the history of past re-coveries is any guide. This means that prices appear to be off on a new upward "creep." History tells us the problems this creates for the utilities, particularly under a New Deal climate. Now, we also have the "New Frontier" environment. The New York World-Telegram's Henry J. Taylor in a provocative article dated "New Sept. 15, 1961, calls the Frontier" a Labor - Socialist gov-"irresponsible ernment whose spending whirls inflation through the whole economy like a centrifugal pump and which makes veiled or open attacks on profit needs of industry and the fundamental workings of the entire free York. Moreover, at present there enterprise system." Witness the are many companies which have least near term rising interest recent 12-page letter of the Pres - substantial amounts of reserve dent telling the steel industry his generating capacity and are in a idea about holding the price line favorable position to absorb new in spite of wage increases-"the electric loads at relatively small risk for, and trend of, profits is acded cost. Electronic data combrushed off like a pigmy at a puting machines are just in their pole vault," says Mr. Taylor. We, beginning and may offer many here, also witness the threat to new economies in billing and tax-paying utilities in the bill to many other operations in the construct a nuclear power plant years ahead. Hanford, subsidired by the for a giant Federal transmission and under continued research and coup investment with a 6% return grid across many parts of the good management planning, the nation, duplicating fari'i es of the investor-owned companies, as well be held in check if national exemplified parti-ularly in the inflation can be kept within the Colorado River Storage Project so-called "creeping" range. transmission scheme. Add to this REA and the broadening of its base of operations and it is easy to visualize the beginning of uneasiness among investors, large and small, who hold electric utility equities.

when they apply to business the lines. President Fleger of the Edi- utility stocks heavily in their of stock dividends before appear- & Co., Inc.

Continued from page 3 old frontiersmen's idea that 'the rate represents just about 10% of only good Incian is a dead Indian.

More Internally-Generated Funds?

In such a climate, relatively more internally generated funos would be an important self-help in supplying new money to investor-owned electric cor panies. Since World War II the management of these companies has recognized this need. Two factors come to mind. At present the Federal tax authorities require depreciation to be computed on an original cost basis. Inflation has destroyed this relationship and such depreciation charges understate the economic cost of plant 'consumption." Moreover, more rapid rate of functional obsolescence in our space age economy cuts short the useful life of many types of equipment. Service life for tax purposes is thus longer than estimated useful economic To date in 1961, bond interest life. In both cases investment is not fully recovered. Tax reform is badly needed in this area. Many treatises have been written on this subject.

reform for electric companies under the present administration, but urge that such efforts be continued to lay a good ground for ultimate reform. I base this opinion on the tone of the President's tax message where utilities were excluded from the investment tax credit suggested for other indusequity portion and thus tend to tries. This exclusion seemed to be raise further the over-all cost of an unjust discrimination against new money. This is part or the an industry which pays \$2 billion of taxes a year, of the old had passed it could well have increased the utilities' cost of new capital in relation to the tax credit industries. This is another reflection on the economic climate the utilities must face.

What Are the Economic "Plus Factor ?"

I will next touch on some of the savings in the operating field which we analysts hope can be continued by managements' efforts. For example, the efficiency of utility operat ons is improving importantly in the field of cuton at on. New higher voltage transmission is affording additional economies and larger production units are more economic. in power production.

Another - important new economic trend in utility costs sav-ings is through "coordinated" construction where several uti.ities pool all resources, including companies not threatened by govtransmission networks. Some examples that come to mind are in Virginia, New England and New

These economic factors are U. S. taxpayers and in the plans what we call "inflation chasers" effects of increasing prices may

Moreover, the major new ecothe stepped-up activity of the nomic threat of duplicate Federal transmission grids may be diminished by the astute stand taken by the utility companies in calling the public's attention to the incustry's advanced plans for spending nearly \$8 billion by 1970, to extend the country's 364,-Mr. Taylor asks, "Who is to pay 000 miles of transmission lines by the New Frontiersmen's bil's an additional 103,000 miles of billion and they tend to weigh

son Electric Institute announced portfolios. But this is not an allthis rather astounding effort only recently (September 12, 1961). years certain institutional funds He added that the institute's find- have been switching their utility ings "force the conclusion that stock holdings geographically, there is no need for major government projects to build trans- bases and tight percentage rates mission lines." He expects that of return to states giving weight by 1970 all major power systems to "value" in the rate base and can operate on an interconnected basis throughout the U.S. If only the public can be educated to the facts, this program may eliminate waste of taxpayers' money which would occur if duplicate stocks as in other fields and this Federal lines were built. Investors affects the cost of common stock and analysts read this news with money.

Rate of Return

In the electric co-op field, another recent event which alarmed n any investors was the REA's approval of a \$60,225,000 loan for the Indiana super co-op which calls itself Hoosier Cooperative Energy, Inc. This was the largest loan ever approved in the history of the REA and was at a subsidized rate of only 2% interest. This, coupled with REA tax exemption, is almost unbeatable competition. Most analysts receive inquiries regularly from investors on the status of this potential encroachment. However, the Indiana electric utilities which have a fine. record of supplying service are to congratulated on the factfinding battle they are waging on I hold out no hope for such tax this front. There is hope that their efforts may result in the disapproval of this project at the grass roots level by the Public Service Co.nm ission of Indiana.

> Incidentally, the most effective commentary I've yet seen on the Colorado River project, and on the current encroachment climate generally, is in a newspaper advertisement prepared by the Atlantic City Electric Company. The vertisement shows a second Washington Monument being constructed beside the original while in the background a dup icate set of towers is being put up next to an existing transmiss on line. The headline reads: "If Money Is No Object in Washington-Why Not Have Two of Everything?". The copy goes on to say that this connot only two Washington Monuments, but also two Bureaus of Internal Revenue and so forth. This is a dramatic presentation of a vital issue in terms which the public can readily understand. The electric industry needs more of this sort of approach, if it is to bring about a public understanding of the economic fallacy of dupl.cated facilities.

> Despite such favorable hopes, the investor - owned companies still face the problem of attracting new capital in competition with other "non-ceiling" profit ernment competition. The lack of depreciation tax reform and renewed Federal Government encroachment, generally, plus at rates will place the final economic burden on the rate of return. Here is the "last chance" economic factor.

> After all efforts to offset inflation by operating cost savings, there may remain only a relatively small return, on average, for the investor-owned electric companies' stocks. There simply is not enough return to fully reon net plant and less than 5% on gross plant book cost. These are the 1960 rates on over-all return experienced in the face of rising bond interest rates and inflation

An offsetting influence to higher cost of money is the continuing unexpectedly high demand of pension funds and other institutional funds for common stocks. In 1960 non-insured pension plans purchased 52% of all new stock divesting themselves of issues versus 38% in 1959. Their portionate ownership. 1960 stock purchases totaled \$1.7

saving economic factor. In recent from states with original cost rate competitive cost in rates of return. So here, too, the "average" for the industry may be misleading. Investors must be selective in their choice of electric utility

Are There Any Financial Devices For Diverting Cash to Construction?

Under pressure to pay dividends and yet find cash to pay for the vast plant and equipment needs of a growing economy, thoughtful executives have carefully examined means of satisfying both investor and equipment manufacturers' demands for cash. A handful of cases recently have tried the stock dividend, sometimes called the "share distribution," route. Some may have read my studies on whether there is evidence to indicate that any lasting effect on market price can be attributed to stock dividends in themselves. Exhaustive statistical measurements of relative market price performance show that any lasting price gains are due to relatively greater increases in cash dividends supported by increased earning power. These are the fundamental economic forces. Nonetheless. some people feel that regardless of these factors the use of stock dividends somehow offers a kind of tax benefit to shareholders because they are taxable at the capital gains rate when sold. Is this the way out for utilities?

It is easy to show by arithmetical computation that if, say an amount equivalent to the \$31/4 billion raised by the sale of common stock of electric companies from 1950-1958 had not been prid to stockholders in cash dividends, no stock need have been sold.

Further, by selling \$31/4 billion cept of government would require of their original stockholdings over the period in question, investors could have realized more cash after capital gains taxes than they were able to retain from the \$31/4 billion actually received in cash dividends after ordinary income taxes, assuming tax rates of 25% and 50%, respectively, for the different cases.

> Some writers carry the logic of arithmetic still further by suggesting that a regular stockdividend policy would accomplish the same result as this hypothetical cash-withholding plan, and at the same time accommodate those shareholders who need cash by making it a simple matter for them to sell their share dividends. which also are taxable at the capital gains rate, just as the sale of their original holdings would

However, such suggestions as these overlook three basic economic factors: (1) the \$31/4 billion in cash dividends which would have been withheld under this proposal represented fully on?half of all cash dividends actually paid by electric utilities in the period, so that to have withheld cash dividends on the scale envisioned inevitably would have produced a drastic decline in market prices, with resultant harm to all investors; (2) the logic of such arithmetic doesn't apply to the vast number of conmon shares held by institutions *An address by Mr. Barker before the 1961 Workshop Conference of the Electric Companies Public Information Program (P.I.P.) in Denver, Colo., Sept. 20, 1961. as dividends and (3) the stockholders who sold would have been divesting themselves of their pro-

ing as a witness in a New Jersey probate court case involving an estate holding stock dividend shares. The estate consisted mainly of oil company stocks. Here, too, as in the case of utility stocks, the ability to achieve real price gains relative to their own industry stocks was found to depend upon relative cash dividend gains. Wherever we look there just isn't any "free lunch" in the economic world. There are no substitutes for growing earning power and cash dividends if you measure stock values by the prices investors are willing to pay for stocks in the open market place.

Further interesting approaches to the dividend problem worthy of attention will be seen in John Child's (Vice - President, Irving Trust Co., New York City) new "Long Term Financing, I recommend to utility which executives trying to make the most of their cash dividend dollars. My feeling is that the answer to the problem of attracting the vast amounts of future equity capital which utilities will require in the next decade lies in a sound regulatory climate and a more equitable tax policy-not in stock dividends.

State Regulatory Environment

Finally - the investor and the utility analyst must look at the end point of all factors, economic and otherwise. Fortunately this is a plus factor. There has been in recent years a growing understanding by state public utility commissioners of the economic problems of the electric utility industry and of the need of utilities to attract capital at a reasonable cost within our competitive economic climate. This means a consideration of equitable rates of return. The selective investor has placed his confidence in this growing understanding. During the past years our research department has continually urged the selection of sound electric utility equities for clients' portfolios and events have shown that this confidence in "grass roots regulation has been warranted.

Conclusion

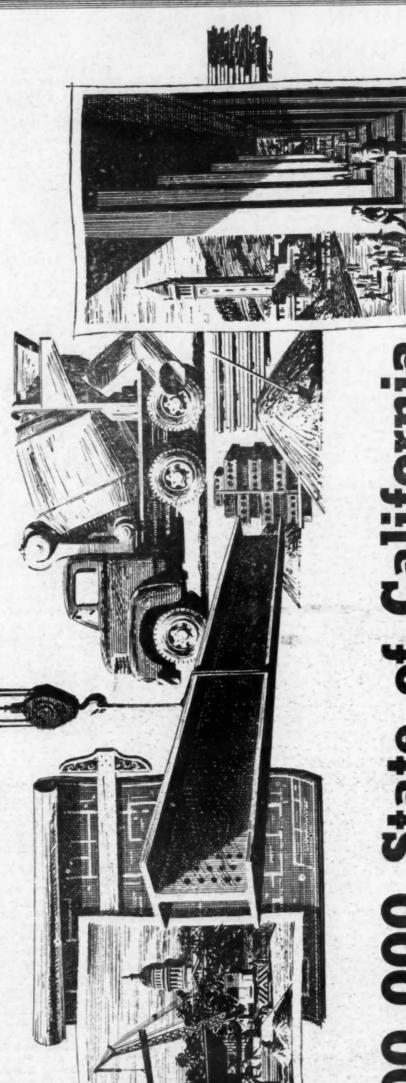
The immediate outlook for electric companies is favorable. Ki'owatt-hour sales are in an upward trend and industrial activity is rising. Earnings for the utility incustry in the first half have increased from the same period a year ago and the year 1961, as a whole, should be a beneficial year for investor-owned electric companies, earnings-wise. The industry's past record has been excellent in terms of stability and growth. Cost control and progressive marketing programs have permitted service at low during a long period of inflation following World War II. Sales and plants are expected to double in the next decade.

In evaluating all of the economic factors, it seems apparent that if the electric utilities "scratch" hard during the next that few years they can raise the new capital needed to supply service to customers and at the same time maintain a sound capital structure and generate improved earnings for the common stock to support increasing cash dividends all this to a degree sufficient to avoid diluting the shareholders'

This is no easy task but with gcod corporate management and operating under a state regulatory climate of economic understanding, the opportunities are available for economic success.

Now Irwin Karp Co.

D. Klapper Associates, Inc., 68 Last June, I reviewed the William St., New York City, has studies about the market value changed its name to Irwin Karp



New Issue

0,000 State of California \$100,000

5%, 4%, 31/4%, 3.40%, 31/2%, 3.60%, 3.70% and 1/10%

State Construction Program Bonds, Act of 1958, Series F

Dated September 1, 1961

Due July 1, 1963-87, incl.

Payment and Registration—Principal and semi-annual interest (January 1 and July 1) payable, at the option of the holder, at the office of the Treasurer of the State of California in Sacramento, California, or at the principal office of The First National City Bank of New York in New York, N. Y., or at The First National Rank of Chicago in Chicago, III. First coupan payable July 1, 1962. Coupon bonds in denomination of \$1,000 registrable only as to both principal and interest.

and after July 1, 1983, are subject to redemption at the option of the State, as a whole or in part, on July 1, 1982, payment date thereafter, at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest thereon to date of redemption, once a week for two successive weeks not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days prior to said date of redemption,

Redemption Provision—Bonds maturing or (but not prior thereto) and on any interest Publication of notice of redemption shall be in each of the Cities of San Francisco, Sac

amento and Los Angeles, California. If less than all the bonds should be redeemed, they shall be called in inverse

than all the bonds maturing in any one year.

numerical order, the part so called not les

Tax Exemption—In the opinion of counsel, interest payable by the State upon its bonds is exempt from all present Federal and State of California persona income taxes under existing statutes, regulations and court decisions.

Legality for Investment—We believe these bonds will meet the requirements as legal investments for savings banks and trust funds in New York, California and certain other states and for savings banks in Massachusetts and Connecticut and will be eligible as security for deposits of public monies in California.

AND YIELDS OR PRICES (Accrued interest to be added)

Amount	Coupon	Due	Yield of Pricet
\$3,200,000	2%	1963	1.80%
3,200,000	2	1964	2.15%
3,200,000	2	1965	2.30%
3,200,000	2	1966	2.50%
3,200,000	2	1967	2.60%
3,600,000	2	1968	2.70%
3,600,000	2	1969	2.80%
3,600,000	2	1970	2.90%
3,600,000	2	1971	3.00%
3,600,000	2	1972	3.10%
4,000,000	4	1973	3.15%
4,000,000	31/4	1974	3.20%
4,000,000	31/4	1975	100
4,000,000	31/4	1976	3.30%
4,000,000	3.40	1977	100
4,400,000	3.40	1978	3.45%
4,400,000	31/2	1979	100

Legality for Investment—We believe these bonds will meet the requirements as legal investments for savings banks and trust funds in New York, California and certain other states and for savings banks in Massachusetts and Connecticut and will be eligible as security for deposits of public monies in California.

income taxes under existing statutes, regulations and court decisions.

3.15% 3.20% 100 3.30% 100 100 100 100

3.40

3.65%

are pledged for the punctual payment of both principal and interest. The bonds were authorized by the elector providing the necessary funds to meet the major building construction, equipment and site acquisition needs which are financed primarily from general revenues rather than from special funds. ition of the State of California, for various construction program purposes, in the opinion of counsel are general in accordance with the State Construction Program Bond Act of 1958 out of the General Fund of the State. The ider the State Construction Program Bond Act of 1958 (Statutes First Extraordinary Session 1958, obligations of the State of California payable Purpose and Security—These bonds, issued and Section 19.5 of Article XVI of the Constit for the purpose full faith and credit of the State of Califor for the departments of the State Go Purpose and Security

Tax Gain, Amorization of Premium—These bonds will be initially issued by the State of California at not less than their par value, and a taxable gain may accrue on bonds purchased at a discount. Investors are required under existing regulations to amortize any premium paid thereon.

Legal Opinion —These bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the underwriters listed below, as well as other underwriters not shown whose names will be furnished on request, and subject to approval by The Honorable Stanley Mask, Attorney General of the State of California, and by Messrs. Orrick, Dahlquist, Herrington & Sutcliffe, Attorneys, San Francisco, California, a capy of whose legal opinions will be printed on each bond.

Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. J. Barth & Co. Gregory & Sons Wells Fargo Bank American Trust Company Shearson, Hammill & Co. F. W. Craigie & Co. Trust Company of Georgia Industrial National Bank of Rhode Island Mason-Hagan, Inc. Mercantile National Bank at Dallas New York Hanseatic Corporation The Ohio Company Shuman, Agnew & Co. Wells & Christensen J. C. Wheat & Co. Robert Winthrop & Co. Blunt Ellis & Simmons I. L. Brooks & Co. Julien Collins & Company Dewar, Robertson & Pancoast Fahnestock & Co. M. B. Vick & Company Seasongood & Mayer Field, Richards & Co. Merrill, Turben & Co., Inc. **Boettcher and Company** McDonnell & Co. Reynolds & Co., Inc. Fidelity Union Trust Company James A. Andrews & Co. Barr Brothers & Co. The Boatmen's National Bank Coffin & Burr McCormick & Co. J. B. Hanauer & Co. Henry Harris & Sons The National Bank of Commerce Rauscher, Pierce & Co., Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Cruttenden, Podesta & Co. Dreyfus & Co. Dittmar & Company, Inc. E. F. Hutton & Co. Republic National Bank Suplee, Yeatman, Mosley Co. Bartow Leeds & Co. Wm. J. Mericka & Co., Inc. Laird, Bissell & Meeds John C. Legg & Company A. E. Masten & Company The First National Bank Harris Trust and Savings Bank Goldman, Sachs & Co. **Equitable Securities Corporation** A. C. Allyn & Co. Clark, Dodge & Co. The Valley National Bank of Arizona Dallas Union Securities Co., Inc. Wm. E. Pollock & Co., Inc. McDonald & Company Sterne, Agee & Leach Elworthy & Co. The White-Phillips Company, Inc. R. D. White & Company J. R. Williston & Beane Brush, Slocumb & Co., Inc. Courts & Co. Wertheim & Co. Hayden, Stone & Co. Bank of America The First National City Bank The Chase Manhattan Bank Blyth & Co., Inc. The First Boston Corporation Harriman Ripley & Co. **Crocker-Anglo National Bank Branch Banking & Trust Company** Seattle-First National Bank Hayden, Miller & Co. Lyons & Shafto Davis, Skaggs & Co. The National City Bank A. M. Kidder & Co., Inc. Lawson, Levy, Williams & Stern Irving Lundborg & Co. Stern, Frank, Meyer & Fox Stern, Lauer & Co. J. M. Dain & Co., Inc. C. J. Devine & Co. William Blair & Company Bacon, Whipple & Co. A. G. Becker & Co. The First National Bank G. H. Walker & Co. Adams, McEntee & Co., Inc. J. A. Hogle & Co. Hornblower & Weeks Rotan, Mosle & Co. Northwestern National Bank Russ & Company Hutchinson, Shockey & Co. Curtiss, House & Company Ginther & Company Glore, Forgan & Co. Anderson & Strudwick First Southwest Company Weeden & Co. Park, Ryan, Inc. William R. Staats & Co. Hooker & Fay, Inc. The Fort Worth National Bank John W. Clarke & Co. Bache & Co. Roosevelt & Cross Stone & Youngherg Taylor and Company Dean Witter & Co. Wachovia Bank and Trust Company Wood, Struthers & Co. United California Bank Mullaney, Wells & Company First National Bank in Dallas Kalman & Company, Inc. Kenower, MacArthur & Co. The First Cleveland Corporation First National Bank Newburger, Loeb & Co. John Nuveen & Co. Green, Ellis & Anderson B. J. Van Ingen & Co. Inc. The First National Bank of Birmingham of New Yor Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Bosworth, Sullivan & Company, Inc. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. Security First National Bank Van Alstyne, Noel & Co. The Milwaukee Company Model, Roland & Stone A. G. Edwards & Sons Foster & Marshall Inc. ira Haupt & Co.

October 19, 1961

ese honds may be obtained from any of the above underwriters, as well as other underwriters not shown whose names will be furnished an request. A circular relating to th

Keeping Economy Moving Sustaining Its Future Pace

Continued from page 1 not compare well with its predecessors in, say, 1954-55 and again in 1958. The recovery in employment has been slower this time. In the first six months of this recovery nonagricultural employment (seasonally adjusted) increased only 0.3%, compared with increases of 1.1% and 1.6% in a corresponding period after the low points of 1958 and 1954. To some extent this has been offset by a tendency for the work week to lengthen more rapidly this time than in these earlier recoveries. It remains true, however, that job opportunities have been opening up this time a bit more slowly than in these earlier

While the recovery this time seems to have been at a somewhat more hesitant pace than in 1954 or 1958, the differences are not large; and we are entitled up to this point to conclude that we have been having a normally vigorous expansion since the low point last February. Total output rose 4.5% from the first to the third quarter, or at the rate of about 0.7% per month. On the basis of experience in other periods this must be considered a very normal rate of gain. Perincomes have increased more since the low point of the recession than during the comparable early months of recovery in 1954-55 or in 1958. In July the level of industrial production pushed above its pre-recession peak, thus requiring only five months from the end of the recession to break into new ground. Establishing a new peak after the 1953-54 recession required nine months, and after the 1957-58 recession, 11 months were

Will the improvement keep short, will the level of business activity rise in the months ahead? uneasiness about the answers to cars. course, always pessimists around tern of consumer demand, the who can see a collapse lurking evidence still indicates that con-behind every statistic. And there sumers have been administering admit (even to themselves) that a good pace of recovery could have occurred with the relatively moderate and generally well-eximprovement in business conditions. But beyond these there are already demonstrated to ably full employyment.

Bases for Concern

about four sources of this concern. not true if the threat is an all-out First, there was a discernible nuclear attack. slowing down of the pace of the recovery in August must be considered a source of concern.

persistently unresponsive to the half the \$71/2 billion rate achieved production facilities depend on a that higher real incomes would increase in incomes. The figures are quite striking. In recent of domestic business activity our only one of which is the relation- to write the prescription for ship between the current rate of achieving these higher real inrunning at a volume equal to imports can be expected to move production and some computation comes. about 52% of personal incomes. further upward. At the same time of theoretical capacity.

This is slightly below the 53% figure in February, the low point of the recession, and it is very considerably below the 55.6 average for the recession year of 1958. To a substantial extent this arises because consumers are now spending more of their incomes on services than was true in 1958. In 1961 consumers' purchases of services will absorb about 33% of their incomes before taxes, compared with about 31% in 1958 and only 28% as recently as six years ago. And services show up in retail sales to a lesser extent than purchases of tangible goods. Thus the declining proportion of incomes being spent in retail establishments does not prove that consumers have been on some kind of spending strike.

There is, however, some evidence that consumers are at least administering their incomes a bit more prudently. The proportion of incomes allocated to savings covered by our data. has been discernibly higher than rate at which consumers were held at levels prevailing in early tance of consumers to take on instalment debt. The volume of new credit extended in recent months has been equal to just over 13% of incomes, markedly below the model-change-over began to obwas 4.5%. If borrowing to finance during the last recovery. the purchase of cars had been rolling along? How rapidly, in running at this more normal volume of about 5% of after-tax incomes, the difference would have In spite of the rapid recovery of meant the additional purchase of recent months, one can detect real close to 100,000 new and used Even after a generous althese questions. There are, of lowance for changes in the patsumers have been administering may be some who do not want to their financial affairs pretty tightly.

The source of this cautious behavior on the part of consumers is not entirely clear. Pessimistic ecuted government program that appraisals of the economic situawas set in motion to encourage an tion by senior government officials, appraisals that events have many who have some misgivings been far too gloomy, may have about whether the current expan- got through to consumers. Uneasision can generate enough momen- ness about the international situatum to regain and sustain reason- tion has probably played a role. The rational response to a conventional war scare may be the purchase of a new car and other There are, as I see the problem, hard goods, but that is obviously

A third source of concern about expansion in August. Industrial economic prospects has to do with output gained only 0.7%, com- our international transactions. pared with earlier monthly gains Our foreign trade has been a sigranging up to 3.0%. (Part of this nificant economic stimulant durwas probably the result of the ing the last wo years. Imports earlier shut-down in the automo- receded slightly after late 1959, bile industry to prepare for pro- and exports during this same peducing the new models.) The gain riod moved strongly upward. As in employment was about one- a result our merchandise exports quarter of the average monthly were running about \$7.5 billion increase since February. While per year in excess of imports month-to-month gains in every early in 1961. Since that time this recovery vary widely, this clear gap has been narrowing as U. S. slowing down of the pace of the exports weakened and imports began to move upward. And by the last quarter our net merchan-Second, retail sales have been dise export surplus was not over early this year. With rising levels complex array of considerations,

England and certain other countries have taken strong measures to curb booms that have threatened to become disorderly, and this can be expected to moderate their demands for U.S. production. We must, therefore, assume that our own foreign trade will exert some further moderating influence on the economy during the year ahead.

Fourth, the response of housing to the easy money and ready availability of credit, characteristic of this and other recessions, has been more sluggish than in 1954 or 1958. It is, of course, true that the current pace of housing starts, at around the \$1.3 billion annual rate, looks considerably better than at the turn of the year, when for one month it fell below \$1 million. Even so the upturn was slower in coming this time and data on FHA applications and VA appraisal requests do not yet look as strong as in the 1958 recovery. And we know that the supply of housing is more ample relative to demand. By mid-1961 the vacancy rate was 8.1%. an all-time high for the period

These evidences of lingering year-ago levels. In the second heaviness in the private economy quarter retail sales would have are all the more remarkable in been at least 1% higher if the view of at least three forces that will be making for a relatively giving thought to the morrow had rapid expansion of business activity in the year ahead. First, it is 1960. A striking manifestation of already clear that monetary and this more prudent management of credit conditions are going to their fiscal affairs is the reluc- remain easy longer during this expansion than in 1958. A comparison with the expansion in 1958 is quite striking. We have now completed seven months of this recovery from the February 141/2 % average for the two pre- low point. In September net free ceding years. In July, before the reserves of Federal Reserve member banks were over \$500 million. scure the sales data, consumers In November 1958, seven months were borrowing at the rate of \$15.6 after the 1958 low point, these net billion per year to finance car free reserves were \$20 million, purchases, an amount equal to down very sharply from the \$600 4.3% of consumers' incomes after million level of early 1958. Retaxes. In 1960 the figure was flecting this, interest rates have 5.1%, and even in 1958 the ratio responded much more slowly than

> There are wide differences of opinion about the magnitude of the contribution that the easier credit environment makes to a more rapid recovery. Some, who would be considered to have an easy money bias, seem to hold to the view that credit conditions exert little influence on business conditions, but lack of an easy money policy during this expansion might be fatal. Presumably there would be general agreement that easy credit conditions at least do not slow down the expansion, and probably contribute to fueling it along.

> Second, it is evident that plant and equipment expenditures of businesses will recover their lost ground more quickly than last time. In a survey whose results were released the end of September, businesses indicated that these outlays to expand and improve their facilities would, by the fourth quarter, be running 6% ahead of this year's first quarter. A survey in September 1958 indicated that these outlays in the fourth quarter of 1953 would still be 3.5% below that year's first quarter. Clearly the current prospect for capital outlays is relatively strong, stronger than it was at this corresponding point in 1958. This is particularly good news. It had been feared by some that capital outlays would show no strength until widespread excess capacity was whittled down. Yet here was a trap. Neither could we get the rise in activity that would take up the slack in productive capacuntil capital outlays were higher. We have learned once again that decisions to improve

trend will begin to have a sub- related problems. stantial influence on the pulse of the economy. The evidence on this prospect is quite striking. In the Federal Government's "regular" or "administrative" \$81.5 billion. The present official our receipts from other countries, estimate of expenditures for fiscal year 1962 (the current year) are \$87.7 billion, an increase of \$6.2 billion. This, however, is not the world's holding of dollars grew to end of the story. If the Federal Government's expenditures are to rise to \$87.7 billion for this year, outlays will be running at the annual rate of over \$90 billion by the end of the fiscal year next June. Thus we already have in view the prospect of a budget for the next fiscal year in the \$93-95 billion range, if the momentum of the current trend is allowed to rock along. This would be an increase of \$12-14 billion in two years. Moreover, we know that this "regular" budget falls far short of including all Federal cash outlays. Total Federal cash pay-\$17.8 billion in excess of the regular budget's \$81.5 billion expenditure figure. By the next fiscal year (1963) these cash payments will be in the range of \$117-120 billion, if present trends are at all indicative. Thus total Federal cash payments may well rise something like \$15-18 billion during this two-year period. Whatever else this may mean, in the near-term this increase is bound to exert a very considerable upward push on business

activity. What does this all add up to? Even if we make fairly conservative assumptions about the rate at which consumers will spend their funds it is difficult to take these pluses in the business outlook and come out with anything much less than, say, a \$555-60 billion GNP for mid-1962—compared with a \$526 rate right in the third quarter. And if consumers should start letting go of their dollars more freely, the figure could go even higher.

If something like this prospect were to be realized, there would be considerable basis for satisfaction. The economy would have made a good recovery; employment opportunities would have expanded substantially; and real incomes and purchasing power would be at record levels.

Can we sustain economic expansion on an orderly and vigorous basis as we move beyond the next few months into the zone of reasonably full employment? This is a much more difficult and complex matter than appraising the near-term trend in business activity. And now is none too soon to give this problem some soulsearching attention. Otherwise we may again find that inadvertently we have sown the seeds of another downturn in this current period of expansion and recovery. Moreover, we do need to devote more attention to the problem of strengthening the vitality of the economy for the long pull.

It is surprisingly difficult to say anything very useful on this matter of strengthening our capabil-Ity for orderly and sustained expansion. A review of the things that have been written on the subject of a growing economy quickly reveals how much is devoted to the desirability of more rapid economic growth and how little is devoted to constructive suggestions for achieving it. This is perhaps understandable. It is to state the matter more bluntly: easy to catalog the good things make possible. It is not so easy to write the prescription for

If the present cyclical recovery it has a Vice-President for Plan-

Third. Federal expenditures is to be converted in'o an orderly will be increasing fairly rapidly and sustained expansion, we must in the months ahead, and this come to grips with three inter-

International Balance of Payments

First, we must effect a basic the fiscal year ending last June strengthening of our international balance of payments. For over a decade our annual payments to the budget registered expenditures of rest of the world have exceeded and in the years 1958-1960 this gap was averaging almost \$4 billion per year. As a result the a point where in 1960 and early this year some nervousness developed abroad about holding more of these dollars, and there was some conversion into gold. Fortunately this quickly passed, in part because the spotlight has been on the recent weakness of the British pound. But our basic problem remains tendency for the flow of collars abroad to exceed our receipts from the rest of the world. Even in the second quarter, when many conditions were in our favor, our balance of international payments showed a deficit (apart from a ments last year were \$99.3 billion, special transaction) of \$1.9 billion, at an annual rate. This is close to the annual average of the last decade.

> While no one item in this set of accounts can technically be considered to be the source of the imbalance, the general nature of our problem is clear enough. We are paying out to the rest of the world about \$5 billion per year through our foreign military operations and foreign aid programs, and substantial but widely varying further amounts flow to the rest of the world from U.S. investment activity abroad. In 1960 these three items resulted in payments of \$9 billion to the rest of the world. While U. S. exports continue to exceed imports, we have been unable thus to achieve a surplus on current account large enough to offset the large drains from foreign aid, our military operations, and capital movements. and it is not likely that we can do so for the long run. We face in the year ahead the hard task of making real progress in closing the deficit in our international balance of payments. And it will be a year when our net export surplus may tend to decline, for reasons already discussed.

> How should we proceed? It would be comforting to believe that the aggregate of individually neglig ble changes in numerous items would do the trick. Such measures as expanding foreign tourist travel here or increasing our exports through trade fairs abroad are, of course, desirable. The blunt and painful truth is, however, that a reduction in the flow of dollars to the rest of the world through capital movements, foreign aid, and military operations must also be a part of remedial action. If we do not eliminate this basic deficit, we court the risk of a resurgence of uneasiness on the part of foreign dollar holders. If this were to occur, it could produce another international dollar crisis fairly promptly, since events at the turn of the year have already demonstrated something that many here and abroad were until then disinclined to believe-namely, that the U.S. dollar could ever get into trouble.

Allocating Incomes for Public And Private Use

There is a second major policy question which, for all the discussion it has received, has never been faced squarely. How do we want to allocate our incomes between private and public uses? Or, on an on-going basis what is the proper ratio between government spending and our national income? This is supposed to be an age of long-range planning. No corporation is respectable unless

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ing department, and a staff to budget to the next. Here are pro-\$150 billion per year, an amount equal to 30% of our national income, and the procedures we follow give us no clear idea of where ties will not be plentiful. it is all going beyond the year, or where it ought to go.

Some discussions about the evils of government spending reflect a troglodytic yearning for an age long-since gone forever. With rising incomes the demand for government services can be expected to rise, and with increased urbanization these demands may rise more rapidly than incomes rise. With the increasing complexity of business operations, the labor penditures. Some public programs state and local outlays.

proportion of these college-age a decision to dump more people labor force, where job opportuni-

examining. At first glance the toward those aspects of the probfigures are reassuring enough. Federal expenditures in the administrative budget (the usual would be quite an arithmetic acdefinition) have not grown more cident if the sources ("sources" than gross national product in not "blame") were exactly equally recent years. In each year since divided, and it is a fact that em-1956 these outlays were just over 16% of our gross national product. The administrative budget, however, does not include large dis- years have been rising and profits bursements for such things as force must be more highly edu- social security or the highway cated, and this means public ex- trust fund. And it does not include

Ratio of Government Outlays to Gross National Product

	Fiscal	Years
Туре	1956	1962
1. Federal administrative budget expenditures	16.2%	16.1%
2. Total government cash outlays	24.9	29.0
3. Total Federal cash outlays	17.8	20.8
4. Federal defense outlays and interest on the		***
public debt	11.6	11.0
5. Total Federal cash outlays less defense out-	60	0.0
lays and interest on the public debt	6.2	9.6

product has been quite stable, items accounting for the growing proportion. If this year's Federal cash outlays excluding interest on the debt and defense spending were to be 6.2% of gross national would be about \$18 billion less.

proportion of our national income far ought it to go? The British and concluded that the government shoulld not plan for a rates. growth in public outlays hereafter at a rate more rapid than the probable expansion of the national income. Whether the present ratio is the correct one or not, their government did explicitly face up to a major question of social policy.

This is a matter that we, too, must soon face candidly. Perhaps public cutlays should continue to productive capacity. grow more rapidly than the economy as a whole, but this should demand, where we know a good not be by default. We should ask ourselves candidly how we want do not always do it, we are almost to allocate our incomes between public and private uses. And our this market-power aspect of the public budgeting procedures inflation problem. Some form of should then be geared to give us wage-price control for key indussome guide posts about whether tries or at least justification of that, in the longer run, we want ment agency, has been proposed. to be going.

Price Inflation

for a resumption of price inflation. There are, of course, honest than would otherwise have ocdifferences of opinion about curred. Protecting vigorous comwhether a resumption of a rising petition is desirable and appears price level would be very damaging to the economy. It seems tions, but this in practice uncomclear, however, that the sensitivity fortably often takes the form of of people here to the problem and our own delicate balance of payments problem have at least over, it does not get at the unions' reduced the extent of inflation substantial market power over that we can tolerate. Moreover, recent research does not support more rapid economic growth if only we would give up the goal of a reasonably stable price level.

The ratio of total government Federal Reserve will be able to cash outlays to gross national find that difficult middle ground product has risen from 24.9% in between policies too tight to 1956 to an estimated 29.0% for achieve reasonably full employthis year. Interestingly, the ratio ment and too easy to avoid a disof defense outlays plus interest on orderly boom. Budget prospects the public debt to gross national present a more complex picture. It is essential that the Adminiseaving rapid increases in other tration put forward a budget in January, for fiscal year 1963, that projects a comfortable surplus. The Administration is to be commended for its determination, frequently expressed, to avoid a product, as in 1956, instead of the deficit next year. It is to be hoped more probable 9.6%, these outlays that recommended expenditures that recommended expenditures can be held to not much over \$90 This persistent tendency for the billion so that the present tax public sector to absorb a growing structure can cover these outlays and with some surplus. If the exinevitably poses the question: How penditure figure is much in excess of \$90 billion for Fiscal Year 1963, faced this question this summer there must be recommendations for appropriate increases in tax

Experience in the last six years, however, has demonstrated that there is more to a stable price level than avoiding an excessive aggregate demand. Our price-cost level can also go up because large groups in our economy have varying degrees of market power to raise prices and wages even when demand is not in excess of our

Unlike the problem of excess deal about what to do even if we spectacularly devoid of answers to headed in the direction price increases before a govern-Eecause it would create a heavy incentive to avoid price reduction, there is a good chance that this Third, we must be on the alert route would leave us a few years hence with a higher price level on most lists of proposed soluprotecting competitors and thereby inhibiting competition. Morewage costs

At this stage there is, therefore, the view that we can achieve a useful role for the Presidential open mouth or jaw-bone approach. President Eisenhower used it repeatedly. In recent weeks What should be done? Good President Kennedy has also tried fiscal and monetary policies are, this approach. But what comes of course, as essential as ever. from the jaw-bone or the open of payments on current account; Without them we could easily get mouth is important to the effec-

ning, makes long-run projections probably ought to be growing business and labor, and to ration of markets, has a capital budget- even more rapidly. We must be exactly as many admonitory words prepared to increase outlays for to one as to the other. A worry about the future. Yet with higher education markedly in the slightly easier formula is to adour government budgets we stag- next few years, or we shall deny dress words of admonition to the ger from ane annual battle of the a college education to a growing side least important politically, with the minimum nod in the grams through which flow over young people. And this would be other direction to show that "both sides" are recognized. The courinto the ranks of the untrained ageous approach is to evaluate the sources of these price-cost pressures, and to direct the moral Even so the facts are worth force of this open mouth policy lem that have been most difficult to get at any other way. Now it ployee costs per unit of output in all manufacturing or in the steel industry in the last six per unit of output have not. And it is certainly clear that we are particularly short on ideas about how to deal with this wageinflation aspect of our problem.

At this particular time the President, therefore, had an opportunity to use the great prestige of his office to influence constructively this wage-inflation aspect of the problem. He would be speaking of this problem as a political friend of unions. Moreover, the critically important labor negotiations in process in the auto incustry provided the opportunity. Unfortunately the open mouth policy took the form of admonishing another industry about prices, with only an inconspicuous nod to the labor-cost dimension of the problem. At the same time the auto industry was warned that the one thing the country could illafford from it was a strike. The results were that in the end a strike still occurred in the auto industry, from which the country can quickly recover. And there also emerged an economic package variously estimated to increase labor costs per hour something like 5% to 6% per year for three years. Obviously this will have repercussions on subsequent wage settlements, including that in steel next year. It should be equally obvious that such an increase in our cost level, not a strike, was the one thing the nation could particularly ill-afford during 1963. to have come out of the auto negotiations at this juncture. Another nudge was given toward putting the dollar under pressure internationally, and the achievement of stable, sustainable growth at reasonably full employment was thereby made more difficult to attain.

The results of this excursion into the use of open mouth policy have not, therefore, been very reassuring. Yet there is an aspect of this price-level problem where the open-mouth or jaw-bone approach can make a contribution. But it will have to be better executed next time, or it will be dismissed as a clumsy and inequitable political maneuver rather than as a wise piece of economic in the cost statesmanship.

IV

The problems of keeping the economy moving along the path toward a more sustainable and orderly pace of growth and expansion will be difficult ones in the period ahead. It is reasonable to expect some resumption of price pressures; yet the magnitude of the rise in the price level that we can tolerate is not large. If consumers remain hesitant, the expansion could seem to move sluggishly; yet the resumption of a more normal rate of spending relative to incomes could, together with the certain rise in public outlays, cause the level of business activity to lurch upward at an unsustainable pace. It would be reasonable to expect some further deterioration in our balance yet the foreign response to any inflation from the orthodox cause tiveness of this policy. The supersigns that the dollar is again in of excessive money demand. There ficially impartial approach is to trouble is apt to be much more are grounds for hoping that the assign equal responsibility to prompt than the last time. The 'An address by Dr. McCracken at the 47th National Convention of the National Consumer Finance Association, New York City, Oct. 5, 1961.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES BY OWEN ELY

Long Island Lighting Company

Long Island Lighting Company for rate increases when that all the rest of New York State. than after earnings have suf-The company's revenues increased fered." from \$47 million in 1950 to \$154 million recently. While the rate 60 decade share earnings were of growth has now slowed down handicapped by the dilution rea little, it is still outstanding. Last sulting from heavy sales of comyear's maximum demand of mon stock which were designed 1,034,000 kw was 9% above the not merely to provide a portion previous year's peak. There were of construction funds but also to 22,653 new electric customers, and raise the equity ratio from 27% 11,426 new gas users, in 1960; and to a level around 36%. In 1951 over the last three years the number of customers using gas for twice, on a 1-for-6 and 1-for-7 space-heating doubled.

Long Island Lighting supplies electric and gas service in Nassau and Suffolk Countries and in the in 1955 and in 1958. Rockaway District of New York City (Queens Borough). The area it seems fairer to take share earncomprises over 1,200 square miles ings on the basis of average and has a population of about shares rather than actual year-2,700,000. While the service ter- end shares. On this basis the recritory is predominantly residen- ord is as follows, including an tial, numerous light manufactur- official estimate for 1961 made at ing plants have located in the the stockholders' meeting last area in recent years. Airplane spring: manufacture is the principal in- 1950___ dustry-Sperry, Republic, Grumman, etc.

Revenues are about three-quarters electric and one-quarter gas. Electric revenues are about 51% residential — an unusually high percentage—22% commercial and 18% industrial. Gas revenues are about 78% residential and space heating.

The company's electric generating capability is 1,256,000 kw However, some part of the latter compared with the winter peakloak of 1,034,000 last December. A 185,000 kw unit will be added

Almost all of the company's gas requirements are met with natural gas purchased from pipelines under long-term contracts. For standby purposes the company has three water gas plants a gain of 8% despite the indusand three liquefied petroleum plants. Natural gas not used in off-peak seasons is stored in pipeline-owned storage fields for use during peak load periods, or used for electric generation, Purchased abnormal expenses from hurrigas costs averaged 41c per mcf in the year ending March 31, 1961. Rates now effective will increase claims, storm damage, etc., will this cost level by about 2.6c per

The company has an automatic rate adjustment clause (initiated in October 1959) whereby changes or gas irom are passed along to customers.

While the regulatory climate in New York State is not consid-ered to be especially favorable, June 30, is 24.8, only moderately Long Island Lighting has increased the percent earned on year-end net plant from 4.6% in 1953 to 6.2% in the 12 months ended March 31, 1961 (as computed by Standard & Poor's). In TACOMA, Wash.—Blyth & Co., 1960 the company had reduced its Inc., has opened a branch office electric rates by \$1,200,000 per in the Rust Building under the annum, equivalent to about 7c a management of A. H. Reeder. share on the common stock. In the 1960 report to stockholders the company stated: "Our policy on rates generally remains unchanged. We will apply promptly

path for wise economic policy is never wide; this time the margins for error are particularly small.

celebrated its golden anniversary course is necessary to support year in 1960 although the present earnings in order that we may corporate set-up (reflecting a finance our undertakings at reamerger with several subsidiaries) sonable cost. In conformity with was consummated in 1950. The this policy, we will present our past decade has been one of rapid needs promptly (on the basis of growth, with the population in forecasted figures, if necessary) the area increasing by over one to the regulatory agency to obmillion-larger than the gain for tain relief, when needed, rather

In the earlier part of the 1950the company sold common stock basis respectively; 1-for-7 offerings were made in 1952 and in 1953; 1-for-8 in 1954, and 1-for-10

Because of this heavy dilution

1950	\$1.19	1956	\$1.68
1951	1.37	1957	1.72
1952	1.26	1958	1.93
1953	1.28	1959	2.04
1954	1.32	1960	2.18
1955	1.50	1961 Est	2.25

During the decade 1950-60 share earnings gained at a com-pounded rate of over 6% but in the last five years when equity financing was much smaller, the rate of gain increased to over 8%. gain reflected the tax savings (reported on a flow-through basis) resulting from the use of accelerated depreciation.

In the 12 months ended June 30, 1961, revenues totaled nearly \$154 million compared with \$142 million in the previous 12 months, trial setback during this period. Earnings for this period were \$2.18 a share, the same as reported for the calendar year 1960. While the company has incurred cane damage, it is understood that the reserve of over \$1,000,000 for take care of this. However, there may be a little doubt as to whether the estimate of \$2,25 for calendar 1961 will be attained.

At the recent price around 54 (range this year about 59-42) the stock yields 2.8% based on the \$1.50 dividend. The price-earnings ratio based on the \$2.18 rehigher than the industry average (estimated at 23.3 recently).

New Blyth Branch

Opens Branch Office

ONEONTA, N. Y.-Central New York Investing Corporation has opened a branch office at 8-10 Broad Street under the management of Fred Joedicke.

Now A. J. Carno Co.

The firm name of ABC Securities Corporation has been changed to A J. Carno Co., Inc., and offices have been removed to 52 Broadway, New York City.

STATE OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

Continued from page 5

assembly in U.S. plants following 102,098 last week. In the same week of 1960 completions totaled

Ward's estimated at 240,000 cars and trucks the September-October output losses directly attributable to strikes over labor contracts. The count includes 156,000 in September at GM Corp., part of which will be recouped in October-November by scheduling increases, and 84,000 in the last two weeks by Ford Motor Co.

Meanwhile, the quest for volume output this week carried American Motors to six-day, twoshift operations at Kenosha, Wis., Chevrolet to six days at Flint, Mich., and Buick - Oldsmobile -Pontiac to six days at Arlington, Texas. Chrysler Corp. also scheduled irregular overtime, and Cadillac one extra hour on each of two shifts daily.

Truck production, which dipped to 16,337 this week from 18,035 last week, found Ford and Divco completely idled by strikes and International Harvester facing a strike deadline next Monday. International-Harvester is the nation's No. 3 truck producer.

Slight Rise in Business Failures For Week Ended Oct. 12

Commercial and industrial failures continued up to 341 in the week ended Oct. 12 from 330 in the preceding week, reports Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Casualties were heavier than in the similar week a year ago when 326 occurred exceeded considerably the ing week of 1939.

There was little change in casualties involving liabilities in excess of \$100,000 which numbered 35 as against 36 a week earlier and 35 in the previous year. All of the week's rise occurred among failures with losses under \$100,000 -they edeged to 306 from 294 last week and 291 a year ago.

struction contractors to 57 from These two operations acccunted for all of the week's increases. Meanwhile, wholesaling above the preceding week casualties held even at 39, and manufacturing fell to 43 from 58 and commercial service to 28 Mortality equalled or from 34. exceeded 1960 levels in all indusand trade groups except trv manufacturing.

Most of the week-to-week rise came from three geographic re-gions: the South Atlantic States, up to 51 from 28, the West North Central, up to 18 from 8, and the West South Central, up to 22 from Contrasting declines prevailed in three regions, with the toll in the Middle Atlantic States falling Pacific States dipping to 69 from 72. Despite the week's mixed trends, six of the nine major areas had the same number or more failures than in the comparable week of last year.

Thirty-eight Canadian failures were recorded as against 50 in the preceding week and 31 in the corresponding week of 1960.

Electric Output 7.1% Higher Than in 1960 Week

The amount of electric energy distributed by the electric light and power industry for the week ended Saturday, Oct. 14, was estimated at 15,125,000,000 kwh., according to the Edison Electric Institute. Output was 90,000,000 kwh. above that of the previous week's total of 15,035,000,000 kwh. and 1,005,000,000 kwh., or 7.1% above that of the comparable 1960

Lumber Shipments Were 7.3% Below Same Week in 1960

totaled 219,482,000 board feet compared with 227,920,000 board feet in the prior week, according to reports from regional associations. A year ago the figure was 208,971,000 board feet.

Compared with 1960 levels, output climbed 5%, shipments declined 7.3% and orders rose 7.7%. Following are the figures in

thousands of board feet for the weeks indicated:

	Oct. 7	Sept. 30	Oct. 8 1960
Children Committee		A 40 40 M	W 20 45 45
Production	219,482	227,920	208,971
Shipments	206,480	227,848	222,842
Orders	223,520	220,051	207,477

Intercity Truck Tonnage Was 4.2% Ahead of the Same 1960 Week

Intercity truck tonnage in the week ended Oct. 7, was 4.2% ahead of the volume in the corresponding week of 1960, the American Trucking Associations, Inc. announced. Truck tonnage was 1.4% below the previous week of this year.

These findings are based on the weekly survey of 34 metropolitan areas conducted by the ATA Department of Research and Transport Economics. The report reflects tonnage handled at more than 400 truck terminals of common carriers of general freight throughout the country.

The terminal survey for last week showed increased tonnage from a year ago at 25 localities. Nine points reflected tonnage decreases from the 1960 level. Truck terminals at six centers showed gains of 15% or more; these were Charlotte up 21.7%, Albuquerque 1959 toll of 252. Businesses failing 19.7%, Louisville 19.0%, Birmingin the current week ran some ham 16.3%, New Orleans 16.1% 44% above the prewar level of and Richmond 15.8%. Four other 237 registered in the correspond- terminal areas showed increases of over 10%

Compared to the immediately preceding week, 13 reporting metropolitan areas registered increased tonnage while 21 areas reported decreases.

Freight Carloadings Were .3 of 1% Ahead of Preceding Week

Loading of revenue freight in The toll among retailers climbed the week ended Oct. 7 totaled to 174 from 153 and among con- 639,941 cars, the Association of American Railroads announced. This was an increase of 1,673 cars or three-tenths of one percent

The loadings represented a decrease of 6,045 cars or nine-tenths of one percent below the corresponding week in 1960, but an increase of 82,365 cars or 14.8% above the corresponding week in 1959 (during the steel strike).

There were 13,461 cars reported loaded with one or more revenue highway trailers or highway containers (piggyback) in the week ended Sept. 30, 1961 (which were included in that week's over-all total). This is the highest figure since the report was started, and to 91 from 123 and the toll in the was all increase of 1,500 to 91 from 123 and the toll in the 10.1% above the corresponding week of 1960 and an incr 4,273 cars or 46.5% above the 1959 week

> Cumulative piggyback loadings for the first 39 weeks of 1961 totaled 433,019 for an increase of 18,157 cars or 4.4% above the corresponding period of 1960 and 124,021 cars or 40.1% above the corresponding period in 1959. There were 58 class I U. S. railroad systems originating this type traffic in the current week compared with 55 one year ago and 50 in the corresponding week in

Wholesale Commodity Price Index Off Slightly But Remains Above Last Year

After dipping during the past week, the general wholesale commodity price level turned up to 274.38 on Oct. 16, reports Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. However, it did LAGUNA BEACH, Calif.-N. C. not equal the level registered on Roberts & Co., Inc. has opened a the similar day a week ago and branch office at 218 Forest Ave. Lumber production in the United was also off fractionally from the under the direction of Edmund F. States in the week ended Oct. 7, prior month. Although several Delaney.

commodities were quoted higher in price, including substantial advances in wheat, corn, rye and tin, these increases were offset primarily by the lower prices paid for hogs this Monday as compared with a week earlier.

The daily wholesale commodity price index stood at 274.38 (1930-32=100) on Oct. 16, down slightly from 274.42 on the corresponding day last week but appreciably higher than the 265.87 a year ago.

Wholesale Food Price Index Lowest in Ten Weeks

preceding week and a year ago.

the sizeable decreases in the five

The Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Wholesale Food Price Index represents the sum total of the price per pound of 31 raw foodstuffs and meats in general use. It is not a cost-of-living index. Its chief function is to show the general trend of food prices at the wholesale level.

Retail Buying Up Slightly but Uneven for Week Ended Oct. 11

Consumer purchases edged slightly higher in the week ended Oct. 11, but the picture varied by lines, regions, and widely weather. Bolstered by advances in women's apparel and new model management, investment banking, cars, total retail volume moved a or possibly a good record in manlittle above the comparable level furnishings and men's wear slipped.

The total dollar volume of retail trade in the week ended this Wednesday ranged from even to higher than a year ago, according to spot estimates collected by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Regional estimates varied from comparable 1960 levels by the following percentages: New England -4 to 0; East North Central -3 to +1; East South Central -1 to +3; West North Central and Mountain 0 to +4; Scut's Atlantic and West South Central +1 to +5; Middle lished by many of the smaller in-+4 to +8.

Nationwide Department Store Sales Increased 6% Over The 1960 Week

Department store sales on a the Federal Reserve Board's in-For the week ended Sept. 30, sales were 5% higher than last In the four-week period ended Oct. 7, 1961, sales advanced 4% over the corresponding period in 1960.

According to the Federal Reserve System, department store sales in New York City for the week ended Oct. 7, were higher than the same period last In the preceding week ended Sept. 30, sales were also 6% higher than the same period last year. For the four weeks ending Oct. 7, a 1% increase was reported above the 1960 period while from Jan. 1 to Oct. 7, a 2% increase over sales in the comparable period of 1960 was recorded.

N. C. Roberts Branch

SECURITY SALESMAN'S CORNER BY JOHN DUTTON

Creative Thinking Will Pay Off

The first step in making a sale is men who were guiding the desto find someone who needs and tiny of this young company. can use what you are selling. You can be a master of the techniques of conducting an interesting and The Wholesale Food Price In- convincing sales presentation, you dex, compiled by Dun & Brad- may know your product from A street, Inc., dipped in the latest to Z, but unless you find people week to the lowest level since who need and can use what you Aug. 8, and was also off frac- are offering, this knowledge will tionally from last year. On Oct.17, be of no practical use. Just rethe index inched 0.8% lower to cently, for example, my attention freedom from the laborious task from \$5.99 in both the was called to a sale which illustrates the importance of this Substantial declines occurred thesis. This instance involved a this week in prices paid for \$250,000 mutual fund order from bellies, eggs, hogs, coffee and an insurance company. Incidentcottonseed oil. While a larger ally, the extreme flexibility and number of foodstuffs were quoted usefulness of this investment higher in price-wheat, corn, rye, media is well known, but the oats, barley, hams, sugar, cocoa, following case history is an expotatoes and steers — their in- ample of the wide range of creases were slight and offset by objectives that can be covered by this now highly regarded invest-

The Problem Is General

There are many young and progressive insurance companies that have a serious problem today. They do not have the income to hire a highly skilled group of investment specialists who can select investments and supervise them. Yet, they realize that they must exert every effort to employ their capital funds as safely and as productively as possible. Some of these smaller companies, of necessity, must rely upon one or two executive officers who have had experience in portfolio little above the comparable level aging their own personal invest-last year, although sales of home ment portfolios. They also, quite properly, work through and with the advice of an investment committee, in making investment decisions

Often, these committees are composed of some of the directors who meet at intervals convenient to all concerned, and under circumstances which may preclude their having the time to thoroughly evaluate the many important facets which enter into portfolio management. Despite these obvious impediments a creditable investment record has been estab-Atlantic +2 to +6; and Pacific surance companies which have been rapidly forging ahead in recent years.

However, if you compare the limited facilities that are available to these companies with the highly trained, experienced inwith the like period last year, ment management which is avail- smaller institutions. The investthrough an investment in a well known to them. managed fund.

In the case of one small company, this problem was solved by investing \$250,000 in a mutual fund wherein the gross acquisition cost (which included the liquidation fee, of any part, or all of this investment) was only 3% of the principal sum invested. The sale was closed because of the realization on the part of the directors of this company that they were spending too much time in a burden to the well intentioned Raymond Moore & Co.

How One Company Met the Issue

They solved the problem by picking a mutual fund which they believe will give them experienced and skilled supervision of their investments, immediate marketability for any part, or all of their common stock portfolio, of making decisions on many individual stock investments with inadequate sources of information at their command, plus reinvestment privileges of all capital gains and dividends without further deliberation if desired. For a small acquisition cost, and one-half of one percent a year for management, to which will be added modest trustee fees, this progressive, young insurance company has solved its investment problems.

An experienced investment officer could not be secured for many times the management fee and acquisition cost involved in this purchase of the mutual fund. In addition, the time and work that was required to manage the portfolio under the circumstances which existed before this investment was initiated now frees the officers (and directors) from a task which will be better done by specialists.

When you realize that \$500,000 can be invested in many top flight mutual funds for an acquisition cost of as low as 1%, \$300,000 to \$500,000 for 2%, and \$200,000 to \$300,000 for 3%, possibly it will pay some enterprising security salesmen to look around not only for smaller insurance company prospects, but also trust funds, private investing corporations, and other large investors who may be very pleased to consider the advantages of acquiring topflight investment supervision for their portfolio of securities. The convenience from a book-keeping and taxation viewpoint alone is so obvious, plus the management superiority that is apparent to any one who wishes to investigate the facts, gives any salesman a most interesting approach to the smaller institutional and large individual investor's account.

A review of the possible investment accounts who may be interested in commitments of \$100,-000 upward in mutual funds could country-wide basis as taken from vestment research departments of lead to substantial business for many of the top mutual funds in any salesman who is able to predex advanced 6% for the week this country, you will be forced sent this excellent solution for the ended Oct. 7, 1961, compared to acknowledge that the invest- investment problems of many able not alone to a small insur- ment problem is one of vital conance company, but to the general cern to many officers and dipublic as well, does not begin to rectors of these companies, yet compare with that provided this excellent solution is often un-

The salesman who looks for customers will find many problems that people wish to solve. It may be an institutional investor or a widow with modest funds. The business is where you find it and the muual fund is only one of the excellent solutions you can offer. Creative imagination in seeking out potential investors will uncover many such opportunities.

With Hoiton, Henderson

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE)

LOS ANGELES, Calif.-W. Glenn evaluating and trying to manage Marshall, Jr., has been added to a small investment portfolio. Dis- the staff of Holton, Henderson & agreements and a cross current of Co., 621 South Spring Street, members of the Pacific Coast Stock Exchange. He was formerly ings of the investment committee with Keon & Company, Inc. and

Indications of Current Business Activity

The following statistical tabulations cover production and other figures for the latest week or month available. Dates shown in first column are either for the week or month ended on that date, or, in cases of quotations, are as of that date:

ERICAN IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE: Indicated steel operations (per cent capacity)	Oct. 14	Latest Week 72.0	Previous Week 72.0	Month Ago 69.5	Year Ago 53.2	AMERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE-Month	Latest Month	Previous Month	Year Ago
Equivalent to— Steel ingots and castings (net tons)		2,071,000	2,102,000	2,032,000	1,516,000	of July: Total domestic production (barrels of 42 gal-			
IERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE: Crude oil and condensate output—daily average (bbis. of 42 gallons each)	Oct 6	7,112,010	7,155,860	7,161,660	6,843,860	Domestic crude oil output (barrels)	245,050,000 215,699,000	241,807,000 213,084,000	240,529,0 212,645,0
Grude runs to stills—daily average (bbls.)	Oct. 6	8,155,000 28,793,000	8,139,000 29,968, 00 0	9,921,000	7,880,000 27,733,000	Natural gasoline output (barrels) Benzol output (barrels) Crude oil imports (barrels)	29,334,000 17,000	28,711,000 12,000	27,866,0
Kerosene output (bbls.)	Oct. 6	2,683,000 13,209,000	2,969,000 13,344,000	2,965,000 13,654,000	2,268,000	Refined product imports (barrels) Indicated consumption domestic and export	37,975,000 24,310,000	27,186,000 18,994,000	31,191,0 19,551,0
tocks at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit, in pipe lines—	Oct. 6	5,523,000	5,980,000	5,796,000	5,930,000	(barrels) Increase all stocks (barrels)	286,105,000 21,230,000	278,185,000 9,802,000	277,052,0 14,219.0
Finished and unfinished gasoline (bbls.) at Kerosene (bbls.) at	Oct. 6	185,110,000 36,265,000	184,484,000 35,790,000	191,207,000 35,529,000	20,121,000	BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—U. S. DEPT. OF LABOR—Month of September (in millions):	21,230,000	9,802,000	14,219,0
Distillate fuel oil (bbls.) at Residual fuel oil (bbls.) at	Oct. 6	166,438,000 50,000,000	166,139,000 50,220,000	157,562,000 49,632,000	171,437,000 50,766,000	Total new construction Private construction	5,432 3,714	5,388	5,1
SOCIATION OF AMERICAN RAILROADS: Revenue freight loaded (number of cars)	Oct. 7	639,941	638,268	512,726	645,986	Residential buildings (nonfarm) New housing units	2,089 1,590	3,714 2,105 1,574	3,5 1,5 1,4
Revenue freight received from connections (no. of cars) VIL ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION—ENGINEERING	Oct. 7	537,309	525,245	465,522	537,100	Nonhousekeeping	396 103	428 103	***
NEWS-RECORD: Total U. S. construction	Oct. 12	\$388,900,000	\$450,500,000	\$523,300,000	\$444,500,000	Industrial	949 218	937 213	
Private construction	Oct. 12	193,000,000 195,900,000	243,400,000 207,100,000	254,200,000 269,100,000	252,300,000 192,200,000	Commercial Office buildings and warehouses	421 201	416 201	
State and municipal Federal	Oct. 12 Oct. 12	168,500,000 27,400,000	188,500,000 18,600,000	240,700,000 28,400,000	171,500,000 20,700,000	Stores, restaurants, and garages Other nonresidential buildings	220 310	215 308	
AL OUTPUT (U. S. BUREAU OF MINES); Bituminous coal and lignite (tons)		8,595,000	8,775,000	7,205,000	8,279,000	Religious Educational Hospital and institutional	91 56 71	90 55	
Pennsylvania anthracite (tons)		364,000	334,000	300,000	392,000	Social and recreational Miscellaneous	67 25	69 69 25	
SYSTEM—1947-49 AVERAGE—100ISON ELECTRIC INSTITUTE:	Oct. 7	164	156	129	155	Farm constructionPublic utilities	150 507	161 491	
Electric output (in 000 kwh.) ILURES (COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL) — DUN 4		15,125,000	15,035,000	15,869,000	14,120,000	Other public utilities	85 422	79 412	
BRADSTREET, INC.		341	330	292	326	Public construction	1,718	20 1,674	1
ON AGE COMPOSITE PRICES:	Oct. 9	6.196c \$66.44	6.196c \$66.44	6.196c \$66.44	6.196c \$66.41	Nonresidential buildings	73 461	69 459	
Pig iron (per gross ton)	Oct. 9	\$39.17	\$39.17	\$39.50	\$29.83	Industrial Educational Hospital and institutional	30 277	29 275	
TAL PRICES (E. & M. J. QUOTATIONS):				20000		Administrative and service Other nonresidential buildings	33 68 53	32 69	
Domestic refinery at Export refinery at	Oct. 11	30.600c 27.700c	30.600c 27.375c	30.625c 28.325c	32.575c 27.475c	Military facilities Highways	117 689	54 109 651	
ead (New York) at ead (St. Louis) at	Oct. 11	11.000c 10.800c	11.000c 10.800c	11.000c 10.800c	12.000c 11.800c	Sewer and water systemsSewer	147	149 86	
inc (delivered) atinc (East St. Louis) at	_Oct. 11	12.000c 11.500c 24.000c	12.000c 11.500c 24.000c	12.000c 11.500c 26.000c	13.500c 13.000c 26.000c	WaterPublic service enterprises	63 60	63 66	
lluminum (primary pig, 99.5%) attraits tin (New York) at	Oct. 11	121.125c	121.125c	120.500c	103.750c	Conservation and developmentAll other public	135 36	135 36	
ODY'S BOND PRICES DAILY AVERAGES: J. S. Government Bonds	_Oct. 17	87.13	87.19	87.02	87.10	BUILDING PERMIT VALUATION — DUN & BRADSTREET, INC.—217 CITIES—Month			
verage corporate	_ OCt. 17	85.85 90.06	85.85 89.92	85.59 89.51	86.91 91.48	of August: New England	\$36,043,525	\$26,226,342	\$36,27
86	Oct. 17	87.99 84.94	87.99 84.94	87.59 84.68	89.37 86.38	Middle Atlantic South Atlantic	85,194,541	232,506,291 47,387,096	140,154
anroad Group	- UCL. 11	80.69 83.28	80.81 83.28	80.81 82.90	80.81 84.04 87.86	East Central South Central	119.278.928	111,941,988 109,676,025	
ublic Utilities Group		86.65 87.59	86.78 87.45	86.51 87.32	88.81	West Central Mountain	35,177,661	27,801,574	41,54 34,81
ODY'S BOND YIELD DAILY AVERAGES: . S. Government Bonds	_Oct. 17	3.97	3.95	3.96	3.87	Pacific	-	-	-
verage corporate	Oct. 17	4.72 4.42	4.72 4.42	4.74 4.45	4.64 4.31	New York City			
8	Oct. 17	4.56 4.79	4.56 4.79	4.59 4.81	4.46 4.68	Total outside New York City	\$617,326,248	\$545,714,179	\$564,22
Baa	Oct. 17	5.13 4.92	5.12 4.92	5.12 4.95	5.12 4.86	BUSINESS INVENTORIES — DEPT. OF COM- MERCE NEW SERIES — Month of August			
Public Utilities Groupndustrials Group	Oct. 17	4.66 4.59	4.65 4.60	4.67 4.61	4.57 4.50	(Millions of dollars): Manufacturing	\$53,600	\$53,200	\$5
ODY'S COMMODITY INDEX	_Oct. 17	371.0	374.6	376.4	359.3	Wholesale Retail		13,300 24,500	2
TIONAL PAPERBOARD ASSOCIATION:	_ Oct. 7	382,118	365,915	286,818	340,449	Total COAL EXPORTS (BUREAU OF MINES)—	\$91,300	*\$91,100	\$9
roduction (tons)	Oct. 7	349,930 97	349,991 98 570,722	261,790 76 549,084	314,365 92 456,370	Month of August: U. S. exports of Pennsylvania anthracite			
nfilled orders (tons) at end of period	_ Oct. 7	598,031	510,122	343,004	400,310	(net tons) To North and Central America (net tons)	141,814 87,855	93,228 73,222	13
1949 AVERAGE=100		113.79	113.71	114.04	109.65	To Europe (net tons) To South America (net tons)	53,556 312	18,374 1,632	3
BERS, EXCEPT ODD-LOT DEALERS AND SPECIALIST	8					To Asia (net tons)COAL OUTPUT (BUREAU OF MINES)—Month	91	Mars and one and park right	-
ransactions of specialists in stocks in which registered— Total purchasesShort sales	_Sept. 22	2,482,070 431,700	2,309,960 407,840	2,608,230 415,140	2,230,210 344,700	of September: Bituminous coal and lignite (net tons)	35,220,000	37,550,000	34.70
Other sales Total sales	_Sept. 22	2,111,380	1,901,810 2,309,650	2,117,050 2,532,190	1,911,050 2,255,750	Pennsylvania anthracite (net tons) COTTON GINNING (DEPT. OF COMMERCE):	1,423,000	*1,565,000	1,58
Total purchases			299,920	537,280	328,020	To October 1, running bales	2,683,436	-	3,67
Short sales	Sept. 22 Sept. 22	61,300 439,930	33,400 290,580	55,560 480,800	49,730 281,670	MERCE): (500-lb. gross bales) as of Oct, 1	14,344,000	14,262,000	14,2
Total sales	_Sept. 22	501,230	323,980	536,360	331,400	NATIONAL ELECTRICAL MFRS. ASSN.— MAJOR ELECTRICAL HOUSEHOLD APPLI-			
Total purchases			707,173 74,330	953,271 84,400	621,975 96,020	ANCES—Month of August: Electric household refrigerators (units)	304,200	304,700	30
Other sales Total sales	_ CCD1. 22	031,400	631,730 706,060	779,032 863,432	576,244 672,264	Electric farm and home freezers: Chest model (units)	53,620	51,890	-
otal round-lot transactions for account of members—	Sept. 22	3,670,638	3,317,053	4,098,781	3,180,205	Upright model (units)	74,100 127,686		10
Short sales	Sept. 22	3,248,965	515,570 2,824,120	555,100 3,376,882	490,450 2,768,964	Electric ranges (over 2½ kw): Free-standing ranges (units)	70,700		100
Total salesOCK TRANSACTIONS FOR ODD-LOT ACCOUNT OF ODD		3,811,355	3,339,690	3,931,982	3,259,414	Total electric ranges (units)	127,500	104,000	1
LOT DEALERS AND SPECIALISTS ON N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE — SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION	K					Electric storage water heaters (units) Electric dishwashers (includes motor-driven	61,400	59,400	
dd-lot sales by dealers (customers' purchases)—† Number of shares	Sept. 22	1,672,408	1,635,836	1,707,933	1,673,674	types only. Excludes miniature or drain- board types):	14,400	17,100	
Dollar value	Sept. 22	\$92,576,924	\$94,018,032	\$93,434,082	\$79,942,968	Portable (units) Under-counter and all others (units) Total electric dishwashers (units)		24,700	3
Number of orders—customers total sales Customers' snort sales	_Sept. 22	22,297	1,617,693	1,879,502 11,279	1,459,256 21,418	Electric food waste disposers (Plumbed-in units only)			6
Customers' other sales	_Sept. 22	1,585,243 \$83,291,749	1,598,386 \$84,561,257	1,868,223 \$95,671,971	1,437,838 \$69,937,804	Dehumidifiers (units)	55,600		1
ound-lot sales by dealers— Number of shares—Total sales	Sept. 22	489,670	497,950	660,350	417,490	Month of August: Production (barrels)	33,262,000	32,511,000	33,27
Other sales Number of shares	_Sept. 22	489,670	497,950 506,410	660,350 453,010	417,490 615,850	Shipments from mills (barrels) Stocks at end of month (barrels)	37,106,000	31,753,000 37,889,000	36,38
ound-lot purchases by dealers—Number of shares TAL ROUND-LOT STOCK SALES ON THE N. Y. STOC		320,770	300,410	103,010	010,000	Capacity used (per cent)	89	88	
FAL ROUND-LOT STOCK SALES ON THE N. X. STOC EXCHANGE AND ROUND-LOT STOCK TRANSACTION FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS (SHARES):	S					SELECTED INCOME ITEMS OF U. S. CLASS I RYS. (Interstate Commerce Commission)—			
otal round-lot sales— Short sales—	_Sept. 22	769,720	669,830	739,380			\$59,367,063 24,147,600	\$40,777,687 24,205,037	20,00
Other sales Total sales	_Sept. 22	16,026,270	15,081,560 15,751,390	17,479,470 18,218,850	14,709,450 15,456,730	Total income Miscellaneous deductions from income	83,514,663	64,982,724 4,712,236	83,03 4,32
OLESALE PRICES, NEW SERIES - U. S. DEPT. OF			, , , , , ,			Income available for fixed charges Total fixed charges	31,089,448	60,270,488 30,942,788	78,70 31,25
LABOR — (1947-49=100): commodity Group—	Oci se	110.0	110.5	110.0	119.2	Income after fixed chargesOther deductions	47,687,815 4,092,924	29,327,700 3,781,714	47,45
All commodities Farm products	_Oct. 10	118.5 88.0 107.8	118.5 87.8 107.9	118.7 87.6 108.0	89.0	Net income	43,594,891 53,536,199	25,545,986 53,508,485	43,26 52,64
Processed foods Meats	_Oct. 10	95.0	94.9 127.0	95.1 127.3	96.5 127.7	Federal income taxes	25,641,410	22,738,459 33,698,470	24,43
All commodities other than farm and foods	Oat 10	127.0				On common stock	31,686,854		7000 10

Securities Now in Registration

* INDICATES ADDITIONS SINCE PREVIOUS ISSUE • ITEMS REVISED

NOTE — Because of the large number of issues ewaiting processing by the SEC, it is becoming increasingly difficult to predict offering dates with a high degree of accuracy. The dates shown in the index and in the accompanying detailed items reflect the expectations of the underwriter but are not, in general, to be considered as firm offering dates.

ABC Cellophane Corp.

Sept. 7, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.

Business—A converter of packaging material, producing polyethylene and cellophane bags and sheets. Proceeds — For a new plant and equipment and working capital. Office—1368-72 Utica Ave., Brooklyn. Underwriter—Havener Securities Corp., N. Y.

Aug. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 40,000 common shares (no par).

Price—\$7.50. Proceeds—For equipment and working capital. Office—652 Mateo Street, Los Angeles. Underwriters—Blalack & Co., Inc., San Marino, Calif.; Harbison & Henderson, Los Angeles; May & Co., Portland, Ore., and Wheeler & Cruttenden, Inc., Los Angeles. Offering—Imminent.

• AMI Corp. (11/6-10)
Sept. 11, 1961 filed 230,000 common, of which 160,000 are to be offered by the company and 70,000 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacturer of scale model plastic automobiles distributed in kit form. Proceeds—For equipment, repayment of loans, and working capital. Office—1225 E. Maple Rd., Troy, Mich. Underwriter—A. G. Becker & Co., Chicago (mgr.).

Abbey Rents
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 200,000 capital shares, of which 100,000 will be sold by the company and 100,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Rental and
sale of party, sickroom and hospital equipment. Proceeds
—Expansion, inventory and working capital. Underwriter—William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles.

• Abby Vending Manufacturing Corp.
July 26, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business—The manufacture of coin operated vending machines. Proceeds—For moving expenses, an acquisition and working capital. Office—79 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter — L. H. Wright & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

Sept. 18, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—\$1. Business—The design, manufacture and sale of trophies, plaques and cups for sporting events. Proceeds—For production expenses, printing, promotion, inventory and working capital. Office—1510 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Ezra Kureen Co., N. Y. Offering—In Nov.

Aceto Chemical Co., Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 88,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Purchase and sale of chemicals and by-products. Proceeds—For expansion, sales promotion, and working capital. Office—40-40 Lawrence St., Flushing, N. Y. Underwriter—Karen Securities Corp., N. Y.

Acratex Chemical Coatings, Inc. (10/30-11/3) Aug. 8, 1961 ("Reg. A") 99,900 common. Price—\$3. Business—The manufacture of a wallcovering product. Proceeds — For expansion and general corporate purposes. Office—Easton St., Ronkonkoma, N. Y. Underwriter—Tyche Securities Inc., N. Y.

Acro Electronic Products Co. (11/15)
July 17, 1961 filed 100,000 class A common shares. Price

\$\text{-\$4}\$. Business\text{-The manufacture of transformers for electronic and electrical equipment. Proceeds\text{-For relocating to and equipping a new plant, purchase of inventory, research and development, advertising, promotion and merchandising, repayment of debt and other corporate purposes. Office\text{-369 Shurs Lane, Philadelphia. Underwriter\text{-Roth & Co., Inc., Philadelphia.}

A-Drive Auto Leasing System, Inc.
Jan. 19, 1961 filed 100,000 shares of class A stock, of which 75,000 are to be offered for public sale by the company and 25,000 shares, being outstanding stock, by the present holders thereof. Price—\$10 per share. Business—The company is engaged in the business of leasing automobiles and trucks for periods of over one year. Proceeds—To repay loans; open new offices in Philadelphia, Pa., and New Haven, Conn.; lease and equip a large garage in New York City and lease additional trucks. Office—1616 Northern Boulevard, Manhasset, N. Y. Underwriter—Hill, Darlington & Grimm, N. Y. C. (mgr.)

* Addison-Wesley Publishing Co., Inc.
Oct. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 1,250 class B common. Price—
\$36. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—South St.,
Reading, Mass. Underwriter—None.

Adrian Steel Co.
Sept. 11, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$2.50.
Business—Steel fabricating and warehousing. Proceeds
—To establish a new industrial air conditioner division.
Office—Adrian, Mich. Underwriter—Morrison & Frumin, Inc., Detroit.

Advanced Electronics Corp.

May 31, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 class A shares (par 10 cents). Price \$2. Business—Designs and manufactures radio telemetry systems, frequency filters and power supplies for the missile, rocket and space programs.

Proceeds—For research and development, equipment,

repayment of loans and working capital. Office—2 Commercial St., Hicksville, N. Y. Underwriter — Edward Hindley & Co., and Hardy & Hardy, N. Y. C.

Aero-Dynamics Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 7, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price—\$5.
Business — The importation and distribution of Italian marble and mosaic tiles. Proceeds — For the purchase and installation of new moulds, machinery and equipment, research and general corporate purposes. Office—250 Goffle Road, Hawthorne, N. J. Underwriters—Cambridge Securities, Inc. and Edward Lewis Co., Inc., N. Y.

July 11, 1961 ("Reg. A") 95,000 common. Price—\$3. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, purchase of notes and equipment. Office—185 Walton Ave., N. W., Atlanta, Ga. Underwriters—T. Michael McDarby & Co., Inc., and J. Morris Anderson & Associates, Inc., both of Washington, D. C. Offering—Imminent.

Aero Space Electronics, Inc.
July 17, 1961 ("Reg. A") 80,000 capital shares. Price—\$3.
Proceeds—For repayment of debt and working capital.
Office — 2036 Broadway, Santa Monica, Calif. Underwriter—Hamilton Waters & Co., Inc., Hempstead, N. Y.

Aerological Research, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3.50 Business — The manufacture of instruments for aerology, meterology, oceanography, geophysics and atmospheric phenomenon. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—420 Division St., Long Branch, N. J. Underwriter—A. D. Gilhart & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Aetna Maintenance Co.
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 154,000 common, of which 128,000 are to be offered by the company and 26,000 by stockholders.
Price—By amendment. Business—Furnishing of cleaning and protection services for office buildings, plants, and military bases. Proceeds—To repay loans and increase working capital. Office—526 S. San Pedro St., Los Angeles. Underwriter—Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco.

Agency Tile Industries, Inc.
Sept. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 120,000 common. Price—\$2.50.
Business—Importing, marketing and distributing ceramic tiles. Proceeds—Debt payment, new products, sales promotion and advertising, new office and warehouse and working capital. Office—522 W. 29th St., N. Y. Underwriter—International Services Corp., Paterson, N. J.

Air Master Corp. (11/6-10)
May 26, 1961 filed 200,000 shares of class A common stock, of which 50,000 shares are to be offered for public sale by the company and 150,000 outstanding shares by the present holders thereof. Price—To be supplied by amendment. Business—The manufacture and sale of aluminum storm windows and doors, and other aluminum products. Proceeds—For working capital, and other corporate purposes. Office—20th Street, and Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriter—Francis I. du Pont & Co., New York City (managing).

★ Air Survey Corp.
Oct. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 4,029 class A common and 20,-000 class B common to be offered for subscription by stockholders. Price—Class A at par (\$5); class B \$4.
Proceeds—For sales promotion, equipment and working capital. Office—1101 Lee Highway, Arlington, Va. Underwriter—None.

July 29, 1961 filed 199,000 common, of which 110,000 are to be offered by the company and 89,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of electronic, mechanical and components. Proceeds—Repayment of loans, expansion and working capital. Office—6900 West Road 84, Fort Lauderdale, Fla. Underwriters—Stein Bros. & Boyce, Baltimore and Vickers, McPherson & Warwick, Inc., N. Y. Offering—Expected in Nov.

Afbert Voigt Industries, Inc. (11/6-10)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed 80,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—
The manufacture of metal store fixtures, show cases and related items. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, working capital, a leasehold improvement and moving expenses. Office—14-20 Dunham Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—David Barnes & Co., Inc., N. Y. C.

Ai-Crete Corp.
Sept. 20, 1961 filed 127,000 class A common. Price—\$3.
Business—Development and manufacture of a new variety of building products. Proceeds—For construction of a new plant. Office—4800 Baltimore Ave., Hyattsville, Md. Underwriter—Whitehall Securities Corp., Pittsburgh.

All Service Life Insurance Co.
Sept. 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 239,200 common. Price—\$1.25.
Business—Writing of life, accident, sickness and health insurance. Office—1729 N. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Underwriter—Copley & Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

All Star World Wide, Inc. (11/13-17)
July 7, 1961 filed \$250,000 of 5% convertible subordinated debentures due 1971 and 150,000 common shares.

Price—For debentures, at par; for stock, \$5. Business—
Joint venture with Brunswick Corp. to establish and operate bowling centers in Europe. Proceeds—For expansion and general corporate purposes. Office—100 W. Tenth St., Wilmington, Del. Underwriters—Alessandrini & Co., Inc. and Hardy & Hardy, New York (managing).

All-State Auto Rental Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 50,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—
Leases motor vehicles. Proceeds—For working capital.
Office — 31-04 Northern Blvd., Long Island City, N. Y.
Underwriter—None.

Allen Organ Co.

Aug. 30, 1961 filed 140,000 class B (non-voting) common, of which 37,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 103,000 by the stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of electronic organs. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan, redemption of outstanding preferred, working capital and expansion. Address—Macungie, Pa. Underwriters—Drexel & Co., Philadelphia, and Warren W. York & Co., Allentown, Pa. (mgrs.)

* Allo Precision Metals Engineering, Inc.
Oct. 3, 1961 ("Reg. A") 85,000 common. Price—\$3. Proceeds—For debt repayment, equipment, and working capital. Office—Congressional Airport, Rockville, Md. Underwriter—Davis & Leach, Inc., Washington, D. C.

Alpine Geophysical Associates, Inc. (11/13-17) July 28, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price — By amendment. Business — The conducting of marine and land geophysical surveys for petroleum and mining exploration and engineering projects, and the manufacture of oceanographic and geophysical apparatus. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and general corporate purposes. Office—55 Oak St., Norwood, N. J. Underwriter—S. D. Fuller & Co., New York (managing).

• Alson Mfg. Co. (11/13-17) Aug. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$4. Proceeds—For equipment, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—2690 N. E. 191st St., Miami, Fla. Underwriter—Albion Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Aluma-Rail, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$2.25.
Business—Manufacture of new color anodized aluminum chain link fencing. Proceeds—For inventory and plant expansion. Office—44 Passaic Ave., Kearny, N. J. Underwriter—Herman & Diamond, N. Y.

Amacorp Industrial Leasing Cc., Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed \$3,000,000 of 6½% conv. subord. debentures due 1971. Price—By amendment. Business—Financing and lease of industrial and office equipment. Proceeds—Repay debt and increase working capital. Office—34 S. Stoneman Ave., Alhambra, Calif. Underwriter—McDonnell & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Amcap investment Inc.
Oct. 2, 1961 filed 250,000 common. Price—\$11.25. Business—A small business investment company. Proceeds—For investment. Address—Chicago. Underwriter—None.

Amcrete Corp.

May 4, 1961 (letter of notification) 75,000 shares of common stock (par 10 cents). Price—\$4 per share. Business — The sale of pre-cast and pre-stressed concrete panels for swimming pools and pumps, filters, ladders, etc. Proceeds—For building test pools; advertising, inventory and working capital. Office—102 Mamaroneck Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y. Underwriter—Vincent Associates, Ltd., 217 Broadway, N. Y.

Amerel Mining Co. Ltd.
July 31, 1961 filed 400,000 common shares. Price—50 cents. Business—The company is engaged in exploration, development and mining. Proceeds—For diamond drilling, construction, exploration and general corporate expenses. Office—80 Richmond St., W., Toronto. Underwriter—E. A. Manning, Ltd., Toronto.

American Auto Stores, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 class A common. Price—\$5. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—3333 Locust St., St. Louis. Underwriter—Scherck, Richter Co., St. Louis.

American Automatic Vending Corp. (10/30)
Aug. 15, 1961 filed 270,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Sale of merchandise through vending machines. Proceeds—Repayment of debt and other corporate purposse. Office—7501 Carnegie Ave., Cleveland, O. Underwriter—McDonald & Co., Cleveland.

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American Data Machines, Inc.

Aug. 17, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-\$4.50. Business-Manufacture of data processing equipment. Proceeds-Repayment of loans, new products, advertising, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office -7 Commercial St., Hicksville, N. Y. Underwriter-Golkin, Bomback & Co., N. Y. Offering-In early Nov.

· American Distilling Co.

Sept. 14, 1961 filed \$9,551,900 of 4%% subord. debentures due Nov. 1, 1986 (convertible until 1971) being offered for subscription by common stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 10 shares held of record Oct. 17, with rights to expire Nov. 1. Price -Business-Distilling and marketing of alcoholic beverages including bourbon, whiskies, vodkas and gins. Proceeds—For the prepayment of debt, and working capital. Office—150 E. 42nd St., N. Y. Underwriter—Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y.

A American Educational Life Insurance Co.

Oct. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 78,944 class A common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one share for each two shares held of record Sept. 15.

Price—\$3. Proceeds—For capital and surplus. Office—
1808 West End Bldg., Nashville, Tenn. Underwriter—

American Electronic Laboratories, Inc. May 26, 1961 filed 10,632 shares of class A common stock to be offered for subscription by stockholders at the rate of one new share for each 10 shares held. Price -To be supplied by amendment. Business-The company is engaged in research and development in the field of electronic communication equipment. Proceeds-For construction, new equipment, and other corporate purposes. Office—121 North Seventh Street, Philadelphia. Underwriter—Suplee, Yeatman, Mosley Co., Inc., Philadelphia, Pa. Offering-Imminent.

American Finance Co., Inc. (11/6-10) April 21, 1961 filed \$500,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1971; 75,000 shares of common stock, and 25,000 common stock purchase warrants to be offered for public sale in units consisting of one \$200 debenture, 30 common shares and 10 warrants. Price-\$500 per unit. Business—The company and its subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the automobile sale finance business. One additional subsidiary is a Maryland savings and loan association and two are automobile insurance brokers. Proceeds—For the retirement of debentures, and capital funds. Office 1472 Broadway, N. Y. Underwriter-Myron A. Lomasney & Co., N. Y.

American & Foreign Power Co., Inc. Sept. 18, 1961 filed 240,000 common. Price—By amendment. Proceeds — For the selling stockholder, Electric Bond & Share Co. Office—100 Church Street, N. Y. Underwriter .- Lazard Freres & Co., and First Boston Corp.,

American Keritage Publishing Co., Inc.

Aug. 18, 1961 filed 140,000 common shares, of which 75,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 65,000 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business-Magazine and book publishing. Proceeds-For repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—551 Fifth Ave., New York. Underwriter—White, Weld & Co., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

American Micro Devices, Inc. Aug. 2, 1961 filed 1,500,000 class A common shares. Price - \$1.15. Business—The manufacture of electronic components. Proceeds-The purchase of equipment and materials, operational expenses, working capital and rewriter-Nattalin & Co., Inc., Minneapolis, Offering-Expected in late November.

American Precision Industries, Inc.

Aug. 18, 1961 filed 158,000 common shares, of which 115,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 38,000 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business-The machining and fabrication of components and assemblies from steel, aluminum and certain alloys and other metals. Proceeds - New plant and equipment, research and development, repayment of debt and working capital. Office-3901 Union Rd., Buffalo. Underwriter-Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co., New York (mgr.). Offering—Imminent.

American Realty & Petroleum Corp.

conv. subord. de-Sept. 28, 1961 filed 2,000,000 01 0 bentures due 1971. Price-At par. Business-Real estate and also the oil and gas business. Proceeds-For repayment of debt, sales and advertising, property improvements and possible acquisitions. Office—16 W. 61st St., N. Y. Underwriter—Troster, Singer & Co., N. Y.

American Realty Trust July 25, 1961 filed 500,000 shares of beneficial interests. Price-\$10. Business-A real estate investment company. Office—608 Thirteenth St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter — Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc., St. Louis.

Offering-Imminent.

American Safety Equipment Corporation Sept. 28, 1961 filed 80,000 common. Price-\$10. Business —Manufacture of safety seat belts. Proceeds—Inventory, machinery, and research. Office—261 Madison Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Charles Plohn & Co., N. Y.

 American Self Service Stores, Inc. (10/24) Aug. 11, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares, of which 50,-000 shares are to be offered by the company and 50,000 shares by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business The operation of self-service shoe stores. Proceeds For repayment of loans and expansion. Office-1908 Washington Avenue. St. Louis. Underwriter-Scherck, Richter Co., St. Louis.

American Sports Plan, Inc. June 29, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares. Price-\$6. Business-The operation of bowling centers. Proceeds

-For expansion. Office-473 Winter Street, Waltham, Mass. Underwriter-None.

American Technical Machinery Corp.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 95,000 common, of which 65,000 are to be offered by the company and 30,000 by stockholders. **Price** — By amendment. **Business** — The manuacture of machinery for fabrication of twisted wire brushes. Proceeds—For equipment, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—29-31 Elm Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Underwriter-M. L. Lee & Co., Inc., N. Y. C. (mgr.).

American Variety Stores, Inc. Aug. 30, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$4.50. Business-The operation of retail discount variety stores. Proceeds — For repayment of loans, equipment, and working capital. Office — Cleveland at Passaic, Fort Myers, Fla. Underwriter — Netherlands Securities Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Amity Corp. Jan. 17, 1961 filed 88,739 shares of common stock (par \$1). Price-\$3 per share. Business-Land development, including the building of an air strip, a marina, and a housing cooperative. This is the issuer's first public financing. Proceeds-For general corporate purposes, including \$170,000 for construction and \$12,000 for debt reduction. Office-Equitable Building, Baltimore, Md. Underwriter-Karen Securities Corp., New York City. Note—This statement is expected to be refiled.

Amphicar Corp. of America June 15, 1961 filed 100,000 common, Price-\$5. Business -Manufacture of amphibious automobiles. Proceeds-To establish a parts depot in Newark, N. J., set up sales and service organizations, and for working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—660 Madison Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—J. J. Krieger & Co., N. Y.

Anaconda Rea! Estate Investment Trust Oct. 3, 1961 filed 163,636 shares of beneficial interests. Price-\$10. Business-Real estate investing. Proceeds-For purchase of real estate in Florida. Office—1776 E. Sunrise Blvd., Fort Lauderdale, Fla. Underwriter-None.

 Anderson New England Capital Corp. (10/24) July 21, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price-\$15. Business -A small business investment company. Proceeds-For investment. Office-150 Causeway St., Boston. Underwriter-Putnam & Co., Hartford.

Animal Insurance Co. of America

June 29, 1961 filed 40,000 common shares. Price—\$15.50. Business — The insuring of animals, primarily race horses, trotters and pacers. Proceeds-For expansion and general corporate purposes. Office—92 Liberty St., New York. Underwriter-Bernard M. Kahn & Co., Inc., New York (mgr.). Offering-Imminent.

Anodyne, Inc.
June 20, 1961 filed \$625,000 of 5% convertible subordinated debentures, 156,250 common shares reserved for issuance on conversion of the debentures and 5-year warrants to purchase 125,000 common shares to be offered in 6,250 units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and warrants to purchase 20 shares. The units will be offered for subscription by common stockholders on the basis of one unit for each 100 commo: shares held. Price — \$100 per unit. Proceeds — For expansion and working capital. Office—1270 N. W. 165th St., North Miami Beach, Fla. Underwriters—Ross, Lyon & Co., Inc., and Globus, Inc., New York.

* Anoroc Products, Inc. Oct. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business-Fabrication, manufacture and assembly of glass enclosures for bathtubs. Proceeds-For debt repayment and general corporate purposes. Office—181-14 Jamaica Ave., Jamaica, N. Y. Underwriters-G. Everett Parks & Co., Inc. and Parker Co., N. Y.

Apex Thermoplastics, Inc. (11/13-17) Aug. 29, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-\$2.40. Business—The manufacture of thermoplastic compounds for resale to other manufacturers. Proceeds—For equipment, sales and advertising and working capital. Office—395 Smith St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Continental Bond & Shares Corp., Maplewood, N. J.

Architectural Marble Co. Aug. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$3.50. Business—The cutting, designing, polishing and installing of marble products. **Proceeds**—For plant expansion, inventory and working capital. Office 4425 N. E. Sixth Terrace, Oakland Park, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. Underwriter-J. J. Bruno & Co., Inc., Pittsburgh.

 Arista Truck Renting Corp. (11/6-10) Aug. 2, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$5. Business-Renting of trucks in the New York City area. Proceeds -Repayment of loans, purchase of equipment, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office Bond St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—None.

Arizona Color Film Processing Laboratories, Inc. March 23, 1961 filed 2,100,500 shares of common stock to be offered for subscription by common stockholders on the basis of one new share for each share held. Price -22 cents per share. Business-The processing of black and white and color film. Proceeds-To repay loans and for working capital. Office—2 North 30th Street, Phoenix, Ariz. Underwriter-None.

Armorflex Chemical Corp.

Sept. 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common. Price-\$2. Business - Manufacture of chemical products used for painting, waterproofing, caulking, etc. Proceeds-Sales promotion, research and development, inventory expansion and working capital. Office-1100 N. E. 125th St., North Miami, Fla. Underwriter — Fairfax Investment Corp., Washington, D. C.

-\$5. Business-The purchase, conversion, decoration,

Artlin Mills, Inc. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 135,000 class A common shares. Price

gift packaging and distribution of terrycloth towels and cotton pillow cases. Proceeds—For inventory, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—1030 Pearl St., Long Branch, N. J. Underwriter—Mortimer B. Burnside & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Associated Products, Inc.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 359,000 common, of which 175,000 are to be offered by the company and 184,000 by stockholders. Price-\$17. Business-The manufacture of dog and cat food, cosmetics, drug items and toiletries. Proceeds-For repayment of loans and working capital. Office-445 Park Ave., N. Y. C. Underwriters-Allen & Co., N. Y. C. and A. C. Allyn & Co., Chicago (co-mgrs.). Offering-Expected in November.

Astrodata, Inc. Aug. 28, 1961 filed 825,000 shares of capital stock, of which 200,000 will be offered for public sale and 625,000 will be offered for subscription by stockholders of Epsco, Inc., parent, on the basis of one new share for each Epsco share held. Price-By amendment. Business-The manufacture of electronic data handling equipment, range timing devices and standard electronic products. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital.

Office—240 E. Palais Rd., Anaheim, Calif. Underwriters—Granbery, Marache & Co., N. Y. C. and William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles.

Astro-Science Corp. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 232,500 common, of which 150,000 are to be offered by the company and 82,500 by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Design and manufacture of ground systems and equipment for the support and servicing of electronic systems, aircraft and missiles. Proceeds—Repay debt and increase working capital. Office—9449 W. Jefferson Blvd., Culver City, Calif. Underwriter—W. C. Langley & Co., N. Y.

Atlantic Capital Corp. Aug. 29, 1961 filed 500,000 common. Price-\$12.50. Business-A small business investment company. Proceeds-For general corporate purposes. Office-744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Underwriter-Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis, N. Y. C. Offering-Expected in late October.

Atlantic City Electric Co. (11/2) Sept. 22, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price-By amendment. Proceeds-Prepayment of debt and construction. Office—1600 Pacific Ave., Atlantic City, N. J. Underwriters—Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. and Smith, Barney & Co., N. Y.

• Atlantic Improvement Corp. (11/6-10) Aug. 30, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-The development of residential communities. Proceeds Repayment of a loan and construction, general corporate purposes. Office-521 Fifth Ave., Underwriters-Bear, Stearns & Co., and Finkle & Co., N. Y. (mgrs.).

Atlas Electronics Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 185,000 common. Price-\$2.10. Business-Distribution of electronic components, parts and equipment. Proceeds-To repay debt, purchase inventory, and increase working capital. Office—774 Pfeiffer Blvd., Perth Amboy, N. J. Underwriters—Hay, Fales & Co. and McLaughlin, Kaufman & Co., N. Y.

Atmospheric Controls, Inc. Aug. 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 40,000 common. Price-\$3.50. Proceeds — For repayment of loans, acquisition and working capital. Office—715 N. Fayette St., Alexandria, Va. Underwriter—First Investment Planning Co., Wasnington, D. C. Offering—Expected in late November. · Atmotron, Inc.

July 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price \$1.15, Proceeds For general corporate purposes. Office-5209 Hanson Court, Minneapolis. Underwriter-To be named.

Ausco, Inc.

Oct. 12, 1961 filed 110,000 common. Price-\$3. Business —Design, development, and manufacture of high pressure aircraft and missile valves. Proceeds—For engineering, product development, inventories, advertising, expansion and working capital. Office—17 W. 60th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Pearson, Murphy & Co., Inc., N. Y. Authenticolor Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 148,200 common, of which 136,800 are Price-\$3.25. Business - Furnishing of photographic service for the professional market. Proceeds-Working capital and repayment of loans. Office-525 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-General Economics Corp., N. Y.

Automata International, Inc. Aug. 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 300,000 common. Price - \$1. Proceeds—For tooling, equipment and working capital. Office - 241 S. Robertson Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriter - Pacific Coast Securities Co., San Fran. Offering—Expected in late October.

Automated Gift Plan, Inc. June 12, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Manufacture and sale of "Gift Bookards" designed to provide simplified gift giving for business and industry. Proceeds - For advertising, sales promotion, repayment of loans, working capital and the establishment of national dealerships. Office-80 Park Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-J. Laurence & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Automated Sports Centers, Inc. (11/1) June 28, 1961 filed 1,750 units, each consisting of one \$400 principal amount debenture (with attached warrants) and 120 common. Price \$1,000 per unit. Business -The operation of bowling centers. Proceeds-For repayment of debt, acquisition of a warehouse and working capital. Office — 11459 E. Imperial Hwy., Norfolk, Calif. Underwriter—Holton, Henderson & Co., Los An-

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geles. Note-The company formerly was named Union Leagues, Inc.

Automated Teaching Systems, Inc. Sept. 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 30,000 common. Price-\$10. Business-Manufacture of self-instructional materials and devices. Proceeds-For equipment, research and development and other corporate purposes. Office-1 W. 58th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Arthur J. Rosenhauser Co., 95 Broad St., N. Y.

Autrol Corp. Sept. 13, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-Manufacture of automatic vending machines and related equipment. Office-1649 Vine St., Denver, Colo. Underwriter-Schmidt, Sharp, McCabe & Co., Inc., Denver, Colo.

Aveeno Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Development and sale of pharmaceutical products. Proceeds-For sales promotion, new products and working capital. Office 250 W. 57th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Laird & Company, Corp., N. Y.

Avemce Finance Corp. (11/6-10) Aug. 15, 1961 filed 300,000 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business The retail financing of time sales to consumers and the financing of dealer sales of aircraft and related equipment. Proceeds-For the repayment of debt. Office-8645 Colesville, Rd., Silver Spring, Md. Underwriters—Sterling, Grace & Co., New York and Rouse, Brewer, Becker & Bryant, Inc., Washington, D. C.

BSF Company June 30, 1961 filed \$2,500,000 of 5% convertible subordinated debentures due 1966. Price-At par. Proceeds -To repay debt and as a reserve for possible acquisitions. Office-818 Market St., Wilmington, Del. Underwriter-None.

Barish Associates, Inc.
Sept. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price—\$4. Business-Aeronautical research and development. Proceeds-For working capital. Office-224 E. 38th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Gianis & Co., N. Y.

Barry (R. G.) Corp. Sept. 21, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$5. Business Manufacture of slippers, robes, cushions, pillows, autoseat covers, and other specialty items. Proceeds-To repay debt, increase inventory and for other corporate purposes. Office—78 E. Chestnut St., Columbus, Ohio. Underwriter—Arnold Malkan & Co., N. Y.

Barry-Martin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Aug. 25, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 class A common. Price —\$2. Proceeds—For packaging, advertising, repayment of loans and working capital. Office — 4621 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Coral Gables, Fla. Underwriter — Edward Hindley & Co., N. Y. C.

• Barton Distilling Co.
Oct. 5, 1961 filed 360,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Distilling of whiskey. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—134 N. La Salle St., Chicago. Underwriters — Smith, Barney & Co., N. Y. and Fulton, Reid & Co., Inc., Cleveland. Offering-In late

Beam-Matic Hospital Supply, Inc. (19/24) July 21, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price-\$3. Business-The manufacture of hospital equipment and supplies. Proceeds-For expansion of plant facilities, purchase of equipment, expansion of sales program, development of new products and working capital. Office -25-11 49th Street, Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter -First Weber Securities Corp., New York.

Beau Electronics, Inc. Sept. 26, 1961 ("Reg. A") 3,000 common. Price-At-themarket. Business-The manufacture of special type electric motors. Proceeds—For a selling stockholder. Office—1060 Wolcott Rd., Waterbury, Conn. Underwriter— Cooley & Co., Hartford, Conn.

Bel-Aire Products, Inc. Sept. 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price-\$4. Business-Manufacture of aluminum pontoon boats. Office-25970 W. Eight Mile Rd., Southfield, Mich. Underwriter-Ehrlich, Irwin & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Bell Television, Inc. Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business—The manufacture of television antenna, music and sound equipment and closed circuit television systems. Proceeds—For an acquisition, expansion and inventory. Office—552 W. 53rd St., New York 19, N. Y. - Investment Planning Group, Inc., East Underwriter Orange, N. J.

Berkshire Distributors, Inc. Sept. 14, 1961 filed 100,000 common, of which 60,000 will be sold for the company and 40,000 for certain stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-The operation of eight discount type department stores in four states. Proceeds-For the repayment of debt, and working capital. Office-203 Ann St., Hartford, Conn. Underwriter-May & Gannon, Boston.

★ Bernz (Otto) Co., Inc. Oct. 16, 1961 filed 150,000 class A shares, of which 100,-000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of small propane-filled steel cylinders, garden sprinklers and hose accessories. Proceeds-For debt repayment and general corporate purposes. Office—740 Driving Park Ave., Rochester, N. Y. Underwriter—Reynolds & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Best Plastics Corp. Sept. 26, 1961 filed 125,000 common, of which 100,000 will be sold by the company and 25,000 by stockholders.

Price-\$3. Business-Manufacture of plastic novelties and party favors. Proceeds-New plant and equipment and working capital. Office—945 39th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—S. B. Cantor & Co., N. Y.

Bin-Dicator Co. Aug. 25, 1961 filed 160,932 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufactures automatic control devices for handling bulk granular materials. Proceeds selling stockholders. Office — 17190 Denver, Detroit. Underwriter—Smith, Hague & Co., Detroit.

Binney & Smith, Inc. Sept. 8, 1961 filed 171,038 common. Price—By amendment. Business-The manufacture of educational art materials. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office-380 Madison Ave., N. Y. C. Underwriter-Lee Higginson Corp., N. Y. (mgr.). Offering-Expected in early November.

Bloch Brothers Tobacco Co. July 3, 1961 ("Reg. A") 4,000 common shares (par \$12.50). Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For the selling stock-holders. Office—4000 Water St., Wheeling, W. Va. Underwriter-Fulton, Reid & Co., Inc., Cleveland.

Bloomfield Building Industries, Inc. (10/23-27) June 29, 1961 filed 300,000 class A common shares. Price \$5. Proceeds—For advances to a subsidiary, purchase of additional land and the construction of buildings thereon. Office - 3355 Poplar Ave., Memphis, Tenn. Underwriter-Lieberbaum & Co., New York.

Boone (C. F.) Nationwice Publications, Inc. Sept. 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$2. Business—Publishes directories of military personnel and Texas landowners. Office—4007 Ave. "A," Lubbock, Texas. Underwriter-G. K. Scott & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Boro Electronics, Inc. Aug. 30, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. -The distribution of electronic products manufactured by others. Proceeds-For inventory, equipment, advertising, promotion, working capital and repayment of loans. Office-69-18 Roosevelt Ave., Woodside, N. Y. Underwriter-McLaughlin, Kaufman & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected in early November.

Bowling Internazionale, Ltd. June 30, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares. Price-\$5. Proceeds-For the construction or acquisition of a chain of bowling centers principally in Italy, and for expansion and working capital. Office-80 Wall St., New York. Underwriters-V. S. Wickett & Co., and Thomas, William, & Lee, Inc., New York City.

Brinktun, Inc. July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 133,000 common shares (par 70 cents). Price-\$2.25. Proceeds-Repayment of loans and working capital. Office-710 N. Fourth Street, Min-& Co., Inc., Minneapolis. Underwriter-McDonald, Anderson, Peterson & Co., Minneapolis. Offering-Immi-

Brite Universal, Inc. (10/23-27) July 31, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares and \$1,000,-000 of 10% subordinated debentures due 1966 to be offered for public sale and 108,365 common shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders of Brite Universal, Inc. (N. Y.) parent company, on the basis of $2\frac{1}{2}$ shares for each class A and class B shares held. Price-By amendment. Business—The operation of a consumer finance business in N. Y., N. J., and Pa. Office—441 Lexington Avenue, New York City. Underwriter-None.

Bronzini, Ltd. (10/23-27) Aug. 23, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price-\$6. Business Manufacture of men's wear accessories. Proceeds

Redemption of the 10% preferred stock, repayment
of a loan, expansion and working capital. Office—720
Fifth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—A. J. Gabriel & Co., Inc.,

Bundy Electronics Corp. Aug. 22, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price-\$4. Business-The design, development and manufacture of electronic components for space and earth communications. Proceeds—For moving expenses, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—171 Fabyan Place, Newark. Underwriters—Lenchner, Covato & Co., Inc., Pittsburgh and Harry Odzer Co., N. Y. (co-mgr.).

ırns (William J.) Agency, Inc. (10/23-27) Aug. 22, 1961 filed 175,000 class A common shares. Price -By amendment. Proceeds-For the selling stockholders. Office—101 Park Ave., New York. Underwriter—Smith, Barney & Co., Inc., New York (managing).

Burton Mount Corp. Sept. 22, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$6. Business -Importation and distribution of copying machines and supplies. Proceeds-Repayment of debt, inventory, sales promotion and other corporate purposes. Office—2147 Jericho Turnpike, New Hyde Park, N. Y. Underwriter— Reiner, Linburn & Co., N. Y.

Business Growth Funding Corp.
Sept. 20, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$4. Business Making of loans to small business concerns, purchase of machinery for lease, and the providing of management counseling. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—527 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Morton Klein & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Cable Carriers, Inc.
March 23, 1961 filed 196,109 shares of capital stock. Price \$1.15. Business—The company which began operations in 1954, is engaged in the research and development of special material handling systems for industrial and commercial use based on company-owned patents. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—Kirk Boulevard, Greenville, S. C. Underwriter—To be named. California Real Estate Investors

Aug. 17, 1961 filed 1,000,000 shares of beneficial interest. \$10. Business—Real estate investment. Office— 12014 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles. Underwriter-Harnack, Gardner & Co., (same address) (managing).

Cambridge Fund of California, Inc. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 280,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business General real estate. Proceeds Debt repayment and working capital, Office-324 E. Bixby Rd., Long Beach, Calif. Underwriter-To be named.

Camp Chemical Co., Inc.
Aug. 25, 1961 filed 110,000 capital shares. Price-\$3. Business-Manufacture of sanitation chemicals. Proceeds Advertising, additional sales personnel, inventories and accounts receivable. Office—Second Ave., and 13th St., Brooklyn. Underwriter—Russell & Saxe, Inc., N. Y.

* Campus Casuals of California Oct. 11, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufactures ladies' apparel. Proceeds -For selling stockholders. Office-719 S. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter-William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles.

Canbowl Centers Ltd. Aug. 4, 1961 filed 131,500 common shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders of American Bowling Enterprises, Inc., parent company, on the basis of one share for each four American shares held. Price-\$5.50. Business—The operation of bowling centers. Proceeds— For working capital and the construction and operation of bowling centers. Office-100 Wilder Bldg., Rochester, N. Y. Underwriter-None.

Cap & Gown Co. Sept. 21, 1961 filed 192,400 class A common, of which 125,500 are to be offered by the company and 66,000 by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture, rental, and sale of graduation caps, gowns, choir robes and related apparel. Proceeds—Plant expansion, repayment of debt and other corporate purposes. Office —100 N. Market St., Champaign, Ill. Underwriter—Kidder, Peabody & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—In early Dec.

Capitol Research Industries, Inc. June 28, 1961 filed 165,000 common shares and 75,000 common stock purchase warrants. Price-For stock, \$2; for warrants, 20 cents. Business-The manufacture of X-ray film processing machines. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital . Office—4206 Wheeler Avenue, Alexandria, Va. Underwriter—None.

Card Key Systems, Inc. July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common shares (no par). Price — \$5. Proceeds — For research and development, advertising equipment and working capital. Office-923 S. San Fernando Boulevard, Burbank, Calif. Under-writer — Rutner, Jackson & Gray, Inc., Los Angeles. Offering-Expected in early November.

* Caribbean Cement Co., Ltd. Oct. 18, 1961 filed 272,000 American Depositary Shares, each share representing one ordinary share. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of cement. Proceeds -For selling stockholders. Office-Kingston, Jamaica. Underwriter-Paribas Corp., N. Y.

* Caribbean Shoe Corp. Oct. 18, 1961 filed 149,794 common, of which 146,667 will be sold by the company and 3,127 by a stockholder. Price \$6. Business Design, manufacture and distribution of custom made shoes for women. Proceeds General corporate purposes. Office - 253 S. W. 8th St., Miami, Fla. Underwriter-Robert L. Ferman & Co., Inc.,

Carolina Power & Light Co. Oct. 11, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-By amendment. Proceeds-Debt repayment and expansion. Office -336 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. Underwriters-Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., N. Y. and R. S. Dickson & Co., Inc., Charlotte, N. C.

Carolina Power & Light Co. (11/16) Oct. 11, 1961 filed \$25,000,000 first mortgage bonds. Office—336 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. Underwriters-(Competitive). Probable bidders: Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. (jointly); Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Lehman Brothers and Blyth & Co., Inc. (jointly); Kuhn, Loeb & Co.-Equitable Securities Corp. (jointly); W. C. Langley & Co.-First Boston Corp. (jointly), Information Meeting: Nov. 14 (11 a.m. EST) in Room 240, 2 Rector St., N. Y. Bids -Expected Nov. 16 at 12 noon.

Cary Chemicals, Inc. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 1,031,939 common to be offered for subscription by common stockholders and holders of convertible securities at the rate of one new share for each two held. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of vinyl chloride polymer and copolymer resins, polyvinyl chloride compounds, and polyvinyl chloride sheeting and laminates and polyethylene film. Proceeds -For expansion. Office-Ryders Lane, E. Brunswick, N. J. Underwriters-Lee Higginson Corp., and P. W. Brooks & Co., N. Y. (mgr.). Offering-Expected in Nov.

Casavan Industries, Inc. Aug. 21, 1961 filed 275,000 capital shares. Price - By amendment. Business—The production and importation of marble and vitreous mosaic products used in the building construction field. Proceeds - For equipment, inventory, leasehold improvements, construction, repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office-250 Vreeland Ave., Paterson, N. J. Underwriter-None.

Catamount, Inc. Aug. 23, 1961 ("Reg. A") \$30,000 of debentures due Sept. 1, 1976, to be offered in units of \$500. Price — At par. Proceeds—For operation of a ski resort. Address—Egremont, Mass. Underwriter - Kennedy & Peterson, Inc., Hartford, Conn.

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Cellomatic Battery Corp.

June 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price — \$2.50. Proceeds — For repayment of debt, inventory and working capital. Office-300 Delaware Avenue, Archbald. Pa. Underwriter—Armstrong & Co., Inc., N. Y. Note—This letter was withdrawn.

Certified Industries, Inc. Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$750,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976 with attached warrants to purchase 15,000 class A shares to be offered in units (of one \$250 debenture and a warrant to purchase 5 shares) for subscription by holders of class A and class B shares at the rate of one unit for each 50 shares held. Price-\$250 per unit. Business-Production of concrete for construction purposes. Proceeds-For expansion, equipment and working capital. Office-344 Duffy Ave., Hicksville, N. Y. Underwriter-Singer, Bean & Mackie, Inc., N. Y.

Challenger Products, Inc.

June 30, 1961 filed 125,000 common shares. Price-\$5. Proceeds-For the repayment of debt, purchase of new equipment, and working capital. Office-2934 Smallman St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Underwriter-To be named.

Chandler Leasing Corp.

Sept. 26, 1961 filed 143,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Leasing of equipment. Proceeds-For the purchase of 20 class A common shares from a director, and working capital. Office—17 Dunster St., Cambridge, Mass. Underwriter-G. H. Walker & Co., N. Y.

 Charter Industries, Inc. (10/23-27) June 22, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price-\$4. Business—The manufacture of molded plastic products. Proceeds—For starting up production and plant expansion. Office-388 Codwise Ave., New Brunswick, N. J. Underwriter-Standard Securities Corp., N. Y. (mgr.)

Chester Electronic Laboratories, Inc. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of electronic teaching

equipment. Proceeds-For acquisition of a plant and equipment, debt repayment, new products and working capital. Address-Chester, Conn. Underwriter-Putnam & Co., Hartford. Offering—Expected in December.

Church Builders, Inc.

Feb. 6, 1961 filed 50,000 shares of common stock, series 2. Price-\$5.50 per share. Business-A closed-end diversified management investment company. Proceeds-For investment. Office-501 Bailey Ave., Fort Worth, Tex. Distributor-Associates Management, Inc., Fort Worth.

• Churchill Stereo Corp. (11/3) July 17, 1961 105,000 common shares and 105,000 attached five-year warrants to be offered in units of one share and one warrant. Price-\$3.60 per unit. Business-The manufacture of stereophonic, hi-fidelity, radio and/or television equipment and the operation of six retail stores. Proceeds - For expansion, repayment of loans, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office-200 E. 98th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter -Lieberbaum & Co., New York (managing).

Cinema Syndicate, Inc.

Sept. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business-Production of motion pictures. Proceeds-Repayment of loans, purchase of equipment and working capital. Office-619 W. 54th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Security Options Corp., N. Y.

Cineque Colorfilm Laboratories, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 120,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-The production of slides and color film strips. Proceeds—For equipment, sales promotion and advertising. Office-424 E. 89th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Paul Eisenberg Co., N. Y.

Citizens Life Ins. Co. of New York (11/6-10) Sept. 8, 1961 filed 147,000 common, of which 100,000 will be sold by the company and 47,000 by a stockholder. Price-By amendment. Business-The writing of ordinary life, group life and group credit life insurance.

Proceeds-For investment in income producing securities. Office-33 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Underwriter-A. G. Becker & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

• Cle-Ware Industries, Inc.

July 25, 1961 filed 195,000 common shares of which 160,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 35,000 shares by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business—The wholesaling of parts, chemicals and accessories related to the automotive and marine fields. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office-10604 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland. Underwriter-Westheimer & Co., Cincinnati. Offering-Imminent.

Clute (Francis H.) & Son, Inc. (12/4-8)

July 3, 1961 filed 1,000,000 common shares. Price-\$1.50. Business - The manufacture of farm and industrial equipment. Proceeds-For materials and inventory, research and development and working capital. Office-1303 Elm St., Rocky Ford, Colo. Underwriter - Stone, Altman & Co., Inc., Denver.

Cole Vending Industries, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 115,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business—The manufacture, sale and servicing of vending machines. Proceeds-For working capital. Office -560 W. Lake St., Chciago. Underwriter-Straus, Blosser & McDowell, Chicago (mgr.).

Coleco Industries, Inc.

Sept. 26, 1961 filed 120,000 common, of which 12,000 shares will be offered by the company and 108,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufactures plastic toys, play pools, toy boats and houses, and games. Proceeds—For plant expansion and working capital. Office—75-77 Windsor St., Hartford, Conn. Underwriter-Cooley & Co., Hartford, Conn.

Continued on page 34

NEW ISSUE CALENDAR

October 23 (Monday)

October 23 (Monday)	
Arista Truck Renting CorpCommon (No underwriting) \$500,000	
Bloomfield Building Industries, IncCommon (Lieberbaum & Co.) \$1,500,000	
Brito Universal Inc	
Brite Universal, Inc	
(Offering to stockholders—no underwriting) 108,365 shares	
(Offering to stockholders—no underwriging) \$1,000,000	
Bronzini, LtdCommon (A. J. Gabriel & Co., Inc.) \$750,000	- 1
Burns (William J.) International	
(Smith, Barney & Co., Inc.) 175,000 shares	
Charter Industries, IncCommon (Standard Securities Corp.) \$400,000	
Cromwell Business Machines, IncCommon (Pacific Coast Securities Co.) \$300,000	
Crossway Motor Hotels, IncCommon	
Oynamic Gear Co., Inc. Common (Flomenhaft, Seidler & Co., Inc.; Lomasney, Loving & Co.)	
(Flomenhaft, Seidler & Co., Inc.; Lomasney, Loving & Co.) \$375,000	
\$375,000 Electra International, LtdCapital (Ezra Kureen Co.) 70,000 shares	
Empire Dresision Components Inc. Class A	
FM-Stereo Guide, Inc. Common (Valley Forge Securities Co., Inc.) \$300,000 First Union Realty Ben. Ints. (Harriman Ripley & Co. and Hayden, Miller & Co.)	
(Valley Forge Securities Co., Inc.) \$300,000 First Union Realty Ben. Ints.	
(Harriman Ripley & Co. and Hayden, Miller & Co.) 1,060,000 shares	
Fotochrome Inc. (Shearson, Hammill & Co. and Emanuel, Deetjen & Co.) 262,500 shares	
(Shearson Hammill & Co. and Emanuel Dection & Co.)	
S3,500,000 General Kinetics, Inc. (Balogh & Co., Inc. and Irving J. Rice & Co., Inc.)	
Growth PropertiesCommon (Pacific Coast Securities Co.) 100,000 shares	
Happy House, Inc	
Happy House, Inc	
(Crowell, Weedon & Co.) 33,117 shares	
International Flavors & Fragrances, IncCom. (Smith, Barney & Co., Inc.) 514,432 shares	
Keystone Steel & Wire Co. Debentures (Hornblower & Weeks and Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.) \$20,000,000	
Lortogs, IncCommon	
Lum's, Inc. (Bayes, Rose & Co., Inc.) \$100,000 Common	
Making Fine Line Co., Lid.	
Micro-Lectric, IncCommon	
Micro-Precision Corp. (Underhill Securities Corp.) \$220,000	
(Manufacturers Securities Corp.; Bioren & Co.; Boenning & Co.; Chace, Whiteside & Winslow, Inc.; Draper, Sears & Co.; Schirmer, Atherton & Co.) \$300,000	
Middle Atlantic Credit Corp	
Motor Coils Manufacturing CoCommon (Golkin, Bomback & Co.) \$650,000	
Nuclear Corp. of America Capital	
Nuclear Corp. of AmericaDebentures (Bear, Stearns & Co.) \$2,087,800	
Nuclear Corp. of America Debentures	

Regal Homes, Inc. (3. J. B. Hilliard & Sons) \$612,000

S. O. S. Photo-Cine-Optics, Inc
Sav-Tax Club, Inc. Common
Semicon, IncCommon (S. D. Fuller & Co.) 125,000 shares
Southern Growth Industries, Inc
Thermioniv Industries Corn Common
(D. L. Capas Co.) \$390,000 Thoroughbred Enterprises, Inc
Tri-Chem, Inc
Tri-State Displays, IncCommon
United Improvement & Investing Corp. Debens. (Offering to stockholders—underwritten by Sutro Bros. & Co.) \$2,500,000
Vol-Air, Inc. Common (Glass & Ross, Inc.) \$240,000
Wainrite Stores, IncCommon (Herman & Diamond) \$300,000
Wonderbowl, IncCommen
October 24 (Tuesday) American Self-Service Stores, IncCommon
(Scherck, Richter Co.) 130,030 shares Anderson New England Capital CorpCommon
Beam-Matic Hospital Supply, Inc. Common (First Weber Securities Corp.) \$300,000 Deere & Co.
Deere & Co
(Bids to be received) \$40,000,000 Niagara Mohawk Power CoCommon
(Bids to be received) 700,000 shares
October 25 (Wednesday)
Cowles Magazines & Broadcasting, IncCapital (Goldman, Sachs & Co.) 353,000 shares
(Currier & Carlsen, Inc.) \$525,000
Interstate Bowling Corp
New Zealand (Government of)Bonds (Kidder, Peabody & Co.) \$15,000,000
October 26 (Thursday)
Pittsburgh Steel Co
October 27 (Friday)
Piedmont Natural Gas Co., IncCommon (White, Weld & Co., N. Y.) 126,832 shares
October 30 (Monday)
Acratex Chemical Coatings, Inc. Common (Tyche Securities Inc.) \$299,700
Aero-Dynamics CorpCommon (Cambridge Securities, Inc. and Edward Lewis Co., Inc.)
American Automatic Vending CorpCommon (McDonald & Co.) 2/0,000 shares
Consumers Utilities Corp. Common (Golkin, Bomback & Co.) 302,000 shares
Dressen-Barnes Electronics CorpCapital
Electra-Tronics. IncCommon (Jay Morton & Co., Inc.) \$180.000
Executive Equipment Corp. Common (Reich & Co. and Jacques Coe & Co.) \$400,000
Family Finance Corp. Debentures
(Goldman, Sachs & Co.) \$25,000,000 First National Realty & Construction CorpDebs.
(H. Hentz & Co.) \$3,000,000

First Western Financial Corp. (A. C. Allyn & Co.) 450,000 shares

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	Fleetwood Securities Corp. of AmericaCommon (General Securities Co., Inc.) \$700,000
	Girder Process, Inc
	Hamilton Electro Corp
	Hickory Industries, Inc. Common (J. B. Coburn Associates, Inc.) \$200,000
	Hogan Faximile CorpCommon (William R. Staats & Co.) 300,000 shares
	International Housing CorpCommon
	(Bratter & Co., Inc.) \$505,000 Kaufman & Broad Building Co
44	(Bache & Co.) 174,500 shares Marshall IndustriesCommon (William R. Staats & Co. and Shearson, Hammill & Co.)
	Miner Industries, Inc
	Missile-Tronics Corp. Common (Hopkins, Calamari & Co., Inc.) \$227,850
	Mobile Estates, Inc
	Monmouth Capital CorpCapital
	Orbit Industries, Inc.
	Orbit Instrument Corp. Capital
	(Lee Higginson Corp.) 100.000 shares
	Ro Ko, Inc
	Southern Realty & Utilities Corp
	Star Industries, Inc
	Supronics Corp. and H. Heitz & Co. 715,576 States Supronics Corp. ————————————————————————————————————
	Techno-Vending CorpCommon
	Tor Education, Inc
	Trio-Tech. Inc.
	United Scientific Laboratories, Inc. Common
	Wards Co., IncCommon (Stein Eros. & Boyce) 110,000 shares
	October 31 (Tuesday)
	Chicago, Burlington & QuincyEquip. Trust Ctfs.

(Bids to be received) \$2,400,000 Dunlap & Associates, Inc.______ (Dominick & Dominick Inc.) 75,000 shares _Common November 1 (Wednesday)

Automated	Sports Centers, IncUnits
Idaho Pow	derwriters to be named) 200,000 shares
Idaho Pov	ver CoBonds
	for Industry, IncCommon (8. D. Fuller & Co.) 135,000 shares
Old Empi	re, IncDebentures (Laird, Bissell & Meeds) \$800,000

November 2 (Thursday) Atlantic City Electric Co.____ (Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. and Smith, Barney & Co.) 200,000 shares Kent Dry Cleaners, Inc. (Arnold Malkan & Co., Inc.) \$825,000 Common

November 3 (Friday) (Lieberbaum & Co.) \$378,000 Churchill Stereo Corp.___

Continued on page 34

Continued from page 33

July 13, 1901 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$5 business—Ine manufacture of marine propeliers and electronic equipment, hydraulic products and metal furniture. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and expansion. Office—216 N. Main St., Freeport, N. Y. Underwriter—H. M. Frumkes & Co., N. Y. Offering—In Nov.

Oct. 10, 1961 filed 148,640 common. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For debt repayment. Office—215 N. Front St., Columbus, Ohio. Underwriters—Dillon, Read & Co., Inc., N. Y. and The Ohio Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Combined Insurance Co. of America

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 300,000 common. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Business—The writing of accident and health insurance. Office—5050 B'way, Chicago. Underwriter—Smith, Barney & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

• Commonwealth Theatres of Puerto Rico, Inc.

July 28, 19661 filed 100,000 common, of which 50,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by stockholders. Price—\$10. Business—Operation of a chain of theatres in Puerto Rico. Proceeds—For construction of a drive-in movie theatre, building renovations and general corporate purposes. Address—Santurce, Puerto Rico. Underwriter—J. R. Williston & Beane, N. Y.

Community Charge Plan
Sept. 22, 1961 filed \$3,600,000 of 6% subordinated debentures due 1976 (with attached warrants to purchase 72,000 common shares) and 216,000 common, to be offered in units consisting of a \$100 debenture (and a warrant to purchase two shares) and six common shares.

Price—By amendment. Business—The purchase at a discount from merchant-members, their accounts receivable arising from customers who hold credit cards issued

by these members. Proceeds—To repay debt and increase working capital. Office—10 Banta Place, Hackensack, N. J. Underwriter—Troster, Singer & Co., N. Y.

Computron Corp.
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 500,000 common. Price—\$1.15. Business—Research, development, design and production of electronic automation devices. Proceeds—For equipment, research and development and working capital. Orfice—9330 James Ave., South, Minneapolis. Underwriter—Brandtjen & Bayliss, Inc., St. Paul, Minn.

Consolidated Aerosol Corp.

Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 70,000 common. Price—\$3.

Business—Compounds and packages cosmetics, house-hold pharmaceutical and industrial products. Proceeds—For debt repayment, equipment and working capital.

Office—107 Sylvester St., Westbury, N. Y. Underwriter—J. E. Bayard & Co., Inc., 80 Wall St., New York City.

Consolidated Bowling Corp.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Operation of bowling centers. Proceeds—For expansion and working capital. Office—880 Military Rd., Niagara Falls, N. Y. Underwriter—Doolittle & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Consolidated Chemical & Paint Corp. (11/15)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed \$275,000 of 6½% subordinated convertible debentures due 1968 and 68,750 common to be offered in units consisting of \$100 of debentures and 25 common. Price—\$200 per unit. Business—The company manufactures from oil, chemicals and pigments, diverse basic paint lines. Proceeds—For retirement of outstanding 6% debentures, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—456 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriters—Armstrong & Co., N. Y., and L. C. Wegard & Co., Trenton, N. J.

Consolidated Production Corp.

May 26, 1961 filed 125,000 shares of common stock. Price

\$\text{-\$15}\$. Business—Company buys and manages fractional}

Ruse Togs Inc

interests in producing oil and gas properties. Proceeds—For investment, and working capital. Office—14 North Robinson, Oklahoma City, Okia. Underwriter—Shearson, Hammil & Co., New York City (managing). Note—'this company formerly was named Cador Production Corp.' Offering—Temporarily postponed.

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Consolidated Vending Corp.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed \$150,000 of 6% debentures due 1971 and 50,000 common to be offered in units each consisting of \$150 of debentures and 50 common. Price—\$400 per unit. Business—The operation of vending machines. Proceeds — For repayment of loans, new equipment and working capital. Office — 129 S. State St., Dover, Del. Underwriter—William, David & Motti, Inc., N. Y. C.

July 27, 1961 filed 302,000 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders of Mobilife Corp., of Bradenton, Fla., parent company, on the basis of 3 Consumers shares for each 5 Mobilife shares held. Price—By amendment. Business—Acquisition, construction and operation of water-treatment and sewage-disposal plants in suburban areas of Florida. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder (Mobilife Corp.). Office—Sarasota, Fla. Underwriter—Golkin, Bomback & Co., N. Y.

Oct. 10, 1961 filed \$13,200,000 of subord. conv. debentures due 1983 to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 15 shares held. Price—By amendment. Business—Baking and selling of bread, cakes and related products. Proceeds—For debt repayment and construction. Address—P. O. Box 731, Rye, N. Y. Underwriters—Wertheim & Co., Lehman Brothers and Equitable Securities Corp., N. Y.

Continental Leasing Corp.

June 19, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par one cent). Price—\$3. Proceeds—For purchase of new automobiles, advertising and promotion, and working

November 20 (Monday)

Continued from page 33
November 6 (Monday)
AMT CorpCommon
Air Master CorpCommon
Air Master Corp
American Finance Co., Inc
Arista Truck Renting CorpCommon
Atlantic Improvement Corp. Common (Bear, Stearns & Co. and Pinkle & Co.) 150,000 shares
(Sterling, Grace & Co. and Rouse, Brewer, Becker &
Cap & Gown CoClass A (Kidder, Peabody & Co.) 192,400 shares
Citizens Line Insurance Co. of New York Common (A. G. Becker & Co.) 147,000 shares
Commonwealth Theatres of Puerto Rico, Inc. Com.
Dynamic Toy, Inc
Dynamic Toy, Inc
Electro-Miniatures Corp. Common (Surnham & Co.) \$300,000 Fashion Homes Inc. Common
(Globus, Inc., and Ross, Lyon & Co., Inc.) \$244,800 Fashion Homes Inc
(Globus, Inc., and Ross, Lyon & Co., Inc.) \$1,000,000
(Shearson, Hammill & Co.) 150,000 shares Growth, Inc. ——Common
(Mann & Creesy) \$300,000
Handschy Chemical Co
IAMOS Treat & Co Inc. \$375.000
Jayark Films Corp
(Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Penner & Smith, Inc.) 190,000 shares Midwest Technical Development Corp. Common (Lee Higginson Corp. and Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood)
800 000 shares
(Cruttenden, Podesta & Co. and Spear, Leeds & Kellogg) \$1,200,000
National Hospital Supply Co. Common (Edward Lewis Co., Inc. and Underhill Securities Corp.)
National Semiconductor CorpCapital Stock
Natpac IncCommon
(William, David & Motti, Inc. and Plomenhaft, Seidler & Co., Inc.) \$475,000
Oceanic Instruments, Inc. Common (Globus, Inc.) \$140,000
Pan-Alaska Fisheries, Inc
Pavelle CorpCommon (Bear, Stearns & Co.) 200,000 shares
Penn Optical, IncCapital (Francis J. Mitchell & Co., Inc.) \$300,000
Photo-Animation, Inc. Common (First Philadelphia Corp.) \$187,500
Platt Corp. Common (First Weber Securities Corp.) \$1,100,000
Precision Microwave CorpCommon (Peter Morgan & Co.) \$1,650,000
Product Research of R. I. Inc. Common
(Continental Bond & Share Corp.) \$676,500 Publishers Co., Inc
Realtone Electronics Corp Common
(Lieberbaum & Co.) \$400,000
Rexach Construction CoCommon (P. W. Brooks & Co., Inc., and CIA Financiera de

Russ Togs, IncClass A
Telecredit, IncCommon (Globus, Inc.) \$155,000
Thermo-Chem CorpCommon (Best & Garey Co., Inc.) \$585,000
Trans-Lux CorpCommon (Bear, Stearns & Co.) 250,000 shares
Valley Title & Trust CoCommon
Vendotronics CorpCommon
Vendotronics CorpCommon (B. G. Harris & Co., Inc.) \$300,000 Voron Electronics CorpClass A (John Josnua & Co., Inc. and Reuben Rose & Co.) \$300,000
November 13 (Monday)
All Star World Wide, Inc Debentures (Alessandrini & Co., Inc. and Hardy & Hardy) \$250,000 All Star World Wide, Inc Common
All Star World Wide, Inc
(Alessandrini & Co., Inc. and Hardy & Hardy) \$750,000 Alpine Geophysical Associates, IncCommon (S. D. Fuiler & Co.) 150,000 shares
Alson Manufacturing CoCommon
Apex Thermoplastics, IncCommon (Continental Bond & Share Corp.) \$330,000
(Laird & Co., Corp.) 150,000 shares
Electronic International, Inc
Energy Components Corp. Common (Albion Securities Co., Inc.) \$175,000
Floyd Bennett Stores Inc Common
(Goodkind, Neufeld, Jordon Co., Inc. and Richter & Co.) 100,000 shares Fram Corp. (Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc.) 50,000 shares
Hannett Industries, IncCommon (Albion Securities Co., Inc.) \$300,000
Lido CorpCommon (Flomenhaft, Seidler & Co.) \$273,000
Lincoln Liberty Life Insurance CoCommon (Bache & Co., N. Y.) 200,000 shares
Lusk Corp. Units (Burnham & Co.) 50 units Marlone Industries Corp. Common
(Bernard M. Kahn & Co., Inc.) \$1,575,000
Westland Capital CorpCommon (Bear, Stearns & Co.) \$10,840,500
November 14 (Tuesday)
Rochester Gas & Electric CorpBonds (Bids 11 a. m. EST) \$15,000,000
Southern Railway Co
Wisconsin Michigan Power CoBonds (Bids to be received) \$4,000,000
November 15 (Wednesday)
Acro Electronic Products Co
Consolidated Chemical & Paint CorpUnits (Armstrong & Co. and L. C. Wegard & Co.) \$550,000
Continental Baking Co
Dallas Power & Light CoPreferred
Kendall Industries, IncCommon (Currier & Carlsen, Inc.) \$600,000
Pacific Northwest Bell Telephone CoDebentures (Bids 11 a. m. EST) \$50,000,000
November 16 (Thursday)
Carolina Power & Light CoBonds

November 20 (Monday)
Electronics Discovery Corp. Common
Executive House, IncUnits (Bear, Stearns & Co. and Straus, Blosser & McDowell Co.) 209,000 units
Hoffman International CorpDebentures (Offering to stockholders underwritten by J. R. Williston & Beane) \$1,890,700
Lincoln Fund, Inc
Lunar Enterprises, IncCommon (Ehrlich, Irwin & Co., Inc.) \$718,750 Notional Rowling Lanes Inc.
National Bowling Lanes, IncCapital (Edward Lewis Co., Inc.) \$825,000
Originala IncCommon (Globus, Inc. and Divine & Fishman, Inc.) \$1.387.500
Pako Corp. Common (Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curvis) 150,000 shares
Rocket Power, Inc. Common (Paine, Webber, Jackson & Cartis) 200,000 shares
Space Age Materials CorpCommon (Manufacturers Securities Corp.) \$300,000
Valley Gas Production, IncCommon (White, Weid & Co.) 194,000 shares
November 21 (Tuesday)
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Bonds (Bids 11 a. m. EDT) \$50,000,000
Gibraltar Financial Corp. of California_Debens. (White, Weld & Co. and Dean Witter & Co.) \$5,500,000
November 27 (Monday)
Sav-Mor Oil CorpCommon
November 29 (Wednesday)
Southern Pacific Co
Swift Homes, Inc. Common (Eastman Dillon, Union Secur.ties & Co.) 240,000 shares
December 4 (Monday)
Clute (Francis H.) & Son, Inc. Common (Stone, Altman & Co., Inc.) \$1,500,000
Electro-Mec Instrument Corp
December 5 (Tuesday)
Sel-Rex CorpCommon (Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.) 200,000 shares
December 11 (Monday)
General Telephone Co. of CaliforniaBonds (Bids to be received) \$20,000,000
December 18 (Monday)
Mercury Photo CorpClass A
December 20 (Wednesday)
Rubber & Fibre Chemical CorpCommon (Armstrong & Co., Inc.) \$600,000
January 4, 1962 (Thursday)
Gluckin (Wm.) Co., Ltd. Common (Globus, Inc.) \$1,750,000
January 9, 1962 (Tuesday)
New York Telephone CoBonds
20-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1

March 5, 1962 (Monday)

West Penn Power Co._____(Bids to be received) \$25,000,000

capital. Office-527 Broad St., Sewickley, Pa. Underwriter - H. B. Crandall Co. and Cambridge Securities, Inc., N. Y. Offering-Expected late October

Continental Real Estate Investment Trust Aug. 3, 1961 filed 300,000 shares of beneficial interest. Price-\$10. Business-Real estate. Proceeds-For investment. Office-530 St. Paul Place, Baltimore. Underwriter -F. Baruch & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C. (managing). Continental Vending Machine Corp.

Aug. 11, 1961 filed \$5,052,700 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976, to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 80 common shares held. Price-By amendment. Business-The manufacturing of vending machines. Proceeds-For repayment of loans and working capital. Office - 956 Brush Hollow Road, Westbury, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter-Hardy & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected in November.

Control Lease Systems, Inc.

July 21, 1961 ("Reg. A") 225,000 common. Price-\$1.15. Proceeds-For equipment, research and development and capital expenditures. Office-3386 Brownlow Ave., St. Louis Park, Minn. Underwriters-M. H. Bishop & Co., and J. P. Penn & Co., Inc., Minneapolis. Offering-Im-

Cooke Engineering Co.

Sept. 12, 1961 filed 32,000 common. Price-\$11. Business -The manufacture of electronic products and the furnishing of engineering services. Proceeds-For equipment, new products, sales promotion and working capital. Office—735 N. St. Asaph St., Alexandria, Va. Underwriter—Jones, Kreeger & Co., Washington, D. C.

· Corrigan Communications, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 375,000 common. Price-\$2. Business -Development and sale of tutorial electronics communications systems for use in individual class rooms. Proceed3-To repay loans, purchase machinery, and increase working capital. Office—1111 E. Ash Ave., Fullerton, Calif. Underwriter—D. E. Liederman & Co., Inc., N. Y. and Mitchum, Jones & Templeton, Los Angeles. Offering-Expected in early December.

Cosmetically Yours, Inc. Aug. 23, 1961 filed 42,500 common. Price-\$4. Business The manufacture of cosmetics. Proceeds-For repayment of a loan, advertising, equipment, inventory, research and development and working capital. Office-15 Clinton St., Yonkers, N. Y. Underwriter—P. J. Gruber & Co., Inc., N. Y.

• Cosnat Record Distributing Corp.

May 26, 1961 filed 150,000 shares of common stock, of which 105,556 shares are to be offered for public sale by the company and 44,444 outstanding shares by the present holders thereof. Price-To be supplied by amendment. Business—The manufacture and distribution of phonograph records. Proceeds-For the repayment of debt, and working capital. Office-315 W. 47th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Amos Treat & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected in November.

Cow es Magazines & Broadcasting, Inc.

(10/25)Aug. 30, 1961 filed 350,000 capital shares. Price-By amendment. Business-The publication of "Look" magazine, the sale of subscriptions to other magazines and the operation of TV and radio stations. Proceeds-For general corporate purposes. Office-488 Madison Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-Goldman, Sachs & Co., N. Y. C.

Coyle's Voting Machine Co. Aug. 31, 1961 ("Reg. A") 10,000 common. Price-\$14.75. Business—The sale of punch card type voting machines. Office—830 High St., Hamilton, O. Underwriter—John A. Kemper & Co., Lima, O.

Cramer Electronics, Inc.

July 27, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares, of which 107,250 shares are to be offered by the company and 42,750 shares by the stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business-The distribution of electronic components and equipment. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, inventory and working capital. Office—811 Boylston St., Boston. Underwriter—Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co., N. Y. (mgr.)

Creative Electronics, Inc. Aug. 29, 1961 filed 75,000 class A. Price - By amendment. Business-The manufacture of audio reproduction associated products and electrical Proceeds - For expansion, inventory, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office-4008 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago. Underwriter-None.

Cromwell Business Machines, Inc. (10/23-27) Aug. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 50 cents). Price-\$3. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, machinery, leasehold improvements, advertising and working capital. Office-7451 Coldwater Canyon Avenue, North Hollywood, Calif. Underwriter-Pacific Coast Securities Co., San Francisco.

Crossway Motor Hotels, Inc. (10/23-27)

Aug. 4, 1961 filed 70,000 common shares. Price-\$5. Business-The operation of a motor hotel chain. Proceeds-For acquisition, expansion and the repayment of debt. Office—54 Tarrytown Rd., White Plains, N. Y. Underwriter-Candee & Co., New York.

★ Cryplex Industries, Inc.

Oct. 10, 1961 filed 80,000 common. Price-\$3.75. Busi-Manufactures plastic jewelry, dress accessories and novelties. Proceeds-For product development, moving expenses and working capital. Office-37 E. 18th St., N. Y. Underwriter-Herbert Young & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Da'e Systems, Inc. Aug. 9, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3.50. Business—A shopping service which checks the efficiency of retail sales employees. Proceeds-Expansion and general corporate purposes. Office-1790 B'way, N. Y. Underwriter-Theodore Arrin & Co., Inc., N. Y. Note-This offering has been temporarily postponed.

Dallas Power & Light Co. (11/15)

Oct. 3, 1961 filed 100,000 cum. preferred shares. Proceeds-For debt repayment and construction. Office-1506 Commerce St., Dallas, Tex. Underwriters—(Competitive). Probable bidders: White, Weld & Co.-Equitable Securities Corp. (jointly); Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.; Lehman Brothers; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.-Kidder, Peabody & Co. (jointly); First Boston Corp. Bids—Expected Nov. 15 at 11 a.m. (EST). Information Meeting-Nov. 13 (11 a.m. EST) at 2 Rector St., N. Y. (Room 240).

Dala-Design Laboratories, Inc.

Oct. 9, 1961 filed 100,000 capital shares. Price-By amendment. Business-Publishing of technical reports and manuals covering electronic equipment. Proceeds —For debt repayment and working capital. Office—345 E. California St., Ontario, Calif. Underwriter—Morgan & Co., Los Angeles.

• Deere & Co. (10/24)

Oct. 11, 1961 filed \$35,000,000 of debentures, due Nov. 1, 1986. Price - By amendment. Bu iness-Manufactures agricultural implements. Proceeds—For debt repayment. Office—1325 Third Ave., Moline, III. Underwriter—Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Delaware Barrel & Drum Co., Inc.

Sept. 26, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of plastic shipping containers and tanks. Proceeds-For research and development and other corporate purposes. Office-Eden Park Gardens, Wilmington, Del. Underwriter-G. H. Walker

Deiford Industries, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 95,000 common. Price-\$3.50. Business—Manufacture of precision rubber extrusions. Proceeds-Plant expansion, equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office-82-88 Washington St., Middletown, N. Y. Underwriter-I. R. E. Investors Corp., Levittown, N. Y.

Della Sonics, Inc.

Aug. 3, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par \$1). Price—\$3. Business—The manufacture of ultrasonic and electronic systems and components. Proceeds-For plant and equipment; material and inventory; repayment of a loan and working capital. Office - 12918 Gerise Ave., Hawthorne, Calif. Underwriter-Costello, Russotto & Co., Inc., Los Angeles. Offering-Imminent:

Delta Capital Corp. Aug. 9, 1961 filed 500,000 common shares. Price - By amendment. Business - A small business investment

company. Proceeds-For investment. Office-610 National Bank of Commerce Building, New Orleans. Underwriters—Blair & Co., New York and Howard, Weil, Labouisse, Friedrichs & Co., New Orleans (managing). Delta Venture Capital Corp.

July 13, 1961 filed 520,000 common shares. Price-\$3.30. Business-An investment company, Office-1011 N. Hill St., Hopkins, Minn. Underwriter-None.

Demarco Business Forms Inc. Sept. 26, 1961 filed 100,000 class A common (with attached warrants to purchase an additional 50,000 shares). Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of custom-made printed business forms. Proceeds—Expansion, payment of taxes, and working capital. Office—3747 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Suplee, Yeatman, Mosley Co., Inc., Philadelphia.

Dennis Real Estate Investment Trust July 24, 1961 filed 100,000 shares of beneficial interest. Price-\$100. Business-A real estate investment company. Office - \$0 State Street, Albany, N. Y. Underwriter-None.

Dero Research & Development Corp. Aug. 24, 1961 ("Reg. A") 54,000 common. Price-\$2.40. Business-The manufacture of FM Deviation Monitors. Proceeds—For development, expansion, advertising and working capital. Office — Broadway and Park Ave., Huntington, N. Y. Underwriter—James Co., N. Y.

Deuterium Corp. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 140,000 common with attached warrants to purchase an additional 140,000 shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders in units (of one share and one warrant) on the basis of 3 units for each 5% preferred share held, 2 units for each 5% preferred A stock held and one unit for each 10 class B shares held. Price-\$20 per unit. Business-Company plans to manufacture and utilize all kinds of chemical materials. Proceeds—For start-up expenses for a laboratory and small plant. Office—360 Lexington Ave., New York. Underwriter-None.

District Wholesale Drug Corp. of Washington Sept. 19, 1961 filed \$500,000 of 6% convertible subord. sinking fund debentures due 1976, also 100,000 class A common. Price - Debentures - At par. Common - \$4. Business—The sale of drug products to retail stores in Washington, Maryland and Virginia. Proceeds—For the repayment of debt, and working capital. Office-52-60 O St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter-Auchincloss, Parker & Redpath, Washington, D. C.

 Diversified Small-Business Investment Corp. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 600,000 common. Price-\$5. Business -A small business investment company. Proceeds -For general corporate purposes, Office-214 Engle St., Englewood, N. J. Underwriters-Lieberbaum & Co. and Morris Cohon & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected in mid-Dec.

Dixie Dinettes, Inc. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 144,000 common. Price-\$5. Business Manufacture of tables and chairs for use in kitchens and dinettes. Proceeds-For selling stockholders. Office-Dabney Rd., Richmond, Va. Underwriter-Rubin, Rennert & Co., Inc.

Dolphin-Miller Mines Ltd.

Oct. 3, 1961 filed 1,600,000 capital shares, of which 1,-200,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 400,000 shares by stockholders. Price-50c. Business-The exploration and production of ores. Proceeds-For salaries and general corporate purposes. Office — 25 Adelaide St., W., Toronto, Canada. Underwriter—Brewis & White Ltd., Toronto.

Don Mills, Inc.

Sept. 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common. Price-\$5. Business-Financing of shipments of business machines. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—Red Rock Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Underwriter-Stan-Bee & Co., Washington, D. C.

Dressen-Barnes Electronics Corp. (10/30-11/3) Aug. 14, 1961 filed 100,000 capital shares, of which 75,000 are to be offered by the company and 25,000 by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Busines-Manufacture of power supplies and automatic label dispensers. Proceeds-Repayment of loans, and working capital. Office -250 N. Vinedo St., Pasadena, Calif. Underwriter-Lester, Ryons & Co., Los Angeles.

Duffy's, Inc.

Oct. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 48,879 common. Price-At par Proceeds-For debt repayment, equipment and working capital. Office-3111 Larimer Street, Denver. Underwriter-None.

Dunlap & Associates, Inc. (10/31)

June 30, 1961 filed 75,000 common shares, of which 60,000 will be offered by the company and 15,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment, Business—The company provides scientific research, engineering consulting and development services to the Armed Services, U. S. Government agencies and private industry. Proceeds-For purchase of building sites, expansion, and working capital. Office 429 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn. Underwriter-Dominick & Dominick, Inc., New York.

Dunlap Electronics Sept. 27, 1961 filed 80,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Distribution of electronic parts made by other firms. Proceeds-For a new subsidiary, repayment of debt and working capital. Office-27 S. Grant St., Stockton, Calif. Underwriter-Birr & Co., Inc., San Francisco.

Dynamic Gear Co., Inc. (10/23-27)

June 29, 1961 filed 125,000 common shares of which 100,-000 shares are to be offered by the company and 25,000 shares by a stockholder. Price - \$3. Business - Manufacture of precision instrument gears. Proceeds-For purchase and rebuilding of automatic gear-cutting machines, prepayment of a note, inventory, a new plant and for general corporate purposes. Office-175 Dixon Ave., Amityville, N. Y. Underwriters-Flomenhaf, Seidler & Co., Inc. and Myron A. Lomasney & Co., N. Y.

 Dynamic Toy, Inc. (11/6-10) June 30, 1961 ("Reg. A") 81,000 common. Price - \$3. Business-Manufacture of toys. Proceeds-Advertising, development of new products, expansion and working capital. Address—109 Ainslie St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Hancock Securities Corp., N. Y.

EMAC Data Processing Corp.

Sept. 8, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-The company conducts an electronic data processing service. Proceeds-Rental of additional data processing equipment, sales promotion, salaries, rent, furniture and working capital. Office—46-36 53rd Ave., Maspeth, N. Y. Underwriter—M. W. Janis Co.,, Inc., N. Y. Offering-Expected in early November. Eastern Properties Improvement Corp.

Aug. 22, 1961 filed \$1,500,000 of subordinated debentures due 1981 and 250,000 common shares. Price-For debentures, \$1,000; for stock, \$10. Business-General real estate. Proceeds-For the acquisition and development of real properties, repayment of debt and engineering, etc. Office—10 E. 40th St., New York. Underwriter—Wood-cock, Moyer, Fricke & French, Inc., Philadelphia (managing). Offering-Expected in late October.

Economy Water Conditioners of Canada Ltd. Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business—Sale of water conditioning units to home own ers. Proceeds-Rental of units, new distributorships and expansion. Office—36 Densley Ave., Toronto. Under-writer—S. I. Emrich Associates, Inc., N. Y.

 Electra International, Ltd. (10/23-27) May 5, 1961 filed 70,000 capital shares. Price-To be supplied by amendment. Business-Manufacture of products in the automotive ignition field for sale outside the United States. Proceeds-For research, and development and working capital. Office-222 Park Ave., South, N. Y. Underwriter-Ezra Kureen Co., N. Y.

Electra-Tronics, Inc. (10/30-11/3)

Aug. 14, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common (par 75c). Price—\$3. Business—The company is a military subcontractor in the electronics field. Proceeds-For the repayment of loans, inventory, expansion and working capital. Office—1242 N. Palm, Sarasota, Fla. Underwriter -Jay Morton & Co., Inc., Sarasota.

Electro-Mec Instrument Corp. (12/4-8) Sept. 15, 1961 filed 176,480 common. Price-\$6. Business The design, manufacture and sale of potentiometers, digitometers and goniometers used in airborne computing devices. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder, Waltham Precision Instrument Co., Inc. Office—47-51 33rd St., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter-Sterling, Grace & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

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July 17, 1961 filed \$540,000 of convertible subordinated debentures due 1971. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of medical-electronic instruments. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—4748 France Avenue, N. Minneapolis. Underwriter—Craig-Hallum, Kinnard, Inc., Minneapolis (managing).

Electro-Miniatures Corp. (11/6-10)
June 19, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business — The manufacture of electronic and electro-mechanical devices for the aircraft, radar, missile and rocket industries. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—600 Huyler St., Hackensack, N. J. Underwriter—Burnham & Co., New York.

Fire—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of slip rings and brush block assemblies, switching devices, relays, and precious metal products. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office — 10 Romanelli Ave., South Hackensack, N. J. Underwriter—Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.). Offering—Expected in December.

Electronic Communications, Inc. (11/13-17)
Sept. 22, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Development and manufacture of electronic communication systems and equipment. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—1501 72nd St. N., St. Petersburg, Fla. Underwriter—Laird & Co., Corp., Wilmington, Del.

E:ectronic International, Inc. (11/13-17)
Sept. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 130,000 common. Price—\$2.
Business—The manufacture of precision instruments.
Proceeds—For equipment and working capital. Office—
176 E. 15th St., Paterson, N. J.—Underwriter—Theodore Arrin & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Electronics Discovery Corp. (11/20-24)
July 26, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$1.
Business—The company plans to develop a device to make non-conductors into electrical conductors by the addition of chemicals. Proceeds—For research and development. Office—1100 Shames Dr., Westbury, L.I., N. Y. Underwriter—Globus, Inc., N. Y.

Elmar Electronics Inc.
Sept. 29, 1961 filed 200,000 common, of which 100,000 will be sold by the company and 100,000 by stockholders.
Price—By amendment. Business—Distribution of electronic parts and equipment. Proceeds—Debt repayment, expansion and working capital. Office—140 Eleventh St., Oakland, Calif. Underwriter—Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco.

Emertron, Inc.
Oct. 6, 1961 filed 320,000 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders of Emerson Radio & Phonograph Corp., parent on the basis of one share of Emertron for each seven shares of Emerson. Price—By amendment. Business—Design and manufacture of electronic equipment for missiles and aircraft. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—14th and Coles Sts., Jersey City, N. J. Underwriter—F. Eberstadt & Co., N. Y.

Empire Fund, Inc.
June 28, 1961 filed 1,250,000 shares of capital stock to be offered in exchange for blocks of designated securities.
Business—A "centennial-type" fund which plans to offer a tax free exchange of its shares for blocks of corporate securities having a market value of \$20,000 or more.
Office—44 School Street, Boston, Mass. Underwriter—A. G. Becker & Co., Inc., Chicago. Offering—Expected in November.

Empire Life Insurance Co. of America
March 14, 1961 (letter of notification) 30,000 shares of capital stock (no par). Price—\$10 per share. Proceeds—To go to selling stockholders. Office—2801 W. Roosevelt Road, Little Rock, Ark. Underwriter—Consolidated Securities, Inc., 2801 W. Roosevelt Road, Little Rock, Ark.

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 65,000 class A. Price—\$4. Business—The manufacture of metal component parts for precision electronic connectors. Proceeds—For moving expenses, a new plant, equipment, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—574 President St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Ezra Kureen Co., N. Y.

Energy Components Corp. (11/13-17)
Sept. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price—\$3.50.
Business—Wholesale distribution of electronic components. Proceeds—For expansion, advertising and promotion, acquisition of a plant and equipment and other corporate purposes. Office—1626 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn. Underwriter—Albion Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Oct. 2, 1961 filed 133,333 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of equipment for radiation detection and measurements. Proceeds—For equipment, leasehold improvements and working capital. Office—175 Pearl St., Brooklyn. Underwriter—L. H. Rothchild & Co., N. Y.

Aug. 1, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—Long-term leasing of automobiles. Proceeds—Purchase of automobiles, establishment of a trucking division and a sales office, and for working capital. Office — 790 Northern Blvd., Great Neck, N. Y. Underwriters—Reich & Co., and Jacques Coe & Co., N. Y.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed \$2,000,000 of 6% subordinated sinking fund debentures due 1971 and 400,000 common to be offered in 200,000 units, each consisting of a \$10 debenture (with 2 warrants) and two common. Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of hotels. Proceeds—For

investment in a subsidiary and realty acquisitions. Office —71 E. Wacker Dr., Chicago. Underwriters — Bear, Stearns & Co., N. Y. C. and Straus, Blosser & McDowell Co., Chicago (mgrs.).

Sept. 5, 1961 filed \$30,000,000 convertible subordinated debentures due 1981. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of industrial and agricultural chemical equipment. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—1105 Coleman Ave., San Jose, Calif. Underwriter—Kidder, Peabody & Co., N. Y. Offering—In early Nov.

FM-Stereo Guide, Inc. (10/23-27)
Aug. 4, 1961 "Reg. A" 50,000 common shares. Price—\$6. Business—The company plans to publish a national magazine featuring detailed FM radio program listings, reviews, interviews, etc. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—1711 Walnut Street, Philadelphia. Underwriter — Valley Forge Securities Co., Inc., New York City and Philadelphia.

May 19, 1961 filed 150,000 shares of common stock. Price—\$1 per share. Business—The manufacture of electronic solid state power controls designed by the company's engineers from specifications supplied by customers. Proceeds—For equipment, repayment of a loan, inventory, advertising and working capital. Office—114 Manhattan Street, Stamford, Conn. Underwriters — First Philadelphia Corp., and Lieberbaum & Co., both of N. Y. Note—This registration was withdrawn.

Family Circle Associates, Inc.
Aug. 30, 1961 filed 50,000 class A common. Price—\$7.
Business—The operation of retail discount department stores. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—30 Main St., Keyport, N. J. Underwriter—Russell & Saxe, Inc., N. Y.

• Family Finance Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Sept. 19, 1961 filed \$25,000,000 principal amount of senior debentures due Oct. 15, 1981. Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of a small loan, discount loan and sales financing business and the writing of credit life and other types of insurance. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—201 W. 14th Street, Wilmington, Del. Underwriter—Goldman, Sachs & Co., N. Y.

Jan. 30, 1961 filed \$2,000,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures. Price—100% of principal amount. Business—The company is engaged in the manufacture and distribution of high reliability materials and basic electronic components, including dielectric and electrolytic capacitors and precision tungsten wire forms. Proceeds—For the payment of debts and for working capital. Office—471 Cortlandt Street, Belleville, N. J. Underwriter—S. D. Fuller Co. Note—July 11, the SEC instituted "Stop Order" proceedings challenging the accuracy and adequacy of this statement.

Fashion Homes Inc. (11/6-10)
July 18, 1961 filed \$600,000 of subordinated debentures due 1971; 100,000 common shares and 100,000 five-year warrants (exercisable at from \$4 to \$8 per share) to be offered for public sale in units of one \$60 debenture, 10 common shares and 10 warrants. The registration also covers 40,800 common shares. Price—\$100 per unit, and \$6 per share. Business—The construction of shell homes. Proceeds—For redemption of 8% debentures; advances to company's subsidiary; repayment of loans; advertising and promotion, and other corporate purposes. Office—1711 N. Glenstone, Springfield, Mo. Underwriters—Globus, Inc. and Ross, Lyon & Co., Inc., New York.

Fashion Industries, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 95,600 common, of which 68,000 will be sold by the company and 27,600 by stockholders.
Price—\$4.75. Business—Manufacture and sale of women's apparel. Proceeds—For repayment of debt, purchase of equipment, taxes, and working capital. Office—Gauthier St., Tuskegee, Ala. Underwriter—Wright, Redden, Myers & Bessell, Inc., Washington, D. C.

Fastline Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$400,000 of 6% conv. subord. debentures due 1971 and 40,000 common shares to be offered publicly in units of one \$500 debenture and 50 common.

Price—\$575 per unit. Business—Manufacture of concealed zippers. Proceeds—Debt repayment, advertising and working capital. Office—8 Washington Place, N. Y. Underwriter—G. Everett Parks & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Fidelity America Financial Corp.
Oct. 3, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Commercial finance company. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—42 S. 15th St., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Netherlands Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Fifth Avenue Cards, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 115,000 class A capital shares. Price—By amendment. Business—Operation of a chain of retail greeting card stores. Proceeds—Debt repayment, working capital and expansion. Office—18 W. 34th St., N. Y. Underwriters—Hardy & Co. and Filor, Bullard & Smyth, N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in Nov.

First Federated Life Insurance Co.
Sept. 20, 1961 filed 10,000 capital shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders at the rate of one new share for each two held. Price—\$35. Proceeds—To increase capital. Office—Munsey Bldg., Baltimore, Md. Underwriter—None.

First Midwest Capital Corp.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—A small business investment company, Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—512 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis. Underwriters—Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis, N. Y., and Craig-Hallum, Kinnard, Inc., Minneapolis.

First National Realty & Construction Corp.

Aug. 11, 1961 filed \$3,000,000 of 6½% subordinated debentures due 1976 (with warrants attached). Price—By amendment. Business—The construction and management of real estate. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—630 Third Avenue, N. Y. Underwriter—H. Hentz & Co., N. Y. (mgr.)

First Small Business Investment Company of Tampa, Inc.

Oct. 6, 1960 filed 500,000 shares of common stock. Price—\$12.50 per share. Proceeds — To provide investment capital. Office—Tampa, Fla. Underwriter—None.

• First Union Realty (10/23-27)
Aug. 30, 1961 filed 1,060,000 shares of beneficial interests.

Price—By amendment. Business—A real estate investment trust. Proceeds—For purchase of an office building, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—Union Commerce Bldg., Cleveland. Underwriters—Harriman Ripley & Co., N. Y., and Hayden, Miller & Co., Cleveland.

First Western Financial Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 23, 1961 filed 450,000 common, of which 100,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 350,000 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—A holding company for a savings and loan association, an insurance agency, real estate and escrow agencies and an appraisal service. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan and general corporate purposes. Office—118 Las Vegas Blvd. S., Las Vegas, Nev. Underwriter—A. C. Allyn & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

Flato Realty Fund
April 21, 1961 filed 2,000,000 shares of participation in the Fund. Price—\$10 per share. Business—A new real estate investment trust. Proceeds — For investment. Office—Highway 44 and Baldwin Blvd., Corpus Christi, Texas. Distributor—Flato, Bean & Co., Corpus Christi, Fleetwood Securities Corp. of America

Aug. 8, 1961 filed 70,000 common shares, of which 56,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 14,000 shares by stockholders. Price—\$10. Business—Distributor of Electronics Investment Corp., Contractual Plans and a broker-dealer registered with NASD. Proceeds—To increase net capital and for investment. Office—44 Wall St., N. Y. Underwriter—General Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Floyd Bennett Stores, Inc. (11/13-17)
Aug. 30, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of discount department stores. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—300 W. Sunrise Highway, Valley Stream, N. Y. Underwriters—Goodkind, Neufeld, Jordon Co., Inc. and Richter & Co., N. Y. (mgrs.).

Folz Vending Co., Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 55,000 common. Price—\$6. Business—The distribution of novelties, candy, etc. through vending machines. Proceeds—To repay loans, purchase machines, and increase working capital. Office—990 Long Beach Rd., Oceanside, N. Y. Underwriter—None.

Food Corp. of America
Oct. 5, 1961 filed 50,000 common. Price—\$2.50. Business
—The acquisition of enterprises engaged in the food processing industry. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and working capital. Office—1207 Foshay Tower, Minneapolis, Minn. Underwriter—None.

Foods Plus, Inc. (11/6-10)
Sept. 22, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—A manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer of vitamin products. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—62 W. 45th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Shearson, Hammill & Co., N. Y.

Sept. 22, 1961 filed 165,000 common; 70,000 to be offered by the company and 95,000 by present stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Printing and binding of books, magazines, catalogs, pamphlets, advertising material, etc. Proceeds—Repayment of debt and working capital. Office—764 Miami Circle, N.E., Atlanta, Ga. Underwriters—J. C. Bradford & Co., Nashville, Tenn. and Courts & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

• Fotochrome Inc. (10/23-27)

June 29 1961 filed \$3 500 000 of cor

June 29, 1961 filed \$3,500,000 or convertible subordinated debentures due 1981 and 143,333 outstanding common shares. The debentures are to be offered by the company and the stock by stockholders. Price — By amendment. Business — The processing of photographic films; the wholesaling of photographic supplies and the development and sale of film processing. Proceeds — For construction of a new plant, purchase of equipment, moving expenses and for other corporate purposes. Office—1874 Washington Ave., New York. Underwriters—Shearson, Hammill & Co., and Emanuel, Deetjen & Co., N. Y.

Fram Corp. (11/13-17)
Sept. 1, 1961 filed 50,000 common. Price—By amendment.
Business — The manufacture of oil and air filtration equipment for engines. Proceeds—To reimburse Treasury for a recent acquisition. Office—105 Pawtucket Ave., East Providence, R. I. Underwriter — Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., N. Y.

Jan. 25, 1961 filed 80,000 shares of common stock and 100,000 warrants to purchase a like number of common shares, to be offered for public sale in units, each consisting of one share of common stock and two warrants. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock at \$2 per share from March to August 1961 and at \$3 per share from September 1962 to February 1964. Price — \$4 per unit. Business — The company (formerly Gar Wood Philadelphia Truck Equipment, Inc.), distributes, sells, services and installs

Gar Wood truck bodies and equipment in Pennsylvania, Delaware, and New Jersey, under an exclusive franchise. Proceeds — For general corporate purposes. Office — Kensington and Sedgley Avenues, Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriter—Fraser & Co., Inc., Philadelphia, Pa. Note—Company formerly was named G-W Ameritronics, Inc. Offering—Expected in November.

Qas Hills Uranium Co.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 847,035 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on a 1-for-10 basis. Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of uranium mines and a mill. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, acquisitions and working capital. Office—224 Ivinson St., Laramie, Wyo. Underwriter—None.

Gem Electronic Distributors, Inc.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 75,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The distribution of electronic parts and equipment, including TV and radio components. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and inventory. Office—34 Hempstead Turnpike, Farmingdale, N. Y. Underwriter—Carter, Berlind, Potoma & Weill, N. Y. C. (mgr.).

★ General Development Corp.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 61,500 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Development of land for home and industrial sites. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—2828 S. W. 22nd St., Miami, Fla. Underwirter—Allen & Co., N. Y.

General Forms, Inc.
Aug. 15, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, plant improvements, equipment and working capital. Office—7325 Northwest 43rd St., Miami. Underwriter—Equity Securities Co., New York.

General Kinetics Inc. (10/23-27)
Aug. 7, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Company conducts various activities within the fields of electronics, mechanical engineering, instrumentation and mathematics. Proceeds—For expansion. Office — 2611 Shirlington Rd., Arlington, Va. Underwriters — Balogh & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C. and Irving J. Rice & Co., Inc., St. Paul, Minn.

June 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common shares (par \$1). Price—\$5. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, inventory, equipment and working capital. Office—12414 Exposition Byld., West Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—Ehrlich, Irwin & Co., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

★ General Research Corp.

Oct. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 23,599 preferred and 115,966 common to be offered in units as follows: (1) one preferred and three common; (2) one preferred and six common; (3) one preferred and nine common. Price—(1) \$8 per unit; (2) \$14 per unit; (3) \$20 per unit. Proceeds—For debt repayment, equipment, advertising and working capital. Office—3203 Third Ave., N., Billings, Mont. Underwriter—Wilson, Ehli, Demos Bailey & Co., Billings, Mont.

★ General Telephone Co. of Florida
Oct. 11, 1961 filed \$15,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, series H, due 1991. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and construction. Office — 610 Morgan St., Tampa, Fla. Underwriters—Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis and Stone & Webster Securities Corp., N. Y.

Gibraltar Financial Corp. of California (11/21) Oct. 3, 1961 filed \$5,500,000 of conv. subord. debentures due Nov. 1, 1976. Price—By amendment. Business—A holding company for a savings and loan association, a bank, an escrow company and a real estate trustee. Proceeds—Debt repayment, additional investment in the bank and other corporate purposes. Office—9111 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriters—White, Weld & Co., N. Y., and Dean Witter & Co., San Francisco.

• Girder Process, Inc. (10/30-11/4)
July 21, 1961 filed 80,000 class A common shares. Price—\$5.25. Business—The manufacture of adhesive bonding films and related products. Proceeds—For acquisition of a new plant, purchase and construction of new machinery and equipment, research and laboratory product development, sales program, advertising, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office—102 Hobart Street, Hackensack, N. J. Underwriter—Winslow, Cohu & Stetson, New York (managing).

Girltown, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 200,000 class A common shares. Price
—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of young
women's sportswear. Proceeds—For selling stockholders.
Office—35 Morrissey Blvd., Boston. Underwriter—Hemphill, Noyes & Co., N. Y.

Glacier Publishing International, Inc.
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 112,500 common. Price—\$3. Business—Publishing of crossword puzzle magazines, pricing guide directories and certain annual publications. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—26 B'way, N. Y. Underwriter—Farrell Securities Co., N. Y.

Glass-Tite Industries, Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 185,000 common, of which 135,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of glass-to-metal hermetic seals. Proceeds—For purchase of equipment, investment in a subsidiary, research and development, moving expenses, and working capital. Office—725 Branch Ave., Providence, R. I. Underwriter—Hemphill, Noyes & Co., N. Y.

Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Manufacture of die casting and zipper machinery. Proceeds—General corporate purposse. Office—130 County Courthouse Rd., New Hyde Park, N. Y. Underwriter—G. Everett Parks & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Glenmore Distilleries Co.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed \$7,500,000 of convertible subordinated debentures due 1981. Price—By amendment. Business—The production of alcoholic beverages. Proceeds—For repayment of loans. Office—660 Fourth St., Louisville. Underwriter—Glore, Forgan & Co., N. Y. C. (mgr.).

Globe Coliseum, Inc.
July 21, 1961 ("Reg. A") 300,000 common shares. Price
—At par (\$1). Proceeds—For construction of a coliseum
building, furnishings and incidental expenses. Address—
c/o Fred W. Layman, 526 S. Center, Casper, Wyo. Underwriter—Northwest Investors Service, Inc., Billings, Mont.
Offering—Imminent.

Gluckin (Wm.) Co. Ltd. (1/4)
Aug. 25, 1961 filed 175,000 common. Price—\$10. Business
—The manufacture of ladies' underclothing. Proceeds—
For repayment of loans and general corporate purposes.
Office—Bank of Bermuda Bldg., Hamilton, Bermuda.
Underwriter—Globus, Inc., N. Y. C. (mgr.)

Golf Courses, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 capital shares. Price—\$6.

Business—The company plans to operate a public golf course and a private country club. Proceeds—For purchase of land, construction and general corporate purposes. Office—1352 Easton Rd., Warrington, Bucks County, Pa. Underwriter—Metropolitan Securities, Inc., Philadelphia (mgr.)

Gould Paper Co.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price—\$11. Business—Manufacture of paper. Proceeds—Expansion and working capital. Office—Lyons Falls, N. Y. Underwriter—Amos Treat & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Gradiaz, Annis & Co., Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 116,875 common, of which 25,350 shares will be offered by the company and 91,525 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of cigars. Proceeds—To prepay notes and increased working capital. Office—2311-18th St., Tampa, Fla. Underwriter—W. C. Langley & Co., N. Y.

Grafco Industries, Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 77,250 common. Price—\$4. Business—Manufacture of graphic arts equipment, chemicals and supplies. Proceeds—For the operation of a subsidiary, new product development, equipment and other corporate purposes. Office—291 Third Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Philips, Rosen and Appel, N. Y.

Green (Henry J.) Instrument Co.

Aug. 24, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price—\$2.25. Business—The manufacture of precision meteorological instruments. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, equipment, salaries and general corporate purposes. Office—2500 Shames Dr., Westbury, N. Y. Underwriter—N. A. Hart & Co., Inc., Bayside, N. Y. (mgr.).

Griesedieck Co.

Sept. 11, 1961 filed 100,000 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one new share for each three held. Price—By amendment. Busines — A closed - end investment company. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—314 N. B'way, St. Louis. Underwriter—Edward D. Jones & Co., St. Louis.

Gro-Rite Shoe Co., Inc.
July 21, 1961 filed \$500,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1970 to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one \$100 debenture for each 60 shares held. Price—At par. Business—The manufacture of specialized children's shoes. Proceeds—For new molds, construction and working capital. Address—Route 2, Box 129, Mount Gilead, N. C. Underwriter—None. Offering—Expected in November.

Growth, Inc. (11/6-10)
May 17, 1961 (letter of notification) 100,000 shares of common stock (par \$1). Price—\$3 per share. Address—Lynn, Mass. Underwriter—Mann & Creesy, Salem, Mass.

★ Growth Projects, Inc.
Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 300,000 capital shares. Price—
At par (\$1). Proceeds—For investment in real estate.
Office—8710 Georgia Ave., Silver Spring, Md. Underwriter—None.

Growth Properties (10/23-27)
May 9, 1961 filed 100,000 shares of common stock. Price

To be supplied by amendment. Business—The company plans to engage in all phases of the real estate business. Proceeds — To reduce indebtedness, construct apartment units, buy land, and for working capital. Office—Suite 418, Albert Bldg., San Rafael, Calif. Underwriter—Pacific Coast Securities Co., San Francisco, Calif.

Gulf American Fire & Casualty Co.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 226,004 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of three new shares for each 10 held. Price—\$2. Business—Writing of fire and casualty insurance. Proceeds—To increase capital and surplus. Office—25 S. Perry St., Montgomery, Ala. Underwriter—None.

Gulf States Land & Industries, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 460,003 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders of Chemetals Corp., principal stockholder, on the basis of five shares for each \$5 cumulative preferred share (par \$10) and one share for each 3.2367 common shares of Chemetals held. Price—By amendment. Business—The exploration and development of oil and gas properties. Office—383 Madison Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—None.

Halco Chemical Co.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 225,000 common. Price—\$2. Business
—Manufacture of agricultural chemicals. Proceeds—
General corporate purposes. Office — N. 14th St. and
Lafayette Ave., Kenilworth, N. J. Underwriters—Ross,
Lyon & Co., Inc., and Globus, Inc., N. Y.

Hallmark Insurance Co., Inc.

Aug. 3, 1961 filed 225,000 common shares. Price — \$3.

Business—An insurance company. Proceeds—For capital and surplus. Office—636 S. Park St., Madison, Wis. Un-

derwriters—Braun, Monroe & Co., Milwaukee and Harley, Haydon & Co., Inc., Madison.

Haltone Rental Corp.
Sep. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common. Price—\$2.
Business—Rental of fur coats. Proceeds—For leasehold improvements, equipment, advertising, working capital and inventory. Office—350 Seventh Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—B. G. Harris & Co., N. Y.

Hamilton Electro Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 9, 1961 filed 135,000 common, of which 80,000 are to be offered by the company and 55,000 by stockholders.

Price—\$7.50. Business—Distribution of solia state electronic parts and equipment. Proceeds—Inventory, new product lines, repayment of loans and working capital.

Office—11965 Santa Monica Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—William Norton Co., N. Y.

Handschy Chemical Co. (11/6-10)

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 150,000 common, of which 50,000 are to be offered by the company and 100,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manutacture of specialty printing inks, chemicals and supplies. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—2525 N. Elston Ave., Chicago. Underwriter—Blunt Ellis & Simmons, Chicago (mgr.)

• Hannett Industries, Inc. (11/13-17)

Aug. 11, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.

Business — Fabrication of components for missiles, jet engines, aircraft landing gears and precision machines.

Proceeds — Machinery, research and development and working capital. Office—40 Sea Cliff Ave., Glen Cove, N. Y. Underwriter—Albion Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Happy House, Inc. (10/23-27)
July 28, 1961 filed 700,000 common shares . Price—\$1.
Business—The marketing of gifts, candies and greeting cards through franchised dealers. Proceeds—For equipment, inventory and working capital. Office—11 Tenth Ave., S., Hopkins, Minn. Underwriter—None.

Harleysville Life Insurance Co.
Sept. 21, 1961 filed 40,000 common. Price—\$15. Business—The writing of all types of life insurance and annuities. Proceeds—Working capital. Office—Harleysville, Pa. Underwriter—None.

Hartfield Stores, Inc.
Sept. 25, 1961 filed \$5,000,000 of conv. subord. debentures due 1981. Price—By amendment. Business—Operation of retail apparel and discount department stores. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, expansion and working capital. Office—5330 W. 102nd St., Los Angeles. Underwriters—Van Alstyne, Noel & Co., N. Y., and Johnston, Lemon & Co., Wash., D. C. Offering—Expected sometime in Nov.

Hawthorne Financial Corp. (10/23 27)
Aug. 10, 1961 filed 33,117 capital shares. Price — By amendment. Business—A holding company for a savings and loan association and an insurance agency. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—305 S. Hawthorne Boulevard, Hawthorne, Calif. Underwriter — Crowell, Weedon & Co., Los Angeles.

Hazeltine Investment Corp.
June 5, 1961 filed 13,000 5% preferred shares (\$100 par) and 13,000 common shares to be offered for sale in units of one preferred and one common share. Price—\$101 per unit. Business—The acquisition and development of real estate. Proceeds—For investment, repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—660 Grain Exchange, Minneapolis. Underwriter—None.

* Helland Research & Engineering, Inc.
Oct. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 180,000 common. Price—\$1.15.
Proceeds—For tooling, inventory, equipment and expansion. Address—Navarre, Minn. Underwriter—None.

Hexagon Laboratories, Inc.
July 20, 1961 filed \$540,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976 and 90,000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$300 of debentures and 50 common shares. Price—\$500 per unit. Business—The manufacture of medicinal chemicals. Proceeds—For equipment, expansion, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—3536 Peartree Avenue, New York Underwriter—Stearns & Co., New York (managing).

• Hickory Industries, Inc. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 31, 1961 ("Reg. A") 40,000 common. Price—\$5.
Business—The manufacture of barbecue machines and allied equipment. Proceeds—For equipment, inventory, sales promotion, expansion and working capital. Office—10-20 47th Rd., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter—J. B. Coburn Associates, Inc., N. Y.

High Temperature Materials, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of products from test models. Proceeds—For equipment, research and development, leasehold improvements, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—130 Lincoln St., Brighton, Mass. Underwriter—L. F. Rothschild & Co., N. Y.

★ Hill Street Co.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 2,265,138 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders of Union Bank of California on a share-for-share basis. Price—\$3. Business—A management investment company. Proceeds—For investment. Office—760 S. Hill St., Los Angeles. Underwriter—None.

• Hoffman International Corp. (11/20-24)
July 18, 1961 filed \$1,890,700 7% convertible subordinated debentures due 1973 to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 25 shares held. Price—At par. Business—The

Proceeds—For repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—107 Fourth Ave., New York. Underwriter—J. R. Williston & Beane, New York.

Hogan Faximile Corp. (10/30)
July 26, 1961 filed 300,000 common shares. Price — By amendment. Business—The manufacture of electrolytic recording paper and equipment. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and working capital. Office—635 Greenwich St., New York. Underwriter—William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles (managing).

Hollywood Artists Productions Inc.
July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business—The production of motion picture and TV feature films. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, producers' fee, stories and working capital. Office—350 Lincoln Rd., Miami Beach, Fla. Underwriter—To be named.

the Honolu'u Gas Co., Ltd.
Oct. 11, 1961 filed 73,062 common, of which 66,420 will be offered for subscription by stockholders on a 1-for-5 basis. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For construction and debt repayment. Office—1050 Bishop St., Honolulu, Hawaii. Underwriter—None.

Houston Corp.

June 9, 1961 filed 583,334 common shares to be offered for subscription by holders of common and class A stock.

Price—By amendment. Business — The operation of a pipe line system of natural gas. Proceeds—For expansion, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—First Federal Bldg., St. Petersburg, Fla. Underwriters—Blyth & Co., Inc., Lehman Brothers and Allen & Co., New York.

* Hydra-Loc, Inc.
Oct. 10, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common. Price—\$2.
Business—Design, development and manufacture of a brake control. Proceeds—For debt repayment and general corporate purposes. Office—101 Park Ave., Hudson, N. Y. Underwirter—McLaughlin, Kaufman & Co., N. Y.

Hygiene industries Inc.
Sept. 20, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Manufacturer of shower and window curtains. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—261 5th Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Milton D. Blauner & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

Hygrade Packaging Corp.

Aug. 30, 1961 filed 100,000 class A. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of paper cartons and boxes. Proceeds—For product development, expansion, repayment of a loan and working capital. Office—92-00 Atlantic Ave., Ozone Park, N. Y. Underwriter—P. J. Gruber & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Idaho Power Co. (11/1)
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—By amendment. Office—1220 Idaho St., Boise, Idaho. Underwriters—To be named. The last sale of common on Nov. 10, 1960 was underwritten by Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., N. Y.

Sept. 26, 1961 filed \$10,000,000 first mortgage bonds due 1991. Office—1220 Idaho St., Boise, Idaho. Underwriters—(Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Lazard Freres & Co.-First Boston Corp. (jointly); Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.-White, Weld & Co. (jointly); Salomon Brothers & Hutzler-Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. (jointly); Equitable Securities Corp. Bids—Expected Nov. 1. Information Meeting—Oct. 27 (11 a.m. EDST) at Bankers Trust Co. (Room No. 1, second floor) 16 Wall St., N. Y.

Ihnen (Edward H.) & Son, Inc. (11/6-10)
May 16, 1961 filed 75,000 shares of common stock. Price
—\$5 per share. Business—The construction of public and private swimming pools and the sale of pool equipment.

Proceeds—To reduce indebtedness, to buy equipment, and for working capital. Office—Montvale, N. J. Underwriter—Amos Treat & Co., Inc., New York City.

Sept. 19, 1961 filed 250,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—A small business investment company.

Office—20 North Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill. Underwriter—Blair & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Expected in Nov.

Industrionics Controls, Inc.
July 26, 1961 filed 84,000 common shares. Price — \$5.
Business—The manufacture of electronic controls for the monitoring of machinery. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan, purchase of raw material and equipment, advertising, establishment of a field engineering service organization and other corporate purposes. Office—20 Vandam St., N. Y. Underwriter—Jacey Securities Co., N. Y.

July 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 200,000 common. Price—\$1.50. Business—Manufacture of electronic and electro-mechanical devices used to determine the accuracy of aircraft flight instruments. Office—170 Coolidge Ave., Englewood, N. J. Underwriter—M. H. Woodhill Inc., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

Interior Communications Systems, Inc.
Aug. 25, 1961 ("Reg. A") 220,000 common. Price—\$1.15
Proceeds—For establishment of a Chicago branch office
and the purchase of inventories. Office—2430 Nicollet
Ave., Minneapolis. Underwriter—McDonald, Anderson,
Peterson & Co., Inc., Minneapolis. Offering—Expected
in late October.

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.

(10/23-27)
Sept. 29, 1961 filed 514,432 common, of which 409,432 will be sold by the company and 105,000 by stockholders.

Price—By amendment. Business—Production of fra-

grances and flavors for the cosmetic, soap and food industries. Proceeds—For the purchase and retirement of 957,046 outstanding shares now held by a Dutch company. Office—521 W. 57th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Smith, Barney & Co., Inc., N. Y.

International House of Pancakes, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed \$600,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976 and 81,250 common. Price—
By amendment. Business—The distribution of food items for restaurants. Proceeds—For expansion, repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—6837 Lankershim Blvd., North Hollywood, Calif. Underwriter—

L. F. Rothschild & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

International Housing Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 16, 1961 filed 440,000 common shares. Price—\$1.15.
Business—For construction and financing of shell homes.
Proceeds—For working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—2101 N. E. Broadway, Minneapolis.
Underwriter—Bratter & Co., Inc., Minneapolis.

International Management Corp.

Aug. 21, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common (par \$1). Price

\$_\$3. Proceeds\$—For loans to subsidiaries and working capital. Office\$_7510 B. Granby St., Norfolk, Va. Underwriter\$_J. B. McLean & Co., Inc., Norfolk, Va.

Sept. 15, 1961 filed 200,000 class A common. Price—\$9. Business — The wholesale distribution of photographic and sound equipment and supplies. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office — 45-17 Pearson St., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriters—C. E. Unterberg, Towbin Co., and Arnhold & S. Bleichroeder, Inc., N. Y.

July 25, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$3.50. Business — The acquisition and operation of bowling centers in Colorado, California and other states. Proceeds—For repayment of debts and general corporate purposes. Office — 10391 Magnolia Ave., Riverside, Calif. Underwriter—Currier & Carlsen, Inc., San Diego.

Interstate Hosts, Inc.
Oct. 2, 1961 filed \$2,550,000 of con. subord. debentures due 1981 to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 33 shares held. Price—At par. Business—The operation of restaurants, other food establishments and gift shops. Proceeds—For expansion. Office—11255 W. Olympic Blvd., Los Angeles. Underwriters—Glore, Forgan & Co., N. Y. and H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc., Chicago.

Interworld Film Distributors, Inc.
Sept. 29, 1961 filed 106,250 common. Price—\$4. Business Theatrical distribution and co-production of foreign and domestic feature films. Proceeds—For acquisition, co-production, dubbing, adaptation and distribution of films, and working capital. Office—1776 B'way, N. Y. Underwriters—General Securities Co., Inc., and S. Kasdan & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Expected in December.

Ivest Fund, Inc.
Feb. 20, 1961 filed 150,000 shares of common stock. Price
—Net asset value at the time of the offering. Business
—A non-diversified, open-end investment company,
whose stated objective is capital appreciation. Proceeds
—For investment. Office — One State Street, Boston,
Underwriter—Ivest, Inc., One State Street, Boston.

James Vending Machine Co., Inc.
Aug. 11, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—Sale, servicing and operation of vending machines. Proceeds—Purchase of trucks, development and general corporate purposes. Office—5523 Illinois Ave., N. W., Washington 11, D. C. Underwriter—Mitchell, Carroll & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

★ (The) Japan Fund, Inc.
Oct. 19, 1961 filed 2,000,000 common. Price—\$12.50.
Business—A diversified investment company. Proceeds
—For investment in Japanese securities. Underwriters
—Bache & Co., and Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis,
N. Y., and Nikko Securities Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan.

Jarrell-Ash Co.

Aug. 17, 1961 filed 60,000 class A common shares and 9,000 outstanding voting trust certificates (representing beneficial interest in 9,000 class B common shares). Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of optical instrumentation. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office — 7 Farwell St., Newtonville, Mass. Underwriters—Stearns & Co., New York and Clayton Securities Corp., Boston. Offering—Expected in early November.

Jayark Films Corp. (11/6-10)
Aug. 24, 1961 filed 72,000 common, of which 50,000 are to be offered by the company and 22,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment, Business—The distribution of motion picture and television films. Proceeds—For production of films and working capital. Office—15 E. 48th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Pacific Coast Securities Co., San Francisco.

★ Jaylis Industries, Inc.
Oct. 18, 1961 filed \$850,000 of 6½% subord. debentures due 1971 and 212,500 class A common shares to be offered in units of one \$100 debenture and 25 class A shares. Price—\$200. Business—Manufactures patented traversing screens for use as window coverings, room dividers, folding doors, etc. Proceeds—For debt repayment and general corporate purposes. Office—514 W. Olympic Blvd., Los Angeles, Underwriter—D. E. Liederman & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Johnson Electronics, Inc.
Sept. 8, 1961 filed 125,000 capital shares. Price—By amendment. Business—The design and production of special electronic components for the commercial and military market. Proceeds—For the repayment of debt,

and working capital. Address—Box 7, Casselberry, Fla. Underwriter—Warner, Jennings, Mandel & Longstreth, Philadelphia.

Jorn's Greeting Card Co., Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 110,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture and sale of greeting cards.
Proceeds—For repayment of loans, expansion and working capital. Office—106-11 157th St., Jamaica, N. Y. Underwriter—Godfrey Hamilton, Taylor & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Joyce Teletronics Corp.

Aug. 31, 1961 ("Reg. A") 55,000 common. Price—\$5.

Business—The manufacture of electronic instruments used in communication. Proceeds—For working capital, new products and repayment of loans. Office—20 Madison Ave., Hicksville, N. Y. Underwriter—General Securities Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Expected in December.

• Julyn Sportswear, Inc.
Sept. 7, 1961 filed 125,000 class A. Price—\$5. Business—
The manufacture of maternity clothes and sportswear.
Proceeds—For working capital. Office—237 W. 35th St.,
N.Y. Underwriter—Mortimer B. Burnside & Co., Inc., N.Y.
Offering—Expected in November.

Kaiser Electronics, Inc.

Aug. 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price—\$4.50.

Business — The manufacture of electronic power conversion equipment. Proceeds — For repayment of loans, new products, equipment, inventory, sales promotion and working capital. Office—3 Monroe St., Union N. J. Underwriter—Schirmer, Atherton & Co., Boston.

• Kaufman & Broad Building Co. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 11, 1961 filed 174,500 common snares, of which 124,500 shares are to be offered by the company and 50,000
shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business
—The construction and sale of low-priced homes. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital.
Office—18610 W. Eight Mile Road, Southfield, Mich. Underwriter—Bache & Co., New York (managing).

Keller Corp.

June 29, 1961 filed \$1,200,000 of 6½% convertible subord. debentures due 1968. Price—At 100%. Business—Development of land, construction of homes and related activities in Florida. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, acquisition of Yetter Homes, Inc., and general corporate purposes. Office—101 Bradley Place, Palm Beach, Fla. Underwriter—Casper Rogers & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Expected late in December.

Kendall Industries, Inc. (11/15)
Sept. 11, 1961 fited 150,000 common, of which 100,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by a selling stockholder. Price—\$4. Business—The manufacture of sliding aluminum windows and doors. Proceeds—For equipment and general corporate purposes. Office—5581 Air Terminal Dr., Fresno, Calif. Underwriter—Currier & Carlsen, Inc., Los Angeles (mgr.).

Kent Dry Cleaners, Inc. (11/2)
Aug. 25, 1961 filed 165,000 common, of which 45,000 are to be offered by the company and 120,000 by stockholders. Price—\$5. Business—The dry cleaning and storage of clothes. Proceeds—For working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—1745 Clintonville St., Whitestone (Queens) N. Y. Underwriter—Arnold Malkan & Co., Inc., N. Y. C.

Kentucky Central Life & Accident Insurance Co. Aug. 16, 1961 filed 400,000 class A non-voting common shares, of which 200,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 200,000 shares by stockholders. Price—From \$13 to \$17 per share. Proceeds—To increase capital and surplus. Address—Anchorage, Ky. Underwriter—Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., St. Louis (mgr.). Offering—Expected in late October.

Kenwin Shops, Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 80,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Operates a chain of women's and children's apparel stores. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, expansion and working capital. Office—249 W. 34th St., N. Y. Underwriters—D. H. Blair & Co., N. Y., and Johnson, Lane, Space Corp., Savannah.

Keystone Steel & Wire Co. (10/23-27)

Aug. 23, 1961 filed \$20,000,000 of convertible subordinated debentures due 1981. Price—By amendment.

Business—The production of steel. Proceeds—For the repayment of debt and working capital. Office—Peoria, Ill. Underwriters—Hornblower & Weeks and Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co. (co-mgrs.)

Kiddie Rides, Inc.
Sept. 12, 1961 filed \$1,000,000 of 7% convertible subordinated debentures due 1971 and 30,000 common to be offered in units of \$1,000 debentures and 30 of common.

Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of coin operated children's amusement equipment. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, equipment and general corporate purposes. Office—2557 W. North Ave., Chicago. Underwriter—Paul C. Kimball & Co., Chicago.

King Louie Bowling Corp.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 325,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Operates a chain of bowling centers. Proceeds—Repay debt and for other corporate purposes. Office—8788 Metcalfe Rd., Overland Park, Kan. Underwriter—George K. Baum & Co., Kansas City, Mo.

Knape & Vogt Manufacturing Co.
Sept. 11, 1961 filed 263,750 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of specialty hardware items. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—658 Richmond St., N. W. Grand Rapids, Mich. Underwriter—Glore, Forgan & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

Knickerbocker Toy Co., Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Design and manufacture of toys. Pro-

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ceeds—For working capital. Office—401 Butler St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Netherlands Securities Co., Inc., N. Y.

Korfund, Inc.

Sept. 8, 1961 filed \$600,000 of 6½% convertible subord. depentures due 1971 and 180,000 common to be offered for public sale in units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and 30 common. Of the 180,000 shares, 40,000 will be sold by the company and 140,000 by Massachusetts Mohair Plush Co., Inc., sole stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of vibration, shock and noise control products and the distribution of European made electronic and mechanical instruments. Proceeds—For the repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—16 E. 34th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Street & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Koster-Dana Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 70,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Publishing of informational booklets for financial, commercial and industrial organizations. Proceeds—Debt repayment and working capital. Office—76 Ninth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Gianis & Co., N. Y.

Kratter Corp.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed \$100,000,000 of 6% subord. debentures due 1976 (with attached five-year warrants to purchase 2,000,000 class A common) to be offered to holders of class A and class B shares at the rate of \$1,000 of debentures for each 50 shares held. Price—\$1,000. Business—Real Estate investment. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, investment, and corporate purposes. Office—521 5th Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—None.

Kronfeld (Phil), Inc.
July 28, 1961 ('Reg. A'') 75,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$4. Business—The operation of men's retail stores. Proceeds—For a new store, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—201 W. 49th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Kerns, Bennett & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Rulicke & Soffa Manufacturing Co.

Aug. 15, 1961 filed 122,980 common shares, of which 100,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 22,980 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of machinery for production of transistors and similar devices. Proceeds—For payment of taxes, new products, down payment on a new plant and general corporate purposes. Office—401 N. Broad St., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Marron, Sloss & Co., Inc., New York (managing).

L. L. Drug Co., Inc.
July 26, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price—\$4.50.
Business — The manufacture or pharmaceuticals. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan, purchase of equipment, research and development, advertising and working capital. Office—1 Bala Ave., Bala-Cynwyd, Pa. Underwriter—Stevens Investment Co., Bala-Cynwyd, Pa. Offering—Expected in late October.

Laboratory Procedures, Inc.

Co., Inc., Denver.

Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares. Price—\$2.50. Proceeds—For debt repayment, equipment, advertising, leases, and working capital. Office — 2701 Stocker St., Los Angeles. Underwriter—Pacific Coast Securities Co., San Francisco.

Aug. 30, 1961 filed 364,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of peanut butter filled delicacies. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—1304 S. Blvd., Charlotte, N. C. Underwriter—R. S. Dickson & Co., Charlotte, N. C. (mgr.).

★ Larr Optics & Electronics Co.
Oct. 2, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$2. Proceeds—For expansion, equipment, research and development and working capital. Office—1375 West Maple St., Denver. Underwriter—Schmidt, Sharp, McCabe &

Lehigh Acres Utilities & Investment Co.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Operates a water treatment plant, sewage disposal plant, and LP-gas distribution facilities. Proceeds—Repay debt, expansion and working capital. Office—800-71st St., Miami Beach, Fla. Underwriter—None.

Leslie (Joyce), Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5.50. Business—Retailing of women's apparel. Proceeds—For expansion, inventories and working capital. Office—850 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Underwriter—Seymour, Bernard & DuBoff, Inc., N. Y.

Lewis & Clark Marina, Inc.
May 9, 1961 (letter of notification) 150,000 shares of common stock (par \$1). Price—\$2 per share. Address—Yankton, S. D. Underwriter — The Apache Investment Planning Division of the Apache Corp., Minneapolis. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

Libby International Corp.

Aug. 3, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business—The distribution of tractors and farm equipment manufactured by Kramer-Werke, a German company. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, inventory and working capital. Office—325 W. Houston Street, New York. Underwriter—Tau Inc., New York.

Liberian American-Swedish Minerals Co.
Sept. 14, 1961 filed \$5,871,500 of 4,167% subordinated debentures due 1985 to be offered for subscription by stockholders of International African American Corp. Latter stockholders will receive Class C rights to acquire the debentures and 176,145 of Liberian Iron Ore Ltd., parent, in units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and 3 Liberian Iron Ore. Price—\$104 per unit. Business—The commercial exploitation of iron ore deposits in Liberia. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder. Address—Monrovia, Liberia. Underwriter—None.

Liberian Iron Ore Ltd.

Sept. 14, 1961 filed 436,327 capital shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders of International African American Corp. Latter stockholders will receive class A rights to acquire 40,000 capital shares on the basis of one for each 22 held; class B rights to acquire 220,182 on the basis of one for each four held; and class C rights to acquire 176,145 shares and \$5,871,500 of debentures of Liberian American-Swedish Minerals Co., subsidiary, in units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and three Liberian Iron shares. Price—Class A—\$10; Class B—\$15.85; Class C—\$104 per unit. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder. Business—A holding company for stock of Liberian American-Swedish Minerals Co., which is engaged in the exploitation of iron ore deposits in Liberia. Address—Prince Edward Island, Canada. Underwriter—None.

Lido Corp. (11/13-17)

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 84,000 common. Price—\$3.25. Business—The manufacture of toys, games and novelties. Proceeds—For new equipment, advertising, and repayment of loans. Office—349 Rider Ave., Bronx 51, N. Y. Underwriter—Flomenhaft, Seidler & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Lincoln Fund, Inc. (11/20-24)
March 30, 1961 filed 951,789 snares of common stock
Price — Net asset value plus a 7% selling commission
Business — A non-diversified, open-end, managementtype investment company whose primary investment objective is capital appreciation and, secondary, income
derived from the sale of put and call options. Proceeds—
For investment. Office—300 Main St., New Britain, Conn.
Distributor—Horizon Management Corp., New York.

• Lincoln Liberty Life Insurance Co. (11/13-17) Sept. 15, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The writing of ordinary life insurance. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—1518 Milam St., Houston. Underwriter—Bache & Co., N. Y.

Lomart Perfected Devices, Inc.
Sept. 14, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—The manufacture of pool filters and accessories and tools, dies, metal stampings, etc. Proceeds—For moving expenses, purchase of equipment, promotion of a new product and working capital. Office—199 Bleecker St, Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—None.

Longs Drug Stores, Inc. (11/6-10)

Aug. 24, 1961 filed 190,000 outstanding common. Price—
By amendment, Business—The company operates a chain
of drug stores in California and Hawaii. Proceeds—For
the selling stockholders. Office—5301 Broadway, Oakland, Calif. Underwriter—Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner
& Smith Inc. N. Y. C. (mgr.).

Lortogs, Inc. (10/23-27)
July 26, 1961 filed 200,000 common, of which 150,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by the stockholders. Price—\$6.50. Business—Manufacture of children's sportswear. Proceeds—Repayment of loans; inventories; new products; working capital, and general corporate purposes. Office—85 Tenth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Reich & Co., N. Y.

Louis Sherry Preserves, Inc.
Sept. 21, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—Manufacture of fresh fruit preserves and jellies. Proceeds—Plant expansion, advertising, repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—30-30 Northern Blvd., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter—Stanley Heller & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

Oct. 5, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Renders engineering and research services. Proceeds—For equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office—150 E. Foodhill Blvd., Arcadia, Calif. Underwriter—Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., Inc., St. Louis. Offering—Expected in late November.

Lum's, Inc. (10/23)
 Sept. 14, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 class A common. Price—\$1. Proceeds—For expansion. Business—The operation of a specialty restaurant chain. Office—2302 Collins Ave., Miami Beach, Fla. Underwriter—Bayes, Rose & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Lunar Enterprises, Inc. (11/20-24)
Aug. 31, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price—\$5.75. Business—The production of television films. Proceeds—For filming and production and working capital. Office—1501 Broadway, N. Y. Underwriter—Ehrlich, Irwin & Co., Inc., 50 Broadway, N. Y.

Lundy Electronics & Systems, Inc.
Sept. 19, 1961 filed 175,000 common. Price—\$4. Business
—The manufacture of electronic, electro-mechanical and hydraulic systems for aircraft, missiles and space vehicles. Proceeds—For research and development, sales promotion and working capital. Office—Glen Head, N. Y. Underwriter—Michael G. Kletz & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Aug. 30, 1961 filed \$1,250,000 of 6½% convertible subordinated debentures due 1971, 200,000 common and 5year warrants to purchase 50,000 common to be offered
in 50 units each consisting of \$25 of debentures, 4 common and one warrant. Price—By amendment. Business—
Development of residential communities. Proceeds—For
working capital and general corporate purposes. Office
—6910 E. Broadway, Tucson. Underwriter—Burnham &
Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

M P I Glass Fibers, Inc.

April 27, 1961 (letter of notification) 150,000 shares of common stock (par one cent). Price—\$2 per share. Business—The manufacture of a new patented fiber glass material to be used in rocket motor cases. Proceeds—For expenses, equipment and working capital. Office—1025 Shoreham Bldg., Washington, D. C. Underwriter—To be named. Note— This company formerly was named Industrial Materials, Inc.

Macfadden Publications, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$5,300,000 of convertible subord. debentures due 1971. Price—At par. Business—Book and magazine publishing. Proceeds—Debt repayment, moving expenses and working capital. Office—205 E. 42nd St., N. Y. Underwriters—First Broad Street Corp. and Lieberbaum & Co., N. Y.

MacLevy Associates, Inc.

July 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common shares (par one cent). Price—\$2. Business—The distribution of health, exercise and slenderizing equipment. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, equipment, new products, sales promotion and advertising, plant removal and working capital. Office—189 Lexington Ave., N. Y. 16, N. Y. Underwriter—Continental Bond & Share Corp., Maplewood, N.J. Offering—Imminent.

Macoid Industries, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 300,000 common, of which 100,000 are to be offered by the company and 200,000 by stockholders. Price \$5. Business Molding of plastic products for the automobile, electrical utility and telephone industries. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—12340 Cloverdale, Detroit. Underwriters—Charles Plohn & Co., N. Y. and Edwards & Hanly, Hempstead, N. Y.

Magazines For Industry, Inc. (11/1-3)
Aug. 2, 1961 filed 135,000 common shares. Price — By amendment. Business—The publishing of business periodicals. Preceds—For promotion, a new publication and working capital. Office—660 Madison Ave., New York. Underwriter—S. D. Fuller & Co., N. Y. (mgr.)

• Magna Pipe Line Co., Ltd. (10/23-27)
June 1, 1961 filed 750,000 common shares, of which 525,000 will be offered for sale in the U. S., and 225,000 in
Canada. Price—By amendment. Business—The company
plans to build and operate an underwater natural gas
transmission pipeline from British Columbia to Vancover Island and a subsidiary will build a pipeline from
Bremerton to Port Angeles, Washington. Proceeds—For
construction. Office—508 Credit Foncier Bldg., Vancouver, B. C. Underwriters—(In U. S.) Bear, Stearns &
Co., New York. (In Canada) W. C. Pitfield & Co., Ltd.,
Montreal.

★ Mainco Electronics & Marine Development Corp. Oct. 13, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—Manufactures electronic marine equipment and small boats. Proceeds—Plant construction, research and development and working capital. Office—Booth Bay Harbor, Maine. Underwriter—Nance-Keith Corp., N. Y. • Mairs & Power Income Fund, Inc.

June 7, 1961 filed 40,000 common shares. Price — By amendment. Business—A mutual fund. Proceeds — For Investment. Office—1002 First National Bank Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Underwriter—None. Offering—In Nov.

Major Finance Corp.
Aug. 18, 1961 filed \$200,000 of 7% senior subordinated debentures due 1971 (with attached warrants) and 100,-000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$100 debenture (with a warrant to purchase one common share at \$4) and 50 common shares. Price—\$300 per unit. Business—Consumer finance. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—912 Thayer Ave., Silver Spring, Md. Underwriter—Manhattan Eastern Corp., N. Y. (mgr.)

Malone & Hyde, Inc.

Sept. 1, 1961 filed 275,000 common, of which 100,000 are to be offered by the company and 175,000 by the stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The procurement, warehousing and sale of groceries, meats, produce, etc., to retail grocers. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—1700 Dunn Ave., Memphis, Underwriter—Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville (mgr.).

Mann Research Laboratories, Inc.
Sept. 21, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—Sale of scientifically tested biochemicals and pharmaceuticals. Proceeds—For new quarters, equipment, a laboratory, inventories and working capital. Office—136 Liberty St., N. Y. Underwriter—L. D. Sherman & Co., N. Y.

Manson Laboratories, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Research and manufacture of equipment for military and industrial applications. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, equipment research and development, and working capital. Office—375 Fairfield Ave., Stamford, Conn. Underwriter—Amos Treat & Co., N. Y. Offering—In November.

March Dynamics Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price—\$2.50. Business—The manufacture of mechanical and electro-mechanical components. Proceeds — For equipment and working capital. Office—920 S. Oyster Bay Rd., Hicksville, N. Y. Underwriter—Paul Eisenberg & Co., N. Y. C.

Marks Polarized Corp.

June 27, 1961 filed 95,000 common shares. Price — By amendment. Proceeds — For expansion, acquisition of new facilities and other corporate purposes. Office—153-16 Tenth Ave., Whitestone, N. Y. Underwriters—Ross, Lyon & Co., Inc. (mgr.), Glass & Ross, Inc., and Globus, Inc., N. Y. C.

Mariene Industries Corp. (11/13-17)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed 225,000 common, of which 150,000 are to be offered by the company and 75,000 by stockholders.

Price—\$7. Business—The manufacture of ladies' wear.

Proceeds—For working capital. Office—141 W. 36th St., N.Y.C. Underwriter—Bernard M.Kahn & Co., Inc., N.Y.C.

• Marshall Industries (10/30-11/3)

Aug. 4, 1961 filed 131,305 common. Price—By amendment, Business—The manufacture of electronic components and instruments primarily for space and missile

applications. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and advances to subsidiaries. Office—2065 Huntington Dr., San Marino, Calif. Underwriters—William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles and Shearson, Hammill & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

Martin Ya'e Business Machines Corp.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common (with attached three-year warrants to purchase 40,000 shares at \$5, to be offered in units of one share and a warrant to purchase 0.4 share. Price—\$3.50 per unit. Business—Manufacture of paper cutters and trimmers, paper folding machines, photographic dark room accessories and envelope opening machines. Proceed:—Advertising sales, promotion, new products and working caiptal. Office—2450 Estes Ave., Elk Grove Village, Ill. Underwriter—Arnold Malkan & Co., Inc., N. Y.

★ Mayfield Engineering Co.
Oct. 5; 1961 ("Reg. A") 300,000 common. Price—\$1. Proceeds—For equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office—330 W. Costilla St., Colorado Springs. Underwriter—Amos C. Sudler & Co., Denver.

★ Measurements Spectrum, Inc.
Oct. 9, 1961 ("Reg. A") 56,000 common. Price—At par (\$5). Proceeds—For equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office—815 S. Fremont Ave., Alhambra, Calif. Underwriter—Adams & Co., Los Angeles.

Medex, Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 110,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Development and manufacture of a limited line of hospital and surgical supplies. Proceeds—For construction, inventory, research and working capital. Office—1488 Grandview Ave., Columbus, Ohio. Underwriter—Globus, Inc., N. Y. Offering—In December.

Mechan-Tooker Co., Inc.
Sept. 8, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—The printing of advertising material, annual reports, booklets etc., by offset lithography. Proceeds—For the purchase of a high-speed press, the repayment of debt, establishment of a new department, and working capital. Office—170 Varick St., N. Y. Underwriters—Harry Odzer Co., N. Y. and Bruno-Lenchner, Inc., Pittsburgh. Offering—Expected sometime in December.

Mercury Photo Corporation (12/18-22)
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 100,000 class A. Price—\$5. Business—Processing and wholesaling of photographic film, etc.
Proceeds—For expansion, equipment, and working capital. Office—275 Clinton Ave., Newark, N. Y. Underwriter—General Securities Co., N. Y.

Merit Associates, Inc.
Sept. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price — \$4.
Business—Plastic fabrication. Proceeds—For debt payment, equipment, advertising and working capital. Office—3 Sidney Court, Lindenhurst, N. Y. Underwriters—M. Posey Associates Ltd., and Alkow & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Met Food Corp.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—\$4. Business

—The distribution of food to retail stores in New York
City. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office

—345 Underhill Blvd., Syosset, N. Y. Underwriter—
Brand, Grumet & Seigel, Inc., N. Y. C. (mgr.)

Metal Bellows Corp.

Sept. 1, 1961 filed 140,000 common, of which 120,000 are to be offered by the company and 20,000 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of welded diaphragm bellows. Proceeds—For moving expenses, equipment, research and development, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—27 Mica Lane, Wellesley, Mass. Underwriter—Estabrook & Co., Boston.

Metallurgical International, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 145,000 class A. Price—\$3. Business—Reprocessing and manufacturing of rare refractory metals. Proceeds—Repay debt, taxes, purchase equipment, and working capital. Office—174 Main Ave., Wellington, N. J. Underwriter—Mortimer B. Burnside & Co., N. Y.

Metropolitan Acceptance Corp.
Oct. 2, 1961 filed \$300,000 of 6% subordinated convertibles due 1967 and 60,000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$100 of debentures and 20 common shares. Price—\$150 per unit. Business—Financing of retail sales. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—5422 Western Ave., Chevy Chase, Md. Underwriter — R. Baruch & Co., Washington, D. C.

Metropolitan Telecommunications Corp.
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 240,000 common, of which 225,000 will be sold for the company and 15,000 for a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of communications equipment, transformers, filters, relays, etc. Proceeds—For the purchase of Grow Solvent Co., Inc., and for working capital. Office—Ames Court, Plainview, N. Y. Underwriters—M. L. Lee & Co., and Milton Blauner & Co., N. Y.

June 12, 1961 ("Reg. A") 55,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$4. Business—The manufacture and design of potentiometers used in computers, ground control guidance systems and missiles. Proceeds—For tooling and production; repayment of loans; equipment; advertising; research and development and working capital. Office—19 Debevoise Avenue, Roosevelt, N. Y. Underwriter—Underhill Securities Corp., N. Y.

• Micro-Precision Corp. (10/23)
July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 20 cents). Price—\$3. Business—The development and manufacture of language laboratories for the electronics educational field and the manufacture of electronic and micro-wave components. Proceeds—For expansion and working capital. Office—55 Ninth St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriters—Manufacturers Securities Corp., New

York (managing); Bioren & Co., Boenning & Co., Philadelphia, Chace, Whiteside & Winslow, Inc., Draper, Sears & Co., and Schirmer, Atherton & Co., Boston.

Micron Plastics Corp.
Sept. 15, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price—\$4.
Business—Manufacture of plastic film. Proceeds—For building improvements, new equipment and working capital. Office—640 Dean St., Brooklyn. Underwriter—S. Schramm & Co., N. Y.

Middle Atlantic Credit Corp. (10/23)
July 27, 1961 filed \$120,000 of 6½% subordinated debentures due 1971 and 60,000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$200 of debentures and 100 shares of stock. Price—\$500 per unit. Business—A commercial and industrial finance company. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—1518 Walnut St., Philadelphia. Underwriters—R. L. Scheinman & Co., and A. W. Benkert & Co., Inc., New York.

Middle Atlantic Investment Co.
 June 22, 1961 filed 70,000 common shares. Price—\$10.
 Business—An investment company. Proceeds—For investment and working capital. Address—Elkins Park, Pa. Underwriter—Best & Garey Co., Inc., Wash., D. C.
 Offering—Imminent.

Midwest Budget & Loan Corp.

Sept. 12, 1961 filed \$300,000 of 6% subordinated debentures due Aug. 1, 1973 to be offered in units of \$500 and \$1,000. Busines3 — Purchasing of conditional sales contracts. Office—5806 W. Burleigh St., Milwaukee, Wis. Underwriter—The Marshall Co., Milwaukee.

• Midwest Technical Development Corp.
(11/6-10)

July 14, 1961 filed 800,000 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business — A small business investment company. Proceeds—For investment. Office—2615 First National Bank Bldg., Minneapolis. Underwriters — Lee Higginson Corp., New York and Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood, Minneapolis.

Midwestern Financial Corp.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 260,000 common, of which 75,000 are to be offered by the company and 185,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—A holding company for savings and loan associations, mortgage companies, a manufacturing company, a small business investment company, etc. Proceeds—For repayment of debt. Office—2011-13th St., Boulder, Colo. Underwriters—Boettcher & Co. and Bosworth, Sullivan & Co., Inc., Denver (co-mgrs.)

★ Midwestern Investment Corp.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—\$2. Business—Company plans to engage in the commercial finance and factoring business. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—1730 K St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter—Affiliated Underwriters, Inc.

Milgray Electronics, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 166,667 common, Price—By amendment. Business—Wholesaler and distributor of electronic parts. Office—136 Liberty St., N. Y. Underwriter—Marron, Sloss & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Mile Components, Inc.

Aug. 15, 1961 ("Reg. A") 170,000 class A shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$1. Business—The manufacture of precision components, assemblies for aircraft, armaments, computers, floor waxers and industrial vacuum cleaners. Proceeds—For equipment, research and development, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—9 Cleveland Street, Valley Stream, N. Y. Underwriter—Nelson Securities, Inc., Hempstead, N. Y.

• Miner Industries, Inc. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 10, 1961 filed 120,000 common shares. Price—\$4.50.
Business—The manufacture of toys. Proceeds—For new products, advertising and working capital. Office—430 Southern Boulevard, New York. Underwriters—Golkin, Bomback & Co. and Oppenheimer & Co., New York.

Minuit Investing Corp.

Aug. 4, 1961 ("Reg. A") 28,000 shares of 80 cents cumulative, participating preferred stock (par \$1). Price—\$10.

Business—An investment company. Proceeds—For acquisitions, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—225 Broadway, New York 7, N. Y. Underwriter—Pine Tree Securities, Inc., N. Y.

Miss Elliette, Inc.

Oct. 10, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Design, manufacture and distribution of women's dresses. Proceeds—For debt repayment, inventory and expansion. Office—1919 S. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles. Underwriter—L. F. Rossman & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected in late November.

Miss Pat
Aug. 31, 1961 filed 100,000 outstanding common. Price—
By amendment. Business—The manufacture of women's apparel. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—
860 S. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Underwriter—Mitchum, Jones & Templeton, Los Angeles (mgr.).

Missile Systems Corp.
Sept. 11, 1961 filed 140,000 common, of which 100,000 are to be offered by the company and 40,000 by the stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of electro-mechanical assemblies and systems for weapons under government contracts; furnishing data processing and documentation services; the manufacture of multi-color harness and cable assemblies, and the manufacture of commercial lighting equipment. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—9025 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriter—George, O'Neill & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

• Missile-Tronics Corp. (10/30-11/3)
May 8, 1961 (letter of notification) 151,900 shares of common stock (par 10 cents). Price—\$1.50 per share.
Business—The manufacturers of technical equipment.

Proceeds — For payment of loans; machinery and office equipment; reduction of current liabilities; research and development and working capital. Office—245 4th St., Passaic, N. J. Underwriter — Hopkins, Calamari & Co., Inc., 26 Broadway, N. Y.

Missouri Fidelity Life Insurance Co.
July 14, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business—A life insurance company. Proceeds—To be added to capital and surplus accounts, Office—4221 Lindell Blvd., St. Louis. Underwriter—A. C. Allyn & Co., Chicago (mgr.). Offering—Imminent.

June 27, 1961 filed 140,000 common shares. Price—\$6. Proceeds—To purchase land, construct and develop about 250 mobile home sites, form sales agencies and for working capital. Office—26 Dalbert, Carteret, N. J. Underwriter—Harry Odzer Co., New York (managing).

★ Mobile Rentals Corp.
Oct. 13, 1961 filed 215,000 common, of which 165,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—Sale and leasing of trailers. Proceeds—For expansion, repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—8472 S. Figueroa St., Los Angeles. Underwriters—Kleiner, Bell & Co., Beverly Hills, Calif. and Hardy & Co., N. Y.

Molecular Dielectrics, Inc.
Sept. 1, 1961 filed 150,000 common, of which 135,000 are to be offered by the company and 15,000 by Cardia Co. Price—\$5. Business—The manufacture of high-temperature electronic and electrical insulation materials. Proceeds—For equipment, a new product and working capital. Office—101 Clifton Blvd., Clifton, N. J. Underwriters—Street & Co., Inc. and Irving Weis & Co., N. Y.

Mon-Dak Feed Lot, Inc.
July 17, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$3.
Business—The breeding of livestock owned by others.
Proceeds—For drilling of water test wells, purchase of land, construction, general administrative costs and working capital. Address—Glendive, Mont. Underwriter—Wilson, Ehli, Demos, Bailey & Co., Billings, Mont.

Monmouth Capital Corp. (10/30-11/3)
 Aug. 1, 1961 filed 200,000 shares of capital stock. Price—\$10. Business — A small business investment company. Office—First National Bank Bldg., Main St., Freehold, N. J. Underwriter—Meade & Co., New York.

• Monmouth Electric Co., Inc. (11/6-10)

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 200,000 common, of which 125,000 are to be offered by the company and 75,000 by stockholders. Price—\$6. Business—Manufacture of electronic and electro-mechanical equipment. Proceeds — Machinery, repay loans and working capital. Office—1802 Corliss Ave., Neptune, N. J. Underwriters—Cruttenden, Podesta & Co., Chicago and Spear, Leeds & Kellogg, N. Y.

Monticello Lumber & Mfg. Co., Inc.
April 11, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$4.
Business—Sale of lumber, building supplies and hardware. Proceeds—To repay loans and for working capital.
Address—Monticello, N. Y. Underwriter—J. Laurence & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Motor Coils Manufacturing Co. (10/23-27)
July 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$6.50. Business—Manufacture of armature, stator and field coils.

Proceeds—Debt repayment, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—110 Thirty-Second St., Pittsburgh. Underwriter—Golkin, Bomback & Co., N. Y.

Municipal Investment Trust Fund, First Pa.
Series

April 28, 1961 filed \$6,375,000 (6,250 units) of interests.
Price—To be supplied by amendment. Business—The fund will invest in tax-exempt bonds of the Commonweath of Pennsylvania and its political sub-divisions.
Proceeds—For investment. Sponsor—Ira Haupt & Co., 111 Broadway, N. Y. C. Offering—Expected in early

November.

Municipal Investment Trust Fund, Series B

April 28, 1961 filed \$12,750,000 (12,500 units) of interests.

Price — To be supplied by amendment. Business — The fund will invest in tax-exempt bonds of states, counties, municipalities and territories of the U. S. Proceeds—For investment. Sponsor—Ira Haupt & Co., 111 Broadway, New York City.

Murray Magnetics Corp.

Aug. 15, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$6.

Business—The financing, exploitation and sale of a new line of electric kitchen and household appliances. Proceeds—For the purchase of inventory, sales promotion and working capital. Office—230 Fifth Ave., New York. Underwriter—Amos Treat & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Sometime in November.

NAC Charge Plan and Northern Acceptance Corp.
June 27, 1961 filed 33,334 class A common shares. Price
—By amendment. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—16 East Pleasant St., Baltimore, Md. Underwriter
—Sade & Co., Washington, D. C. (mgr.). Offering—Imminent.

Nalley's, Inc.
Oct. 9, 1961 filed 210,000 common, of which 130,000 are to be offered by the company and 80,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The production of food products. Proceeds—For a new plant, leasehold and plant improvement and working capital. Office—3410 S. Lawrence St., Tacoma, Wash. Underwriter—Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Narrows Premium Corp.

Sept. 25, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—Financing of casualty insurance premiums in New York State. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—9805 Fourth Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Pearson, Murphy & Co., Inc., N. Y.

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National Bowling Lanes, Inc. (11/20-24)

July 21, 1961 filed 150,000 capital shares. Price \$5.50. Business—The operation of bowling centers. Proceeds—For expansion, repayment of loans, and working capital. Office — 220 S. 16th Street, Philadelphia. Underwriter—Edward Lewis & Co., Inc., New York.

National Equipment & Plastics Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 105,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Operation of a cleaning and pressing plant and affiliated stores. Proceeds—For debt repayment, store expansion and working capital. Address—Portage, Pa. Underwriter—Cortlandt Investing Corp., N. Y.

• National Hospital Supply Co., Inc. (11/6-10)
June 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—Distribution of medical supplies. Proceeds—
For inventory, advertising and promotion, expansion, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—38 Park Row, N. Y. Underwriters—Edward Lewis & Co., Inc. and Underhill Securities Corp., N. Y.

National Industries, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price—\$6. Proceeds — For equipment, inventory and operating expenses. Office—1622 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Mayo & Co., Inc., Philadelphia.

National Instrument Laboratories, Inc.
Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares. Price—
\$3. Business—The manufacture of precision instruments.
Office—828 Evarts St., N. E., Washington 18, D. C. Un-

derwriter—Troster, Singer & Co., N. Y.

National Recreation Corp.

Sept. 27, 1961 filed 337,500 common. Price—\$8. Business—Operates a national chain of bowling centers. Proceeds—For the acquisition of new centers, repayment of debt and for working capital. Office—Time and Life Bldg., N. Y. Underwriter—Berger-Derman, Inc., N. Y.

May 11, 1961 filed 75,000 shares of capital stock. Price—To be supplied by amendment. Business—The design, development, manufacture and sale of quality transistors for military and industrial use. Proceeds — For new equipment, plant expansion, working capital, and other corporate purposes. Office—Mallory Plaza Bldg., Danbury, Conn. Underwriters—Lee Higginson Corp., N. Y. C. and Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood, Minneapolis (mgr.).

★ National Systems Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 70,000 capital. Price—\$4. Proceeds—For equipment, improvement of a TV repair course and working capital. Office—1036 S. La Brea Ave., Los Angeles. Underwriter—Gregory-Massari, Inc., Beverly Hills.

National Tel-Tronics Corp.

Sept. 11, 1961 filed 133,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—The manufacture of electronic components. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan, expansion, new products, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—52 St. Casimer Ave., Yonkers, N. Y. Underwriter—Frank Karasik & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

National Union Life Insurance Co.
Oct. 2, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders. Price—\$3. Proceeds—To increase capital surplus. Office—3053 McQueen St., Montgomery, Ala. Underwriter—None.

Naipac Inc. (11/6-10)
July 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price—\$4.75.
Business—The processing of meat and frozen food products; the financing, sale and servicing of home food freezers, and the operation of a supermarket. Proceeds—For consumer time payments, expansion, and working capital. Office—93-25 Rockaway Blvd., Ozone Park, N. Y. Underwriters—William, David & Motti, Inc., and Flomenhaft, Seidler & Co., Inc., New York.

New Campbell Island Mines Ltd.
Oct. 13, 1961 filed 475,000 common, of which 400,000 are to be offered by the company and 75,000 by a stockholder. Price—50c. Business—Exploration, development and mining. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—80 Industry St., Toronto, Canada. Underwriter—A. C. MacPherson & Co., Toronto.

New England Power Co. (10/25)
Sept. 15, 1961 filed \$20,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, series I, due Nov. 1, 1991. Proceeds—For the repayment of short-term loans and construction. Office—441 Stuart St., Boston. Underwriter—(Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Equitable Securities Corp.-Blair & Co. (jointly); Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.-Kidder, Peabody & Co.-White, Weld & Co. (jointly); First Boston Corp.; Lehman Brothers. Bids—Expected Oct. 25 at 11 a.m. (EDST) at the company's office. Information Meeting—Oct. 23 at 2 p.m. (EDST) at the company's office.

New West Land Corp.

June 30, 1961 ("Reg. A") 200,000 common shares (par \$1). Price—\$1.50. Proceeds—For repayment of notes and acquisition of real estate interests. Office—3252 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo. Underwriter — Barret, Fitch, North & Co., Kansas City, Mo.

New Zealand (Government of) (10/25)
Sept. 26, 1961 filed \$15,000,000 of bonds due 1976. Price

—By amendment. Proceeds — To enlarge foreign exchange reserves and for a capital works program. Address — c/o New Zealand Embassy, Washington, D. C. Underwriter—Kidder, Peabody & Co., N. Y.

Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. (10/24)
Sept. 27, 1961 filed \$40,000,000 of general mortgage bonds, due Nov. 1, 1991. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and construction. Office—300 Erie Blvd. West, Syracuse, N. Y. Underwriters—(Competitive) Probable bidders: First Boston Corp.; Morgan Stanley & Co.; Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc. Bids—Oct. 24 (11 a.m. EDST) at the offices of Messrs. LeBoeuf, Lamb & Leiby, 48th floor, One Chase

Manhattan Plaza, N. Y. Information Meeting—Oct. 20 (11 a.m. EDST) in Room 232, 120 Broadway, N. Y.

Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. (10/24)
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 700,000 common. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and construction. Office—300 Erie Blvd. West, Syracuse, N. Y. Underwriters—(Competitive) Probable bidders: Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; White, Weld & Co. (jointly); Morgan, Stanley & Co.; First Boston Corp. (jointly). Bids—Oct. 24 (3:45 p.m. EDST) at the offices of Messrs. Lebeeuf, Lamb & Leiby, 48th floor, One Chase Manhattan Plaza, N. Y. Information meeting—Oct. 20 (11 a.m. EDST) in room 232, 120 Broadway, N. Y.

North American Acceptance Corp.
Sept. 18, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$8.50. Business—Automobile retail sales financing. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—66 East South Water St., Chicago. Underwriter—Hornblower & Weeks, N. Y.

North Atlantic Industries, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 131,500 common, of which 120,000 will be sold by the company and 11,500 by a stockholder.
Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of precision electronic instruments. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, new product development, inventory and working capital. Office—Terminal Dr., Plainview, N. Y. Underwriter—G. A. Saxton & Co., Inc., N. Y.

North Carolina Natural Gas Corp.

Aug. 17, 1961 filed \$2,250,000 of convertible second mortgage pipeline bonds due 1981. Price — By amendment. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office — Grace Fittman Bldg., Fayetteville, N. C. Underwriters—To be named.

• Northern Natural Gas Co.

Sept. 8, 1961 filed 428,981 common being offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one for each 20 held of record Oct. 17, with rights to expire Oct. 31.

Price—\$35. Proceeds—Repayment of debt, and construction. Office—2223 Dodge St., Omaha, Neb. Underwriter—Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Nuclear Corp. of America (10/23-27)

Aug. 11, 1961 filed 536,280 outstanding shares of capital stock to be offered publicly and \$2,087,800 of 5½% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976 to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 300 shares held. Price—(Stock) By amendment. (Debentures) At par. Business—The refining of rare earths and the manufacture of radiation instruments and vacuum tubes. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—3540 W. Osborn Road, Phoenix. Underwriter—Bear, Stearns & Co., New York (managing).

★ Nutri-Bio Corp.

Oct. 17, 1961 filed 1,200,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Distribution and sale of vitamins, minerals and dietary food supplements. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office — 291 S. La Cienega Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriter — Vickers, McPherson & Warwick, Inc., N. Y.

Nutri-Laboratories, Inc.

Sept. 14, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—The manufacture and distribution of animal foods and dog products. Proceeds—For marketing of "Doctor's Choice" brand, working capital and operating expenses. Office—1511 K St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter—Hirschel & Co., Silver Spring, Md.

Oceanic Instruments, Inc. (11/6-10)
Aug. 24, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price—\$1. Business—The company plans to manufacture scientific marine instruments and provide consultation services. Proceeds—For organizational expenses and purchase of equipment. Office—1515 Norton Bldg., Seattle. Underwriter—Globus, Inc., N. Y.

Old Empire, Inc. (11/1)
May 1, 1961 filed \$800,000 of convertible subordinated debentures due 1971. Price — At par. Business — The manufacture, packaging and distribution of cosmetics, pharmaceuticals and household, chemical and industrial specialties. Proceeds—For the repayment of bank loans, property improvements and working capital. Office—865 Mt. Prospect Avenue, Newark, N. J. Underwriter—Laird, Bissell & Meeds, New York City.

Olympia Mines, Inc.
Sept. 1, 1961 filed 300,000 capital shares. Price—\$1.35.
Business—The exploration and development of mines.
Proceeds—For mining operations. Office—44 Court St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter — Gaumont Corp., Ltd.,
Toronto.

Orbit Industries, Inc. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 22, 1961 filed 125,000 common shares. Price—\$4.
Business—Research, development, engineering and manufacturing in the telephone, electronics and related fields. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, and equipment. Office—213 Mill St., N. E., Vienna, Va. Underwriter—Hodgdon & Co., Inc., Washington. D. C.

Orbit Instrument Corp. (10/30-11/3)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed 100,000 capital shares. Price—\$4.
Business — Production of miniature precision electromechanical components. Proceeds—Equipment, products, expansion and repayment of loans. Office—131 Eileen Way, Syosset, N. Y. Underwriter—Hardy & Co., N. Y.

Origina'a Inc. (11/20-24)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—\$9.25. Business—The manufacture of women's coats. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—512 Seventh Ave., N. Y. Underwriters—Globus, Inc., and Divine & Fishman, Inc., N. Y.

Orion Electronics Corp.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3.50. Business—The manufacture of precision electronic sub-systems for the generation, detection and control of fre-

quencies up through the microwave region. Proceeds— For expansion, equipment and working capital. Address—Tuckahoe, N. Y. Underwriter—A. D. Gilhart & Co., Inc., N. Y. C.

Osrow Products Co., Inc.
July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$5. Business—The manufacture of car and window washing equipment. Proceeds—For working capital, research and development, new products and general corporate purposes. Office—115 Hazel Street, Glen Cove, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter—General Securities Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

Oz Publishing Corp.
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — The design, production and sale of greeting cards. Proceeds — For the repayment of debt, installation of additional equipment, modernization of a department and working capital. Office—156 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Laren Co., N. Y.

Ozon Products, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 105,000 common. Pirce—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of toiletries and cosmetics.
Proceeds—For repayment of debt and working capital.
Office—50 Wallabout St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Carter, Berlind, Potoma & Weill, N. Y.

• PCS Data Processing, Inc.
Oct. 6, 1961 filed 100,000 common of which 50,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by stockholders.
Price—\$3.75. Business—Furnishing of statistical information. Proceeds—For training personnel, new equipment, expansion and working capital. Office—75 W. St., N. Y. Underwriters—Harry Odzer Co., N. Y., and Lenchner, Covato & Co., Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa. Offering—Expected in December.

P-G Products Manufacturing Co., Inc.
Oct. 10, 1961 filed 110,055 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Manufactures appliance replacement parts and accessories. Proceeds — For debt repayment, expansion and working capital. Office—230 E. 162nd St., N. Y. Underwriters—Kahn & Peck, Cohn & Co., N. Y.

Pacific Nutrient & Chemical Co.
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—The manufacture and sale of chemical fertilizers, animal nutrients, crop seeds, insecticides, etc. Proceeds—For additional equipment, a new plant and working capital. Office — North Oak and Hazel St., Burlington, Wash. Underwriter—Joseph Nadler & Co., N. Y.

June 21, 1961 filed 100,000 outstanding shares of capital stock (par 50 cents) to be sold by stockholders. Price—\$6. Business—The manufacture of steel products. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder. Office—35124 Alvarado-Niles Road, Union City, Calif. Underwriters—First California Co., Inc., and Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco (mgr.). Offering—Indefinitely postponed.

Pakco Management & Development Co.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 310,000 common. Price—\$11. Business
—The large scale production of blueberries, cranberries, etc. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, property improvements and general corporate purposes. Office—104 Bellevue Ave., Hammonton, N. J. Underwriter—Woodcock, Moyer, Fricke & French, Philadelphia (mgr.).

Pako Corp. (11/20-24)
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 150,000 common, of which 100,000 will be sold by the company and 50,000 by stockholders.
Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of equipment used to process and print photographs. Proceeds—Working capital. Office—6300 Olson Hwy., Minneapolis. Underwriter—Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis, N. Y.

Palmetto Pulp & Paper Corp.

June 28, 1961 filed 1,000,000 common. Price—\$3.45. Business—The growth of timber. Proceeds—Working capital and the possible purchase of a mill. Address—Box 199, Orangeburg, S. C. Underwriter—Stone & Co.

Pan-Alaska Fisheries, Inc. (11/6-10)
July 26, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Processing of Alaska king crab. Proceeds — Acquisition of fishing boats, equipment and working capital. Office—Dexter Horton Bldg., Seattle. Underwriter—Robert L. Ferman & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Paradynamics Inc.
Sept. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—The company will produce micro-wave test equipment and components. Proceeds—For equipment, advertising, research and development and working capital. Office—51 Urban Ave., Westbury, N. Y. Underwriter—Karen Securities Corp., N. Y.

Paragon Pre-Cut Homes, Inc.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed \$1,000,000 of 15-year sinking fund debentures due 1976 (with warrants attached) and 100,-000 common to be offered in 10,000 units each consisting of 10 common and \$100 of debentures. Price—By amendment. Business—The packaging and direct sale of precut home building materials. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—499 Jericho Turnpike, Mineola, N. Y. Underwriter—L. F. Rothschild & Co., N. Y. C. (mgr.).

Paramount Foam Industries
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 137,500 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of polyester foams.
Proceeds — Additional equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office—Mercer and Arnot Sts., Lodi, N. J. Underwriters — Fialkov & Co., Inc., and Stanley Heller & Co., N. Y.

• Pavelle Corp. (11/6-10)

Aug. 22, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business—Research and development in the field of color photography and the manufacture of com-

mercial color photographic processing equipment. Proceeds—For expansion, research and repayment of loans. Office—Time & Life Bldg., Rockefeller Center, New York. Underwriter—Bear, Stearns & Co., New York.

Pellegrino Aggregate Technice, Inc.
Aug. 10, 1961 filed 130,000 class A common shares. Price

\$_\$5. Business—The manufacture of building materials.
Proceeds—For payment of income taxes and loans and for working capital. Office—Woodbridge-Carteret Road,
Port Reading, N. J. Underwriter—Mortimer B. Burnside
& Co., Inc., New York.

• Penn Optical, Inc. (11/6-10)
Sept. 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares. Price—
\$3. Business—Development and manufacture of optical equipment and precision instruments. Office—2930 S. Bristol St., Costa Mesa, Calif. Underwriter—Francis J. Mitchell & Co., Inc., Newport Beach, Calif.

Pennon Electronics Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 135,000 common. Price—\$2.20
Business—Manufacture of solid state electronic devices.
Proceeds—For working capital. Office—7500 S. Garfield Ave., Bellgardens, Calif. Underwriter—Darius Inc., N. Y.

★ Personal Property Leasing Co.
Oct. 13, 1961 filed \$2,000,000 of conv. subord. debentures due 1976. Price—By amendment. Business—Leasing of equipment to industrial and commercial firms. Proceeds—For purchase of equipment and collateral for bank credit. Office—6381 Hollywood Blvd., Los Angeles. Underwriter—Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., Inc., St. Louis.

Philippine Oil Development Co., Inc.
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 95,270,181 capital shares to be offered for subscription by common stockholders on the basis of one new share for each six held of record Sept.
9. Price—One cent. Business—Exploration for oil in the Philippines. Proceeds—Repayment of debt and the drilling of test wells. Office—Manila, Philippines. Underwriter—None.

Photo-Animation, Inc. (11/6-10)
July 26, 1961 filed 150,000 common shares. Price—\$1.25.
Business—The manufacture of machines, equipment and devices used in the creation of animated motion pictures. Proceeds—For development of new products, repayment of loans and working capital. Office — 34 S. West St., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Underwriter—First Philadelphia Corp., New York.

Photon, Inc.

Aug. 24, 1961 filed \$1,785,000 of 5% convertible subordinated income debentures due 1971 to be offered for
subscription by stockholders on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 40 common held. Price—At par. Business—The manufacture of a photographic type setting
machine. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan and working capital. Office — 58 Charles St., Cambridge, Mass.
Underwriter—None.

Pickwick International, Inc. (10/23-27)
July 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price — \$3.
Business—The distribution of phonograph records. Proceeds—For advertising and promotion, merchandising, repayment of loans, additional personnel, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office — 8-16 43rd Ave., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter—William, David & Motti, Inc., New York.

Pictorial Production Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 149,178 common, of which 25,000 are to be offered by the company and 124,178 by stockholders. Price—\$10. Business—Research, development and production in the field of lenticular optics. Proceeds—For construction and equipment. Office—60 Kingsbridge Rd., E. Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Underwriter—C. E. Unterberg, Towbin Co., N. Y. C (mgr.).

Piedmont Natural Gas Co., Inc. (10/27)
Sept. 14, 1961 filed 126,832 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one for each 10 held. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For expansion. Office—523 South Tryon St., Charlotte, N. C. Underwriter—White, Weld & Co., N. Y.

Pioneer Astro Industries, Inc.
July 27, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Manufacture of precision machined components and assemblies for missile guidance systems. Proceeds—New plant, additional equipment and working capital. Office—7401 W. Lawrence Ave., Chicago. Underwri'er—Francis I. du Pont & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

Sept. 13, 1961 filed 1,110,617 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of 7 for each 10 held of record Oct. 26 with rights to expire about Nov. 10. Price—By amendment. Proceeds—For expansion. Office—1600 Grant Bldg., Pittsburgh 30, Pa. Underwriter—Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Inc., N. Y.

P'astic Industries, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$4.
Business—Design and manufacture of women's handbags. Proceeds—Debt repayment and working capital.
Office—6700 N. W. 37th Court, Miami, Fla. Underwriter
—Ellis Securities, Inc., Great Neck, N. Y.

Plastiline, Inc.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Manufacture of plastic products. Proceeds—For new molds, inventory, repayment of loans and working capital. Office—1251 N. E. 48th St., Pompano Beach, Fla. Underwriter—Godfrey, Hamilton, Taylor & Co., Inc., N. Y.

• Platt Corp. (11/6-10)
July 26, 1961 filed 220,000 common. Price \$5. Business—Real estate investment, management and construction.

Proceeds—For investment in additional properties. Of-

fice—673 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—First Weber Securities Corp., N. Y.

Plymouth Discount Corp.

Aug. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.

Business—Consumer sales financing. Proceeds—For repayment of notes and working capital. Office — 2211

Church Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—M. Posey

Associates, Ltd., 50 Broadway, N. Y.

★ Policy-Matic Affiliates, Inc.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 200,000 capital shares. Price—\$3.25.
Business—Leasing of insurance vending machines. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—1001 15th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter—Balogh & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

Polytronic Research, Inc.

June 7, 1961 filed 193,750 common shares, of which 150,000 will be sold for the company and 43,750 for stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Research and development, engineering and production of certain electronic devices for aircraft, missiles, oscilloscopes, electronic vending machines and language teaching machines. Proceeds—For expansion, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—7326 Westmore Rd., Rockville, Md. Underwriters—Jones, Kreeger & Co., and Balogh & Co., Washington, D. C. (managing).

★ Popular Library, Inc.
Oct. 17, 1961 filed 127,500 capital shares. Price — By amendment. Business—Publishing of paperback books and magazines. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—355 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Sutro Bros. & Co., N. Y.

★ Precision Metal Products, Inc.
Oct. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Proceeds—For debt repayment, inventory, equipment and working capital. Office—278 N. W. 27th St., Miami, Fla. Underwriter—Armstrong & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Precision Microwave Corp. (11/6-10)

Aug. 21, 1961 filed 165,000 common shares, of which 115,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 50,000 shares by stockholders. Price—\$10. Business—The manufacture of specialized microwave components for radar, missiles and communication systems. Proceeds—For working capital, inventories and equipment. Office—Main Street, Millis, Mass. Underwriter—Peter Morgan & Co., New York.

Preco Industries, Inc.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—The sale of custom built swimming pools. Proceeds—For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—203 Bala Ave., Bala Cynwyd, Pa. Underwriter—Dean Samitas & Co., N. Y. C. (mgr.)

President Airlines, Inc.
June 13, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 class A common shares par one cent). Price—\$2. Business—Air transportation of passengers and cargo. Proceeds—For payment of current liabilities and taxes; payment of balance on CAB certificate and working capital. Office — 630 Fifth Avenue, Rockefeller Center, N. Y. Underwriter—Continental Bond & Share Corp., Maplewood, N. J. Note—This offering has been temporarily postponed.

Prevor-Mayrsohn International, Inc.
July 31, 1961 ("Reg. A") 80,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3.75. Business—Export, import, brokerage and wholesale marketing of fruits, vegetables and poultry. Proceeds—For expansion, sales promotion, advances to growers, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—99 Hudson Street, New York. Underwriter—J. J. Krieger & Co., Inc., New York.

Pride Industries, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 75,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—The sale of pet foods. Proceeds—For inventory, repayment of a loan, machinery, new products, advertising, Office—4408 Fairmount Ave., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Steven Investment Corp., Bala Cynwyd, Pa. Offering—In late November.

Product Research of Rhode Island, Inc. (11/6-10)

July 28, 1961 filed 330,000 common shares. Price—\$2.05.

Business—The manufacture of vinyl plastic products used in the automotive, marine and household fields.

Proceeds—For repayment of debt, new equipment and working capital. Office—184 Woonasquatucket Avenue, Nort Providence. R. I. Underwriter—Continental Bond & Share Corp., Maplewood, N. J.

★ Programming and Systems, Inc.
Oct. 11, 1961 filed 40,000 common. Price—\$3.50. Business—Instructs classes in computer programming and the operation of electronic data processing machines. Proceeds—For expansion, Office—45 W. 35th St., N. Y. Underwriter—D. M. Stuart & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Programs For Television, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — The distribution of films for motion pictures and television. Proceeds—For repayment of debt and working capital. Office—1150 Avenue of the Americas, N. Y. Underwriter—To be named.

Progressitron Corp.

June 9, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business—Manufacturers of electronic, electro mechanical and mechanical devices. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—14-25 128th St., College Point, N. Y. Underwriter—Netherlands Securities Co., New York.

Prufcoat Laboratories, Inc.
Sept. 25, 1961 filed 60,000 common, of which 13,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 47,000 by a stockholder. Price—By amendment. Business—Development and production of plastic-base protective coatings, paints and primers. Proceeds—Purchase of equipment and other corporate purposes. Office—63 Main St..

Cambridge, Mass. Underwriter — Chace, Whiteside & Winslow, Inc., Boston.

Publishers Co., Inc. (11/6-10)
Aug. 29, 1961 filed \$1,200,000 of 6% subordinated convertible debentures due 1967. Price—At par. Business—The publishing of books. Proceeds—For redemption of outstanding 12% debentures due 1965 and for expansion. Office—1106 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C. Underwriter—Roth & Co., Inc., Philadelphia.

Publishers Vending Services, Inc.
July 3, 1961 filed \$600,000 of 5½% convertible subordinated debentures due 1971; 120,000 common shares
which underlie 2-year first warrants exercisable at \$7.50
per share, and 120,000 common shares which underlie
5-year second warrants, exercisable at \$10 per share.
The securities are to be offered for public sale in units
of one \$100 debenture, 20 first warrants and 20 second
warrants. Price—\$100 per unit. Business—The design,
manufacture, sale and leasing of coin-operated vending
machines for magazines, newspapers and paperback
books. Proceeds—For the repayment of debt, advertising, sales promotion, and the manufacture of new machines. Office—1201 South Clover Drive, Minneapolis.
Underwriter—D. H. Blair & Co., New York.

Fuerto Rico Capital Corp.

Sept. 13, 1961 filed 750,000 common. Price—\$10. Business

—A small business investment company. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Address—San Juan, Puerto Rico. Underwriter—Hill, Darlington & Grimm, N. Y.

Pu'p Processes Corp.

Sept. 20, 1961 filed 140,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Development of pulping and bleaching devices. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash. Underwriter—Wilson, Johnson & Higgins, San Francisco. Offering—Expected in late November.

Pulsa-Tronics, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$3.25. Business—The manufacture of a massaging mattress. Proceeds—For establishment of distributorships, purchase of materials, repayment of debt, advertising and working capital. Office—5913 Carrier St., N., St. Petersburg, Fla. Underwriters—To be named.

Pyrometer Co. of America, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 300,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Design and manufacture of thermocouple temperature transducers and electronic indicating and controlling instruments. Proceeds—To finance the purchase of Hamilton Manufacturing Co., Inc. Office—600 E. Lincoln Highway, Penndel, Pa. Underwriter—Arnold Malkan & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Quartite Creative Corp.
Sept. 27, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$5. Business—Manufacture of home furnishing products. Proceeds—For research, new products and working capital. Office—34-24 Collins Place, Flushing, N. Y. Underwriter—Shell Associates, Inc. and Godfrey, Hamilton, Taylor & Co., N. Y.

Quik-Chek Electronics & Photo Corp.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 110,000 common, of which 70,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 40,000 by stockholders. Price—\$10. Business—Manufacture of self-service tube testers and the sale of television, radio and high fidelity receiving tubes. Proceeds—For debt repayment and working capital. Office—5212 Pulaski Ave., Philadelphia. Underwriter—J. R. Williston & Beane, N. Y. Offering—Expected sometime in December.

Rabin-Winters Corp.

June 19, 1961 filed 180,000 common shares of which 80,-000 shares are to be offered by the company and 100,000 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufactuer of pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, lighter fluid and related items. Proceeds—To repay loans and for working capital. Office—700 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, Calif. Underwriter — To be named.

★ Racing Inc.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 1,250,000 common. Price—Up to \$4.
Business—Company plans to build and operate an automobile racing center. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—21 N. 7th St., Stroudsburg, Pa. Underwriter—None.

Radar Design Corp.
Sept. 22, 1961 ("Reg. A") 25.000 common. Price—At-the-market. Business—Manufacture of electronic products.
Proceeds — For acquisition of a laboratory, equipment and working capital. Office—104 Pickard Dr., Syracuse, N. Y. Underwri'ers—Bertner Bros., N. Y.; Earl Edden Co., Rockville Centre, N. Y. and Max Philipson & Co., Inc., Utica, N. Y.

Ragen Precision Incustries, Inc.

Aug. 31, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — The manufacture of precision parts, components, assemblies and subassemblies for the business machine, electronic and aircraft industries. Proceeds For equipment, repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—9 Poretie Ave., North Arlington, N.J. Underwriter—Marron, Sloss & Co., Inc., N.Y. (mgr.).

Rainbow Photo Laboratories, Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Processing of film and distributing of photographic equipment. Proceeds—For moving expenses, expansion, advertising and promotion, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—29-14 Northern Blvd., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter—Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., Jersey City.

* Rantec Corp.
Oct. 16, 1961 filed 100,000 common, of which 52,000 are to be offered by the company and 50,000 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Design, development and manufacture of microwave components. Pro-

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ceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—23999 Ventura Blvd., Calabasas, Calif. Underwriter-Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Raritan Plastics Corp.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 class A common. Price-\$5. Business-Extrusion of plastic sheets. Proceeds-Equipment, debt repayment and working capital. Office-1 Raritan Rd., Oakland, N. J. Underwriter-Gianis & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Raymond Engineering Laboratory, Inc. (10/30-11/3)

Aug. 15, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares, of which 50,-000 shares are to be offered by the company and 50,000 shares by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business -The manufacture of timing devices, accelerometers and related equipment for missiles, satellites and space vehicles. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, equipment, and working capital. Office-Smith Street, Middletown, Conn. Underwriter - Lee Higginson Corp., New York

Real Estate Fund, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 14,634 units each consisting of seven common shares and one 20-year 6% convertible subordinated debenture. Price-\$20.50 per unit. Business -Development and operation of shopping centers and other properties. Proceeds-General corporate purposes. Address—Greenville, S. C. Underwriter—McCarley & Co., Inc., Asheville, N. C.

Realtone Electronics Corp.

Aug. 16, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price-\$4. Business - The marketing of transistorized radios and related equipment. Proceeds-Repayment of loans and general corporate purposes. Office—71 Fifth Ave., New York. Underwriter—Lieberbaum & Co., N. Y. Offering -Expected in late November.

Realty Equities Corp. of New York Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$2,126,800 of subord. debentures due 1971 (with warrants attached) to be offered for subscription by stockholders in 16,758 units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and a warrant to purchase 12.5 shares on the basis of one unit for each 20 shares held. Price-\$100 per unit. Business-General real estate and construction. Proceeds-General corporate purposes. Office -666 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-Sutro Bros. & Co., New York.

Recreation Associates, Inc.

Aug. 14, 1961 filed 100,000 class A common. Price-\$3. Business-The operation of a bowling center. Proceeds-For working capital, Office-8905 Columbia Pike, Falls Church, Va. Underwriter-None.

Red Rope Stationery Industries, Inc. Aug. 23, 1961 filed 160,000 common. Price-\$3.50. Business-The manufacture of stationery supplies. Proceeds -For working capital, equipment, expansion and repayment of debt. Office-70 Washington St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Underwriter-George, O'Neill & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.). Red Wing Fiberglass Products, Inc. July 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 260,000 common. Price-\$1.15. Proceeds - Debt repayment, building improvements, equipment, research and development, and working capital. Office-Industrial Park, Red Wing, Minn. Under-

writer—York & Mavroulis, Minneapolis. Regal Homes, Inc. (10/23-27)

Aug. 15, 1961 filed 51,000 capital shares. Price-\$12. Business-For construction and sale of "shell" homes and mortgage financing. Proceeds—For working capital. Address-Hopkinsville, Ky. Underwriter-J. J. B. Hilliard & Sons, Louisville.

Reher Simmons Research Inc.

May 8, 1961 filed 150,000 shares of capital stock. Price-\$6 per share. Business—The research and development of processes in the field of surface and biochemistry Proceeds-For plant construction, equipment, research and development, sales promotion and working capital Office—545 Broad St., Bridgeport, Conn. Underwriter -McLaughlin, Kaufmann & Co. (mgr.). Offering-Expected in November

Rexach Construction Co., Inc. (11/6-10) July 28, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price-\$10. Business -Construction of highways, buildings and homes. Proceeds—For repayment of a loan, purchase of stock in Puerto Rico Aggregates Co., and working capital. Address—San Juan, Puerto Rico. Underwriters — P. W. Brooks & Co., Inc., New York and CIA Financiera de

Inversiones, Inc., San Juan (mgr.). Ro Ko, Inc. (10/30-11/3)

Aug. 7, 1961 filed 120,000 class A common shares. Price -\$5. Business—The manufacture of stuffed toys. Proceeds—For down payments on the purchase of buildings, equipment and expansion. Office—3115 E. 12th St., Kansas City, Mo. Underwriters-Midland Securities Co., Inc., and George K. Baum & Co., Kansas City, Mo. (mgr.)

* Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation (11/14) Oct. 12, 1961 filed \$15,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, series T, due Nov. 15, 1991. Proceeds-For construction. Underwriters-(Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.-White, Weld & Co.-Shields & Co. (jointly); Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Salomon Brothers & Hutzler-Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.-Equitable Securities Corp. (jointly); Blyth & Co., Inc.-First Boston Corp. Bids—Expected Nov. 14 at 11 a.m. (EST)

Rocket Power, Inc. (11/20-24) Sept. 20, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business-Development and manufacture of solid propellants, rocket motors, rocket catapults and related products. Proceeds-To repay debt. Office-Falcon Field, Mesa, Ariz. Underwriters—Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis and Prescott & Co., N. Y.

Rodale Electronics, Inc. Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 60,000 common. Price-\$5.

Business-Manufacture of electronic equipment. Proceeds—Debt repayment, new products, equipment, sales promotion and advertising. Office — 562 Grand Blvd., Westbury, N.Y. Underwriter—Charles Plohn & Co., N.Y.

Rodney Metals, Inc. June 30, 1961 filed 140,000 common shares. Price-\$10. Proceeds — For the repayment of debt and other corporate purposes. Office—261 Fifth Ave., New York. Underwriter-To be named.

Roph Associates, Inc.

Aug. 10, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common shares (par five cents). Price-\$4. Business-The sale of freezers and food plans. Proceeds-For inventory, a food dept, advertising and promotion and general corporate purposes. Office-300 Northern Boulevard, Great Neck, N. Y. Underwriter-To be named.

Royal Land & Development Corp.

Aug. 2, 1961 filed 2,000,000 class A common shares. Price —\$1. Business — General real estate and construction. Proceeds—For construction and general corporate purposes. Office—400 Stanley Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—Lieberbaum & Co., N. Y. (mgr.). Offering—Expected sometime in December.

Rozilda Laboratories, Inc.

Sept. 18, 1961 filed 90,000 class A capital shares. Price -\$3. Business-The manufacture and sale of organic chemicals to industrial and commercial users. Proceeds -For expansion and working capital. Office-814 Madison St., Hoboken, N. J. Underwriters—State Securities Corp., Washington, D. C. and Bayes, Rose & Co., N. Y.

Rubber & Fibre Chemical Corp. (12/20) Sept. 25, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price-\$5. Business -Exploitation of a new process for reclaiming unvulcanized rubber. Proceeds-Purchase of equipment and existing plant building, repayment of debt, and working capital. Office-300 Butler St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter-Armstrong & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Russ Togs, Inc. (11/6-10)

Oct. 3, 1961 filed 107,571 outstanding class A shares to be offered for subscription by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of women's sports-Broadway, N. Y. Underwriter — Shearson, Hammill & Co., N. Y. wear. Proceeds—For selling stockholders. Office—1372

• S. O. S. Photo-Cine-Optics, Inc. (10/23-27) June 29, 1961 filed \$50,000 of 6% subordinated debentures due 1969 and 50,000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$10 of debentures and 10 common shares. Price-\$40 per unit. Business-The manufacturing, renting and distributing of motion picture and television production equipment. Proceeds-For new equipment, advertising, research and development, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office-602 W. 52nd St., New York. Underwriter - William, David & Motti, Inc., N. Y.

Sabre, Inc.

Sept. 25, 1961 ("Reg. A") 50,000 common. Price-\$2. Business-Manufacture of pre-painted aluminum siding and accessories. Proceeds-For inventory, dies, inventory equipment and working capital. Office-4990 E. Asbury, Denver. Underwriter-Schmidt, Sharp, McCabe & Co., Inc., Denver.

Saegertown Glasseals, Inc.

Sept. 27, 1961 filed 210,500 common, of which 100,000 are to be offered by the company and 110,500 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of electronic parts, including diodes and rectifiers. Proceeds-For general corporate purposes. Office-South Main St., Saegertown, Pa. Underwriter-Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co., N. Y.

Sav-Mor Oil Corp. (11/27-30)
July 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 92,000 common shares (par one cent). Price—\$2.50. Business—Wholesale distribution of

gasoline and oil to service stations. Proceeds-For expansion. Office-151 Birchwood Park Dr., Jericho, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter-Armstrong & Co., Inc., New York.

• Save-Tax Club, Inc. (10/23-27)
July 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common. Price—\$2. Business-A plan to stimulate retail merchandising in New York City, Retail establishments who join the plan will give 3% discounts to members of the Save-Tax Club. Proceeds-For salaries to salesmen, advertising, public relations, additional employees, and working capital. Ofifce—135 W. 52nd St., N. Y. Underwriter—B. G. Harris & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Savin Business Machines Corp. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-\$10. Business—Distribution of products for use in photocopy machines. **Proceeds**—For initial production of xerographic machines, additional equipment, expansion and working capital. Office—161 Ave. of the Americas, N. Y. Underwriter-Ira Haupt & Co., N. Y.

Saxton Products, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 80,000 common. Price-\$3.75. Business-The manufacture of wires and cables. Proceeds-For repayment of indebtedness, equipment, advertising, inventory and general corporate purposes. Office—4320-26 Park Ave., Bronx 57, N. Y. Underwriter— Stern, Zeiff & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Science Research Associates, Inc.

Sept. 22, 1961 filed 150,040 common, of which 100,000 shares are to be offered by the company and 50,040 shares by stockholders. Price—By amendment, Business -Publication of standardized intelligence, aptitude, and achievement tests, and instructional materials for schools. Proceeds—For repayment of debt, redemption of 6% preferred stock and working capital. Office-259 E. Erie St., Chicago. Underwriters-White, Weld & Co., N. Y. and William Blair & Co., Chicago.

Seashore Food Products, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price - \$4. Business-The manufacturing and processing of assorted food products. Office-13480 Cairo Lane, Opa Locka, Fla. Underwriter-Ehrlich, Irwin & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Sea-Wide Electronics, Inc. Sept. 26, 1961 filed 200,000 common. Price-\$4. Business -Importing of goods from Japan. Proceeds-For debt repayment. Office-Stokely St., and Roberts Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriter-Amos Treat & Co., N. Y.

Securities Acceptance Corp.

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 10,000 shares of 5% cumulative preferred. Price—At par (\$25). Business—A consumer finance company. Office—304 S. 18th St., Omana. Underwriters-First Trust Co. of Lincoln, Neb., Storz-Wachob-Bender Co., Omaha and Cruttenden, Podesta & Co., Chicago, Note—This letter was withdrawn.

Security Acceptance Corp.

March 7, 1961 filed 100,000 shares of class A common stock and \$400,000 of 71/2 % 10-year debenture bonds, to be offered in units consisting of \$100 of debentures and 25 shares of stock. Price-\$200 per unit. Business-The purchase of conditional sales contracts on home appliances. Proceeds — For working capital and expansion. Office—724 9th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter-None.

★ Security Group, Inc.
Oct. 3, 1961 ("Reg. A") 272,700 common. Price—\$1.10. Proceeds—General corporate purposes. Office—1020 E. Wendover Ave., Greensboro, N. C. Underwriter—Allied Securities Corp., Greensboro, N. C.

Seg Electronics Co., Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 110,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Design and manufacture of networks for data and program transmission, filters, transceivers and related electronic equipment. Proceeds-For equipment, research and development, repayment of loans and working capital. Office-12 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn. Underwriter-Searight, Ahalt & O'Connor, Inc., N. Y.

Self-Service Shoes, Inc. Sept. 19, 1961 ("Reg. A") 300,000 common. Price-\$1. Business—Retailing of shoes on a self-service basis. Of-fice—504 N. Grand, Pueblo, Colo. Underwriter—Amos C. Sudler & Co., Denver, Colo.

Sel-Rex Corp. (12/5)

Sept. 27, 1961 filed 200,000 common, of which 33,000 will be sold by the company and 167,000 by a stock-holder. Price—By amendment. Busines3—Production of gold compounds and chemicals for electroplating. Office -Nutley, N. J. Underwriter-Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co., N. Y.

Semicon, Inc. (10/23-27)

June 30, 1961 filed 125,000 class A common shares. Price -By amendment. Business-The manufacture of semiconductor devices for military, industrial and commercial use. Proceeds-For equipment, plant expansion and new products. Address-Sweetwater Avenue, Bedford, Mass. Underwriter-S. D. Fuller & Co., New York (managing).

Servonuclear Corp.
Sept. 12, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$2. Business-Manufacture of medical electronic products. Proceeds-For plant relocation, equipment, inventory, new products, debt repayment and working capital. Office-28-21 Astoria Blvd., Astoria, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter-Herman & Diamond, N. Y.

Servotron Corp.

Sept. 25, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$5. Business Sale of automatic film processing machines and other electronic products. Proceeds-Purchase of equipment and inventory, sales promotion, research and development, and working capital. Office—29503 West Nine Mile Rd., Farmington, Mich. Underwriter—None.

Sessions Co. Sept. 8, 1961 ("Reg. A") 245,000 common. Price-\$1.15. Business - Operation of a management consulting and engineering services firm. Office—2012 First National Bldg., Minneapolis. Underwriter—Midwest Planned Investments, Inc., Minneapolis.

Sexton (John) & Co. Sept. 27, 1961 filed 70,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business — Distributes food products to restaurants, hotels, schools, etc. Proceeds—For selling stock-

holders. Office-4700 S. Kilbourn Ave., Chicago. Underwriter-Hornblower & Weeks, N. Y. Offering-In Nov. Shaer Shoe Corp.
Sept. 18, 1961 filed 225,000 common. Price—By amend-

ment. Business-The manufacture and sale of women's shoes. Proceeds-For the selling stockholders. Office-Canal and Dow St., Manchester, N. H. Underwriter-Dean Witter & Co., San Francisco.

Shasta Minerals & Chemical Co.

April 24, 1961 filed 500,000 shares of common stock. Price \$2.50 per share. Business Acquisition, development, and exploration of mining properties. Proceeds— For general corporate purposes. Office — 1406 Walker Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah. Underwriter — None. Offering—Expected sometime in November.

Siconor Mines Ltd. Sept. 18, 1961 filed 250,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business-The exploratory search for silver in northern Ontario. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—62 Richmond St., West, Toronto, Canada. Underwriter-None.

Sierra Capital Co. Sept. 5, 1961 filed 1,000,000 capital shares. Price - By amendment. Business - A small business investment company. Proceeds-For general corporate purposes. Office

-105 Montgomery St., San Francisco. Underwriter-C. E. Unterberg, Towbin Co., N. Y.

Site-Fab, Inc. Aug. 21, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common (par 10c). Price-\$3. Proceeds-For purchase and improvement of land, promotion and development and working capital. Office—901 Market St., Wilmington, Del. Underwriter— H. P. Black & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

Small Business Investment Co. of New York, Inc. Aug. 22, 1961 filed 875,000 common shares. Price-By amendment. Business - A small business investment company. Proceeds-For investment in and loans to small business. Office-40 Beaver St., Albany, N. Y. Underwriter-Dillon, Read & Co., Inc., New York.

Sokol Brothers Furniture Co., Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 240,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-The instalment retailing of furniture, appliances and other household goods. Proceeds - For expansion and modernization of buildings, repayment of debt and working capital. Office—253 Columbia St., Brooklyn, Y. Underwriter-Continental Bond & Share Corp., Maplewood, N. J.

Southbridge Plastic Products Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 205,710 class A shares. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of vinyl sheetings. Proceeds—For equipment and working capital. Office-241 Church St., N. Y. Underwriters—H. Hentz & Co. and Allen & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected in December.

Southern Diversified Industries, Inc. Aug. 8, 1961 filed 250,000 common shares. Price-\$5.50. Business - The purchase, inventorying and wholesale distribution of roofing materials, sheet metal products and heating and air conditioning accessories. Proceeds-For repayment of debt, purchase of merchandise and operating expenses. Office — 3690 Northwest 62nd St., Miami, Fla. Underwriter — Netherlands Securities Co., Inc., New York.

Southern Frontier Finance Co.

Sept. 22, 1961 filed \$1,000,000 of sinking fund subordinated debentures due 1976 with warrants to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock, to be offered in units consisting of \$100 of debentures with a warrant to purchase 20 common shares. Price-By amendment. Business-Repurchase of mortgage notes, contracts, leases, etc. Proceeds-Repayment fo debt, investments and other corporate purposes. Office-615 Hillsboro St., Raleigh, N. C. Underwriter-J. C. Wheat & Co., Richmond, Va.

Southern Growth Industries, Inc. (10/23-27) June 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common shares. Price-\$6. Business-A small business investment company. Proceeds—For investment. Office—Poinsett Hotel Building, Greenville, S. C. Underwriter—Capital Securities Corp., Greenville, S. C.

Southern Realty & Utilities Corp. (10/30-11/3) May 26, 1961 filed \$3,140,000 of 6% convertible depentures due 1976, with warrants to purchase 31,400 common shares, to be offered for public sale in units of \$500 of debentures and warrants for five common shares. Price
—At 100% of principal amount. Business—The development of unimproved land in Florida. Proceeds-For the repayment of debt, the development of property, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office-1674 Meridian Avenue, Miami Beach, Fla. Underwriters — Hirsch & Co., and Lee Higginson Corp., both of New York City (managing).

Southern Syndicate, Inc.

Sept. 13, 1961 filed 300,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Real estate investment. Proceeds-For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—2501 Bank of Georgia Bldg., Atlanta. Underwriter—Johnson, Lane, Space Corp., Savannah.

★ Southwest Factories, Inc. Oct. 10, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares. Price -\$3. Proceeds-For debt repayment, equipment, research and development and general corporate purposes. Office-1432 W. Main St., Oklahoma City, Okla. Underwriter-Best & Garey Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

• Southwestern Research & Development Co. Aug. 28, 1961 filed 600, J00 common. Price-\$10. Business -A business investment company. Proceeds - for investments. Office-1101 N. First St., Phoenix. Underwriter-Wilson, Johnson & Higgins, San Francisco (mgr). Offering-Expected in November.

Space Age Materials Corp. (SAMCO) (11/20) Sept. 19, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business-The manufacture of high temperature materials for the space, nuclear and missile fields, and components used in the communications field. Proceeds-For equipment, research and development, and working capital. Office-31-26 Greenpoint Avenue, Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter-Manufacturers Securities Corp., 511 5th Ave., N. Y. Offering-Expected late Nov.

Spectron, Inc. June 9, 1961 filed 83,750 class A common. Price-\$4.50. Business-Design, development and manufacture of electronic systems, instruments and equipment, including microwave, radar and underwater communication devices. Proceeds-For purchase of equipment, plant expansion, patent development and general corporate purposes. Office-812 Ainsley Bldg., Miami, Fla. Underwriter-Hampstead Investing Corp., N. Y. Offering-Imminent.

* Standard Industries, Inc.
Oct. 13, 1961 filed 210,000 common, of which 183,000 are to be offered by the company and 27,000 by a stockholder. Price-By amendment. Business-Production of crushed limestone, gravel, and ready-mix concrete

and construction of highways, etc. Proceeds-General corporate purposes. Office—731 Mayo Bldg., Tulsa, Okla. Underwriter-Allen & Co., N. Y.

• Star Homes, Inc.
June 28, 1961 filed \$500,000 7% subordinated debentures due 1971 and 200,000 common shares to be offered in units, each unit consisting of \$50 of debentures and 20 common shares. Price-\$100 per unit. Business-The construction and sale of shell homes. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, advances to a subsidiary, establishment of branch sales offices and working capital. Office -336 S. Salisbury Street, Raleigh, N. C. Underwriter-D. E. Liederman & Co., Inc., New York (managing). Offering-Expected in mid-November.

Star Industries, Inc. (10/30-11/3)

Aug. 23, 1961 filed 415,576 class A, of which 103,894 are to be offered by the company and 311,682 by stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—A wholesale liquor distributor. Proceeds-For repayment of loans and working capital. Office—31-10 48th Ave., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriters—Lee Higginson Corp. and H. Hentz & Co. (co-mgrs.).

* Steel Plant Equipment Corp. Oct. 2, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Pro-

ceeds-For equipment and working capital. Address-Norristown, Pa. Underwriter-Joseph W. Hurley & Co., Norristown, Pa.

Sterile Medical Products, Inc.

Aug. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 120,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-The manufacture and sharpening of scalpels. Proceeds-For expansion and the manufacture of scalpels. Office—434 Buckelew Ave., Jamesburg, N. J. Underwriter—Louis R. Dreyling & Co., Inc., New Bruns-

Sterling Extruder Corp.

Sept. 12, 1961 filed 90,000 common, of which 20,000 are to be offered by the company and 70,000 by the stockholders. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of plastic extrusion machinery and auxiliary equipment. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—1537 W. Elizabeth Ave., Linden, N. J. Underwriter — Marron, Sloss & Co., N. Y.

Super Valu Stores, Inc.

Oct. 11, 1961 filed 115,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Distributes food and associated products to franchised retail stores. Proceeds-Debt repayment, inventories, expansion and other corporate purposes. Office—101 Jefferson Ave., Hopkins, Minn. Underwriters—White, Weld & Co., Inc., N. Y., and J. M. Dain & Co., Inc., Minneapolis.

Superior Industries Corp.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price-\$4. Business —The manufacture of folding pool tables, table tennis tables and related accessories. **Proceeds** — For general corporate purposes. Office-520 Coster St., Bronx, N. Y. Underwriter—Brand, Grumet & Seigel, Inc., N.Y. (mgr.).

Supronics Corp. (10/30-11/3)

May 29, 1961 filed 90,000 shares of common stock. Price -To be supplied by amendment. Business-The company is engaged in the distribution of wholesale electrical equipment and supplies. Proceeds - For the repayment of bank loans and other corporate purposes. Office—224 Washington St., Perth Amboy, N. J. Underwriters-Amos Treat & Co., Inc., and Standard Securities Corp., both of New York City and Bruno-Lenchner, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Susan Crane Packaging, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-The manufacture of gift wrap, packaging materials and greeting cards. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, expansion, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office-8107 Chancellor Row, Dallas, Underwriter-C. E. Unterberg, Towbin Co., N. Y. C.

Swift Homes, Inc. (11/29) Sept. 15, 1961 filed 240,000 common, of which 80,000 will be sold by the company and 160,000 by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-The manufacture, sale and financing of factory-built homes. Proceeds-To expand credit sales and open new sales offices. Address—1 Chicago Ave., Elizabeth, Pa. Underwriter—Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co., N. Y.

Taddeo Construction & Leasing Corp. \$5 Rusi. ness-The construction of bowling centers. Proceeds-For purchase of land and working capital. Office-873 Merchants Rd., Rochester, N. Y. Underwriters—N. A. Hart & Co., and Darius, Inc. (co-mgrs.). Note — This company was formerly named Taddeo Bowling & Leasing Corp.

Tasty Baking Co. Aug. 31, 1961 filed 100,000 class A common (non-voting). Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of packaged bakery products. **Proceeds** — For the selling stockholders. **Office**—2801 Hunting Park Ave., Philadelphia. Underwriter-Drexel & Co., Philadelphia.

Tax-Exempt Public Bond Trust Fund. Series 2 Feb. 23, 1961 filed \$10,000,000 (100,000 units) ownership certificates. Price-To be filed by amendment. Business -The fund will invest in interest bearing obligations of states, counties, municipalities and territories of the U. S., and political subdivisions thereof which are believed to be exempted from Federal income taxes. Proceeds—For investment. Office—135 South La Salle Street, Chicago. Sponsor-John Nuveen & Co., Chicago.

★ Tech Serv, Inc. Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$3. Proveeds—For debt repayment, advertising, equipment and working capital. Office — 4911 College Ave., College Park, Md. Underwriter—Switzer & Co., Silver Spring,

Technifoam Corp.

Aug. 14, 1961 filed 110,000 common shares. Price-\$8. Business—The manufacture of machinery for producing polyurethane foam. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, equipment, foreign investments and working capital. Office - 717 Fifth Avenue, New York. Underwriter -Stearns & Co., N. Y. (mgr.)

Techno-Vending Corp. (10/30-11/3)

June 9, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 class A common. Price-\$3. Business—Manufacture of coin-operated vending machines. Proceeds-Repayment of loans; sales promotion and advertising; expansion; purchase of raw materials; research and development, and working capital. Office—599 Tenth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Interntaional Services Corp., Paterson, N. J.

* Tele-Communications Corp.

Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 class A common. Price -\$3. Proceeds-For debt repayment, advertising, research and development, plant improvement and working capital. Office-41 E. 42nd St., N. Y. Underwriter-Edward Lewis Co., Inc., N. Y.

Telecredit, Inc. (11/6-10)
July 24, 1961 filed 155,000 common shares. Price-\$1. Business—The development of high-speed electronic data processing systems. Proceeds—For organizational expenses, establishment of service centers and reserves. Office-100 W. 10th Street. Wilmington, Del. Underwriter-Globus, Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Te'eregister Corp. Sept. 1, 1961 filed 280,000 common. Price-By amend-

ment. Business-The furnishing of data processing, dissemination and display services. Proceeds-For the selling stockholders. Office-445 Fairfield Ave., Stamford. Underwriter-Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

Templeton, Damroth Corp. Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$1,500,000 of 51/2% convertible debentures due 1969, of which \$205,000 are to be offered by the company and \$240,000 by stockholders. Price-At par. Business-A mutual fund management company. Proceeds-For expansion, a new subsidiary and working capital. Office-630 Third Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-Hecker & Co., Philadelphia.

* Texas Electro-Dynamic Capital, Inc. Oct. 16, 1961 filed 250,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-A small business investment company. Proceeds-General corporate purposes. Office-1947 W. Gray Ave., Houston. Underwriter-Moroney, Beissner

& Co., Inc., Houston.

Texas Gas Producing Co. Sept. 5, 1961 filed \$315,000 of 51/2 % subordinated convertible debentures due 1973 and 10,500 common to be offered in units of \$90 of debentures and three common shares. Price—By amendment. Business—The production of crude oil and natural gas, Proceeds-For repayment of notes, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—731 Meadows Bldg., Dallas. Underwriter— Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville.

• Thermionix Industries Corp. (10/23-27) July 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price-\$2. Business-The manufacture of a flexible heating tape. Proceeds-For construction of a machine, research and development, sales engineering and working capital. Office - 500 Edgewood Avenue, Trenton, N. J. Underwriter-D. L. Capas Co., New York,

Thermo-Chem Corp. (11/6-10) June 14, 1961 filed 130,000 common shares. Price-\$4.50. Business-The manufacture of coatings for fabrics. Proceeds-To repay a loan, and purchase equipment, for research and development, administrative expenses and working capital. Office — Noeland Ave., Penndel, Pa. Underwriter-Best & Garey Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

Thermotronics Corp., Inc. July 10, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price-\$3. Business-Research and development of electronic and electrical devices, principally an electronic water heater. Proceeds-For raw materials, plant and equipment, advertising research and development and working capital. Office—27 Jericho Turnpike, Mineola, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter—J. B. Coburn Associates, Inc., N. Y. Offering-Imminent.

30 North La Salle Street Realty Fund July 3, 1961 filed 200,000 shares of beneficial interests. Price—\$5. Business—A real estate investment company. Proceeds-For investment. Office-30 N. LaSalle St., Chicago. Underwriter-None.

 Thoroughbred Enterprises, Inc. (10/23-27) June 2, 1961 filed 85,000 common shares. Price-\$4. Business - The breeding of thoroughbred race horses. Proceeds-To purchase land, build a stable, and buy additional horses. Office-8000 Biscayne Blvd., Miami, Fla. Underwriter-Sandkuhl & Co., Inc., Newark, N. J., and New York City.

Thurow Electronics, Inc. July 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 41,500 class A common shares (par \$2.50) and 83,000 class B common shares (par \$1) to be offered in units consisting of one class A and two class B common shares. Price-By amendment. Proceeds -For repayment of loans and inventory. Office — 121 S. Water St., Tampa. Underwriter - Miller Securities Corp., Atlanta. Ga.

* Tidewater Lumber Co., Inc. Oct. 11, 1961 filed 200,000 common, Price-\$5. Business Wholesale buying and selling of lumber. Proceeds-For advances to a subsidiary, debt repayment and working capital. Office-1600 Hillside Ave., New Hyde Park, N. Y. Underwriter-Rubin, Rennert & Co., Inc., N. Y.

• Tor Education, Inc. (10/30-11/3) July 28, 1961 filed 100,000 capital shares. Price - By amendment. Business-The production of celf instructional courses and devices. Proceeds-For purchase of equipment, new products and other corporate purposes.

Office—65 Prospect St., Stamford, Conn. Underwriter

F. L. Rossman & Co., New York (managing).

Tower Communications Co.

Aug. 24, 1961 filed 125,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-The design, manufacture and erection of communications towers. Proceeds — For repayment of debt and working capital. Office — 2700 Hawkeye Dr., Sioux City, Iowa. Underwriter—C. E. Unterberg, Tow-bin Co., N. Y. C. (mgr.).

Transcontinental Investing Corp.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed \$10,000,000 of 61/2 % convertible subordinated debentures due 1981. Price-By amendment, Business - The operation of hotels, motels, apartment buildings and a small business investment company. Office-375 Park Ave., N. Y. C. Underwriter-Lee Higginson Corp., N. Y. C. (mgr.). Offering-In November.

• Trans-Lux Corp. (11/6-10)

Aug. 31, 1961 filed 250,000 common, of which 150, 000 shares are to be offered by the company and 100,000 shares by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business—The manufacture of news ticker projection equipment. Proceeds - For expansion, repayment of loans, new equipment and general corporate purposes. Office—625 Madison Ave., N. Y. Underwriter — Bear, Stearns & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

Tri-Chem, Inc. (10/23-27)

Aug. 16, 1961 filed \$350,000 of sinking fund debentures, 61/2% series due 1976 and 140,000 common shares to be offered in units consisting of \$100 of debentures and 40 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of paints for hobbyists. Proceeds-For repayment of bank loans and working capital. Office—82 Main St., West Orange, N. J. Underwriter—P. W. Brooks & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Tri-Point Industries, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 160,000 common, of which 80,000 are to be offered by the company and 80,000 shares by stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Manufacture of precision, plastic components. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, advertising, equipment and working capital. Office-175 I. U. Willets Rd., Albertson, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter-Hill, Darlington & Grimm, N. Y.

Tri-State Displays, Inc. (10/23-27)

July 24, 1961 ("Reg. A") 260,000 common shares (par five cents). Price—\$1.15. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—1221 Glenwood Ave., Minneapolis. Underwriter —Naftalin & Co., Minneapolis.

Trio-Tech, Inc. (10/30-11/3)

Oct. 6, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$2. Business-Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Equipment. Proceeds-For debt repayment, machinery, new products, leasehold improvements and working capital. Office—3410 W. Cohasset St., Burbank, Calif. Underwriter-Ezra Kureen Co., N. Y.

Triton Electronics, Inc.

Sept. 26, 1961 filed 108,000 common, of which 76,500 will be offered by the company and 31,500 by stockholders. Price—\$4.50. Business—Manufacture of magnetic recording tape and metallic yarns. Proceeds-For research and development, advertising, and working capital. Office —62-05 30th Ave., Woodside, N. Y. Underwriter—Netherlands Securities Co., Inc., and Seymour Blauner & Co., N. Y.

Tropical Gas Co., Inc.

Sept. 8, 1961 filed 135,000 common, to be offered for subscription by stockholders on the basis of one share for each six common held. Price - By amendment, Proceeds-For the repayment of debt, and working capital. Office—2151 Le Jeune Rd., Coral Gables, Fla. Underwriter—Glore, Forgan & Co., N. Y. (mgr.).

True Taste Corp. Aug. 18, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares. Price-\$5. - The installation and operation of plant to process frozen concentrated juices in bulk. Proceeds-For installation of equipment and working capital. Office—1206 Tower Petroleum Bldg., Dallas. Underwriter—Dallas Rupe & Son, Inc., Dallas (managing).

Turbodyne Corp.

May 10, 1961 filed 200,000 shares of common stock. Price -\$2 per share. Business - The research, development, manufacturing and marketing of space and rocket engines, and related activities. Proceeds-For research and development, and working capital. Office-1346 Connecticut Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter-To be named.

★ Turner Engineering & Automation Corp. Sept. 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common. Price—\$4. Business-Manufactures electronic devices and components. Office-209 Glenside Ave., Wyncote, Pa. Un-

derwriter-Valley Forge Securities Co., Inc., Phila. Ultra Plastics Inc.

Sept. 19, 1961 filed 150,000 class A common. Price-\$4. Business-The manufacture of outdoor plastic signs and urethane foam. Proceeds-For equipment, repayment of debt, inventory, additional personnel, advertising and Underwriter-Amos Treat & Co., N. Y. Offering-In

Union Rock & Materials Corp.

Aug. 22, 1961 filed 160,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-The company is engaged in the paving of roads and the sale of sand, crushed rock and transitmix concrete. Proceeds-For the selling stockholders. Office-2800 S. Central Ave., Phoenix, Ariz. Underwriter -William R. Staats & Co., Los Angeles (mgr.). Offering -Expected in late November.

Union Title Co. Aug. 28, 1961 filed 150,000 capital shares. Price—\$7.50. Business-The insuring of real estate titles. ProceedsFor working capital and expansion. Office-222 N. Central Ave., Phoenix. Underwriter-None.

Union Trust Life Insurance Co.

Sept. 25, 1961 filed 300,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business-Sale of life, and health and accident insurance. Proceeds - For investment. Office - 611 N. Broadway St., Milwaukee. Underwriters-H. M. Byllesby & Co., and Straus, Blosser & McDowell, Chicago. Offering—Expected in late Nov.

United Aero Products Corp.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$600,000 of 6% conv. subord. debentures due 1971. Price-At par. Business-Manufacture of precision machined parts for the aircraft, missile, electronics and nuclear industries. Proceeds-Debt repayment, research and development, expansion and working capital. Office-Columbus Rd., Burlington, N. J. Underwriters-Hess, Grant & Remington, Inc., Philadelphia and Arthurs, Lestrange & Co., Pittsburgh.

★ United Dairy, Inc.

Oct. 9, 1961 ("Reg. A") 769 common to be offered for subscription by stockholders. Price—At par (\$50). Proceeds—For working capital. Office—411½ S. Federal Ave,. Mason City, Iowa. Underwriter-None.

United Exposition Service Co.

Sept. 22, 1961 filed 100,000 common, of which 40,000 will be offered by the company and 60,000 by stockholders, Price-By amendment. Business-Supplying of decorating, drayage, cleaning, and related services for trade shows, conventions, and similar expositions. Proceeds-For working capital, the repayment of debt and purchase of equipment. Office — Suite 705, Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill. Underwriter-Drexel & Co., Phila-

• United Improvement & Investing Corp. (10/23) Aug. 18, 1961 filed \$2,500,000 of 6% convertible subordinated debentures due 1976 to be offered for subscription by holders of common stock and series A warrants on the basis of \$100 of debentures for each 70 shares held. Price-By amendment. Business-General real estate. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—25 W. 43rd St., New York. Underwriter—Sutro Bros. & Co., New York (managing).

★ United National Investors Corp.

Oct. 2, 1961 ("Reg. A") 6,000 class AA common and 24,000 class A common to be offered in units of nine shares of class A and one share of class AA. Price-\$100 per unit. Proceeds-For capital and surplus of a proposed life insurance business. Office -Power Block, Suite 6-10, Helena, Mont, Underwriter-

United Scientific Laboratories, Inc.

(10/30-11/3)Aug. 18, 1961 filed 360,000 common shares. Price-\$2. Business—The manufacture of high fidelity stereo tuners and amplifiers and amateur radio transceivers. Proceeds -For repayment of debt, increase in sales personnel, tooling and production and working capital. Office—35-15 37th Ave., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter—Continental Bond & Share Corp., Maplewood, N. J.

United Servomation Corp.

Sept. 22, 1961 filed 355,000 common of which 150,000 shares will be offered by the company and 205,000 shares stockholders. Price-By amendment. Business-Sale of food, tobacco products and beverages through automatic vending machines. Proceeds-For repayment of debt. Office-410 Park Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-Hemphill, Noyes & Co., N. Y.

* U. S. Capitol Lease Corp.

Oct. 2, 1961 ("Reg. A") 30,000 common. Price-\$4. Proceeds—For debt repayment, purchase of a truck and working capital. Office—2017 West Virginia Ave., N. E., Washington, D. C. Underwriter-None.

U. S. Controls, Inc.

Sept. 28, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price-\$2.25. Business-The manufacture of automatic control systems. Proceeds-For repayment of debt, a sales and advertising program, research and development, equipment and working capital. Office - 410 Fourth Ave., Brooklyn. Underwriter-N. A. Hart & Co., Bayside, N. Y.

United States Crown Corp.

Aug. 22, 1961 filed 150,000 common. Price—\$8. Business -The manufacture of specialized bottle caps. Proceeds-For equipment, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—437 Boulevard, East Paterson, N. J. Underwriter—Adams & Peck, N. Y. (mgr.). Offering— Expected in November.

U. S. Electronic Publications, Inc.

Sept. 26, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3. Business—Publishing of military and industrial handbooks. Proceeds-Debt repayment, expansion and working capital. Office-480 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Underwriter-Douglas Enterprises, 8856 18th Ave., Brooklyn.

U. S. Markets, Inc.

July 31, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares, of which 160,-000 shares are to be offered by the company and 40,000 shares by a stockholder. Price—\$5. Business—The operation of a chain of supermarkets and other retail food stores in the San Francisco area. Proceeds-For repayment of loans, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office-60 Fallon Street, Oakland. Calif. Underwriter-Stanley Heller & Co., N. Y. Offering-Expected sometime in November.

United States Plastics, Inc.

Sept. 7, 1961 filed 190,000 common, of which 150,000 will be sold by the company and 40,000 by a stockholder. Price-\$3. Business-The sale of plastic items, power tools, adhesives, hardware, etc. Proceeds-To repay debt. Office-750 W. 18th St., Hialeah, Fla. Underwriter-Roman & Johnson, Fort Lauderdale (mgr.).

United Variable Annuities Fund, Inc.

April 11, 1961 filed 2,500,000 shares of stock. Price-\$10 per share. Business-A new mutual fund. Proceeds-For investment. Office—20 W. 9th Street, Kansas City, Mo. Underwriter—Waddell & Reed, Inc., Kansas City, Mo. Offering-Expected in early November.

• Univend Corp.

Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 115,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business-Operates coin-vending machines for food and drink. Proceeds — For expansion and working capital.

Office—280 O'Brien Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter
—Ezra Kureen Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected in Nov.

★ Universal Data Processing Corp. Sept. 28, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Proceeds — For debt repayment, equipment, leasehold improvements, and working capital. Office—2600 E. 12th St., Los Angeles. Underwriter - Holton, Henderson &

Co., Los Angeles.

Universal Electronics Laboratories Corp Sept. 28, 1961 filed 90,250 common, of which 76,250 will be sold by the company and 14,000 by stockholders. Price -By amendment. Business-Design, development and production of teaching machines. Proceeds-For production expenses, advertising, marketing etc. Office-510 Hudson St., Hackensack, N. J. Underwriters-To be named.

Universal Lighting Products, Inc.

Sept. 21, 1961 filed 175,000 common. Price-\$1. Business -Manufacturer of lighting fixtures and display and merchandising equipment for use in gasoline service stations. Proceeds - Repayment of debt and working capital. Office—55 Bergenline Ave., Westwood, N. J. Underwriter-Globus, Inc., N. Y. (mgr.). Offering-Expected sometime in December.

Universal Publishing & Distributing Corp.
June 28, 1961 filed 50,000 6% cumulative preferred shares

(par \$10) and 50,000 common shares to be offered in units, each consisting of one preferred share and one common share. Price-\$15 per unit. Business-The publishing of magazines and paper bound books. Proceeds-For expansion, additional personnel, sales promotion, working capital and other corporate purposes. Office—117 E. 31st St., N. Y. Underwriter—Allen & Co., N. Y. Offering—Imminent.

Universal Rectifier Corp.

Sept. 5, 1961 ("Reg. A") 80,000 common. Price - \$3. Business-The development of high performance silicon rectifiers. Office - 2055 Pontius, Los Angeles. Underwriter-Kerns, Bennett & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Universal Surgical Supply Inc.

Aug. 1, 1961 filed 200,000 common shares, of which 100,-000 will be offered for public sale and 100,000 to stockholders of Houston Fearless Corp., parent company, on the basis of one share for each 30 shares held of record Sept. 1. Business - The sale of medicine, surgical and laboratory equipment manufactured by others. Proceeds —For the repayment of debt. Office — 9107 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriter — Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., Inc., St. Louis. Offering-Imminent.

Uropa International, Inc. Sept. 28, 1961 filed 120,000 common. Price-\$2.50. Business—Importing of compact appliances and stereophonic radio and phonograph consoles. Proceeds—For working capital. Office—16 W. 32nd St., N. Y. Underwriter— Dean Samitas & Co., N. Y.

U-Tell Corp.
Sept. 18, 1961 ("Reg. A") 31,097 common. Price-\$5. Business — Operation of a discount department store. Office-3629 N. Teutonia Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. Underwriter-Continental Securities Corp., Milwaukee, Wis.

Val-U Homes Corp. of Delaware

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price-\$5. Business The manufacture of prefabricated buildings and shell homes. Proceeds-For working capital. Office-765 River St., Paterson, N.J. Underwriter-Stearns & Co., N.Y.C. (mgr.). Offering-In early November.

Valley Forge Products, Inc.

Sept. 15, 1961 filed 100,000 class A capital shares. Price -By amendment. Business - The manufacture of replacement ignition and other electrical components for automobiles. Proceeds-For working capital, new products and other corporate purposes. Office-370 19th St., Brooklyn. Underwriter-Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., Jersey City, N. J.

Valley Gas Production, Inc. (11/20)

Sept. 22, 1961 filed 194,000 common. Price-By amendment. Business-Acquisition of natural gas and oil producing properties. Proceeds-Construction, repayment of debt and investment in subsidiaries. Office—583 M & M Bldg., Houston, Tex. Underwriter-White, Weld & Co.,

Valley Title & Trust Co. (11/6-10)

June 13, 1961 filed 120,000 common shares. Price-\$5. Business-The writing and selling of title insurance and the acting as trustee and escrow agent. Proceeds-For working capital, reserves and other corporate purposes. Office—1001 North Central Ave., Phoenix, Ariz. Underwriter — Louis R. Dreyling & Co., 25 Livingston Ave., New Brunswick, N. J. Offering-Imminent.

Valtronic Corp. Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 62,500 common. Price -Business-Design and manufacture of medical and dental equipment. Proceeds-For machinery, debt repayment, expansion and working capital. Office—375 Walton Ave., Bronx, N. Y. Underwriters — Cacchione & ** Smith, Inc., and Fred F. Sessler & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Van-Pak, Inc.

Sept. 15, 1961 filed 140,000 common, Price-\$15. Business -A nation-wide and overseas non-regulated freight for-

warder engaged in the forwarding of household goods. Proceeds—To repay debt, purchase metal containers, and increase working capital. Office — 542 Insurance Exchange Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa. Underwriter—Hodgdon & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C. Offering—Expected some time in December.

Vending International, Inc.
July 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 70,588 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$4.24. Proceeds — For repayment of debt, expansion and a new building. Office—c/o Brownfield, Rosen & Malone, 1026-16th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Underwriter—H. P. Black & Co., Inc., Wash., D. C.

Vendotronics Corp. (11/6-10)
Sept. 1, 1961 ("Reg. A") 150,000 common. Price—\$2.
Business—The manufacture of automatic popcorn vending machines. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, advertising, inventory, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—572 Merrick Rd., Lynbrook, N. Y.
Underwriter—B. G. Harris & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Venus Drug Distributors, Inc.
Oct. 2, 1961 filed 168,000 common, of which 120,000 are
to be sold by the company and 48,000 by stockholders.
Price—\$5. Business—Wholesale distribution of cosmetics. Proceeds—For new product development, advertising and working capital. Office — 4206 W. Jefferson
Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—Garat & Polonitza, Inc., Los Angeles.

Vic Tanny Enterprises, Inc.

May 11, 1961 filed 320,000 shares of class A common stock (par 10 cents) of which 160,000 shares will be offered for the account of the company and 160,000 shares by the present holder thereof. Price—\$9.50. Business—The operation of a national chain of gymnasiums and health centers for men and women. Proceeds—The company will use its part of the proceeds for the opening of new gymnasiums and the promotion of home exercise equipment. Office—375 Park Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—S. D. Fuller & Co., N. Y.

• Vol-Air, Inc. (10/23-27)
July 27, 1961 ("Reg. A") 96,000 common shares (par one cent). Price—\$2.50. Business—The manufacture of a patented heat and mass transfer system. Proceeds—For equipment, filing of patents, inventory, advertising and promotion. Address—347 Madison Avenue, New York. Underwriter—Glass & Ross, Inc., N. Y.

• Voron Electronics Corp. (11/6-10)

July 28, 1961 filed 100,000 class A shares. Price — \$3. Business—The manufacture of electronic test equipment, the sale, installation and servicing of industrial and commercial communications equipment and the furnishing of background music. Proceeds—For tooling, production, engineering, inventory and sales promotion of its products and for working capital. Office — 1230 E. Mermaid Lane, Wyndmoor, Pa. Underwriters — John Joshua & Co., Inc., and Reuben Rose & Co., New York.

Vulcan Mold & Iron Co.

Sept. 29, 1961 filed \$3,500,000 of 6% convertible subordinate debentures due 1981. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of cast iron ingot molds, stools, etc.

Proceeds—For construction and working capital. Office—Ave. E., Latrobe, Pa. Underwriters—Singer, Deane & Seribner and Moore, Leonard & Lynch, Pittsburgh.

• Wainrite Stores, Inc. (10/23-27)

June 23, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common shares (par 10 cents). Price—\$3. Business—The operation of discount merchandising centers. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, expansion and working capital. Office—691 E. Jericho Turnpike, Huntington Station, N. Y. Underwriter—Herman & Diamond, N. Y.

Wald Research, Inc.
July 26, 1961 filed 65,000 common shares. Price — \$5.
Business — The manufacture of ground support equipment for the aircraft, missile and related industries. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, purchase of equipment and inventory, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—79 Franklin Turnpike, Mahwah, N. J. Underwriters — Martinelli & Co., New York and E. R. Davenport & Co., Providence, R. I.

Walter Sign Corp.

March 30, 1961 (letter of notification) 100,000 shares of common stock (par one cent). Price—\$3 per share. Business — The manufacture and installation of highway signs. Proceeds—For the reduction of debt, sales promotion, inventory and reserves. Office—4700 76th St., Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y. Underwriter—Amber, Burstein & Co., 40 Exchange Place, New York 5, N. Y.

Wards Co., Inc. (10/30-11/3)
Sept. 15, 1961 filed 110,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The retail sale of radios, TV sets, refrigerators, stoves, air conditioners, etc. Proceeds—For working capital and other corporate purposes. Office—2049 West Broad St., Richmond, Va. Underwriter—Stein Bros. & Boyce, Baltimore.

Warshow (H.) & Sons, Inc.
Aug. 30, 1961 filed 285,000 class A. Price—By amendment. Business—The manufacture of fabrics for women's wear. Proceeds—For the selling stockholders. Office—45 W. 36th St., N. Y. Underwriters—Lee Higginson Corp. and P. W. Brooks & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgrs.). Offering—Expected in November.

Waterman Steamship Corp.

Aug. 29, 1961 filed 1,743,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The carrying of liner-type cargoes.

Proceeds—For the purchase of vessels, and working capital. Office—71 Saint Joseph St., Mobile, Ala. Underwriter—Shields & Co. Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Watson Electronics & Engineering Co., Inc.
 July 25, 1961 ("Reg. A") 75,000 common shares (par 10 cents).
 Price — \$4. Proceeds—For manufacturing,

laboratory and office facilities, equipment and working capital. Office—2603 S. Oxford St., Arlington, Va. Underwriter — Hodgdon & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C. Offering—Expected in early November.

Weissberg (H. R.) Corp.

Aug. 28, 1961 filed 250,000 class A common. Price—By amendment. Business—The operation of hotels, and general real estate. Proceeds—For repayment of loans, acquisition and general corporate purposes. Office—680 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Underwriter—Troster, Singer & Co., N. Y. C. (mgr.).

Wellco Shoe Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 125,070 common. Price—By amendment. Business—The licensing of other firms to manufacture footwear and the manufacture of casual footwear. Proceeds—For a selling stockholder. Address—Waynesville, N. C. Underwriter—C. E. Unterberg, Towbin Co., N. Y.

West Coast Bowling Corp.

May 26, 1961 filed 128,434 shares of common stock, of which 115,000 shares are to be offered for public sale by the company and 13,434 outstanding shares by the present holders thereof. Price—\$9.75 per share. Business—The company plans to acquire and operate bowling centers primarily in California. Proceeds—For general corporate purposes. Office—3300 West Olive Avenue, Burbank, Calif. Underwriter—Hill Richards & Co. Inc., Los Angeles (managing).

Westates Land Development Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed \$1,500,000 of 7% convertible subord. debentures due 1976 and 300,000 common shares to be offered in units, each consisting of \$100 of debentures and 20 common shares. Price—\$200 per unit. Business—General real estate, Proceeds—For debt repayment and working capital. Office — 9412 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif. Underwriter—Morris Cohon & Co., N. Y.

Western Factors, Inc.
June 29, 1960 filed 700,000 shares of common stock. Price

\$_\$1.50 per share. Proceeds—To be used principally for the purchase of additional accounts receivable and also may be used to liquidate current and long-term liabilities. Office — 1201 Continental Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah. Underwriter—Elmer K. Aagaard, 6 Salt Lake Stock Exchange Bldg., Salt Lake City.

Western Semiconductors, Inc.
Sept. 20, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 capital shares. Price—
\$3. Business—Manufacture of semi-conductors for commercial and military use. Office—605-G Alton St., Santa Ana, Calif. Underwriter—Currier & Carlsen, Inc., San

Diego, Calif.

Westland Capital Corp. (11/13-17)

Sept. 21, 1961 filed 985,500 common. Price—\$11. Business

—A small business investment company. Proceeds—For Working capital. Office—9229 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—Bear, Stearns & Co., N. Y.

Westpak Inc.
Sept. 29, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price — \$2.
Business—Thermo-forming of plastic material for packaging of products. Proceeds—For research and development, equipment, sales, advertising and working capital.
Office — 475 Alfred Ave., Teaneck, N. J. Underwriter—Scott, Harvey & Co., Inc., Fairlawn, N. J.

Weyenberg Shoe Manufacturing Co.
Sept. 29, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture of men's shoes. Proceeds
—For selling stockholders. Office — 234 E. Reservoir
Ave., Milwaukee. Underwriter—Robert W. Baird & Co.,
Milwaukee.

White Electromagnetics, Inc.
Oct. 5, 1961 filed 65,000 common. Price—\$3.75. Business—Rendering of consulting services pertaining to electronic system analysis. Proceeds—For expansion, publication of technical papers, marketing, product development and working capital. Office—4903 Auburn Ave., Bethesda, Md. Underwriter—Weil & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

Willner's Liquors
Sept. 13, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—Operation of a chain of liquor stores. Proceeds
—For equipment and inventory, and acquisition and working capital. Office—596 Orange St., Newark, N. J.
Underwriter—First Weber Securities Corp., N. Y.

Winchell Doughnut House, Inc.
Sept. 26, 1961 filed 90,000 common. Price—By amendment. Business — Sale of doughnut mixes to franchised operators of doughnut shops leased from the company. Proceeds—For the selling stockholder. Office—1140 W. Main St., Alhambra, Calif. Underwriter—McDonnell & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Windsor (Kay), Inc.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 200,000 class A common. Price—By amendment. Business—Manufacture and sale of women's dresses. Proceeds—For a selling stockholder. Office—Deane St., New Bedford, Mass. Underwriter—Lee Higginson Corp., N.Y. Offering—Expected sometime in Nov.

• Windsor Texprint, Inc.

Aug. 25, 1961 filed 265,000 common, of which 250,000 are to be offered by the company and 15,000 by stockholders.

Price—\$2. Business—The printing of towels and other textile products. Proceeds—For repayment of loans.

Office—2357 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago. Underwriter—D. E. Liederman & Co., Inc., N. Y. Offering—In late Nov.

★ Wisconsin Michigan Power Co. (11/14)
Oct. 11, 1961 filed \$4,000,000 of first mortgage bonds due 1991. Office—231 W. Michigan Ave., Milwaukee. Underwriters—(Competitive). Probable bidders: Salomon Brothers & Hutzler; Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.-White, Weld & Co. (jointly). Bids—Expected Nov. 14.

Wonderbowl, Inc. (10/23)
Feb. 6, 1961 (letter of notification) 150,000 shares of common stock. Price—At par (\$2 per share). Proceeds—To discharge a contract payable, accounts payable, and

notes payable and the balance for working capital. Office

—7805 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—

Standard Securities Corp., Los Angeles, Calif.

• Wood Manufacturing Co., Inc.
July 24, 1961 ("Reg. A") 250,000 common shares (par \$1). Price—\$1.15. Proceeds—Foor working capital, repayment of loans, purchase of equipment, advertising and building construction. Office — 1035 Chestnut St., Conway, Ark. Underwriter—To be named.

Weodman Co.
Sept. 26, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price—\$3.
Business—Manufacture of precision equipment for handling and packaging food products. Proceeds—Debt repayment, a new product, sales and working capital. Office—114 New St., Decatur, Ga. Underwriter—D. H. Blair & Co., Inc., N. Y.

• World Scope Publishers, Inc. July 31, 1961 filed 300,000 common shares. Price—By amendment. Business—The publishing of encyclopedias and other reference books. Proceeds—For repayment of debt, working capital and general corporate purposes. Office—290 Broadway, Lynbrook, N. Y. Underwriter—

Standard Securities Corp., N. Y. Offering—In late Nov. World Wide Bowling Enterprises, Inc.
July 20, 1961 filed 130,000 common shares. Price—\$4.
Business—The operation of bowling centers. Proceeds—For repayment of debt, expansion and working capital.
Office—2044 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Underwriter—Fraser & Co., Philadelphia. Offering—Expected in Nov.

Worldwide Fund Ltd.
Sept. 19, 1961 filed 100,000 common. Price—\$100. Business—The Fund plans to invest primarily in equity securities of foreign issuers. Office—Bank of Bermuda Bldg., Hamilton, Bermuda. Underwriter—Burnham & Co., N. Y. Offering—Expected in December.

World Wide Reinsurance Corp.
Sept. 28, 1961 filed 4,800,000 common. Price—\$1. Business—Reinsurance. Proceeds—For capital. Office—214 W. 3rd St., Yankton, S. Dak. Underwriter — Harold R. Bell & Associates, Billings, Mont.

Yankee Plastics, Inc.
Sept. 8, 1961 ("Reg. A") 100,000 common. Price — \$3.
Business—Manufactures plastic hangers and forms. Proceeds — For acquisition of manufacturing facilities and working capital. Office—29 W. 34th St., N. Y. Underwriter—Sunshine Securities Inc., Rego Park, N. Y.

Zim Israel Navigation Co., Ltd.
Oct. 5, 1961 filed 20,000 of 7% participating preferred.
Price—\$500. Business—Furnishing of passenger and drycargo freight services. Proceeds—For construction and working capital. Office—Haifa, Israel. Underwriter—None.

ATTENTION UNDERWRITERS!

Do you have an issue you're planning to register? Our Corporation News Department would like to know about it so that we can prepare an item similar to those you'll find hereunder.

Would you telephone us at REctor 2-9570 or write us at 25 Park Place, New York 7, N. Y.

Prospective Offerings

Arizona Public Service Co.

Sept. 11, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about \$35,000,000 of first mortgage bonds in November. Office—501 So. Third Ave., Phoenix, Ariz. Underwriters—To be named. The last sale of bonds on March 26, 1959 was handled privately through Blyth & Co., and First Boston Corp. However, the company stated that there is a possibility that these bonds will be sold at competitive bidding, in which case the following are expected to bid on them: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; First Boston Corp.; Blyth & Co.; White, Weld & Co., Inc., and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.

Bay State Electronics Corp.

Aug. 2, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to file a registration shortly covering about 270,000 common shares to raise some \$2,500,000. Business—Research, development and production of items in the fields of medical electronics, etc. Proceeds — For expansion and working capital. Office—43 Leon St., Boston, Mass. Underwriter—S. D. Fuller & Co., New York (managing).

Broad Street Trust Co.

Sept. 22, 1961 it was reported that stockholders had approved an increase in capital stock and sale of about 69,370 additional shares to stockholders on the basis of one new share for each 12 held of record Oct. 9, with rights to expire Oct. 30. Price—\$32.50. Office—Broad and Thompson Sts., Philadelphia. Underwriters—Stroud & Co., and Hallowell, Sulzberger, Jenks, Kirkland & Co., Philadelphia.

Sept. 15, 1961 it was reported that registration will be filed shortly covering about 90,000 common to be offered to stockholders through subscription rights on 1-for-10 basis. Business—The operation of warehouses, manufacturing buildings, piers and railroad facilities. Office—100 Broad St., N. Y. Underwriter—The company said it may make the offering without an underwriter.

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Carbonic Equipment Corp.

June 28, 1961 it was reported that a "Reg. A" will be haven, N. Y. Underwriter-R. F. Dowd & Co., Inc.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy RR. (10/31) Sept. 19, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$2,400,000 of equipment trust certificates in October. Offices—5747 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago and 39 B'way, N. Y. Underwriters — (Competitive). Probable bidders. Salomon Brothers & Hutzler and Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc. Bids-Expected Oct. 31.

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc.

Aug. 28, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about \$50,000,000 of first mortgage bonds due Nov. 1, 1991. Office-4 Irving Pl., N. Y. Underwriters-(Competitive). Probable bidders: First Boston Corp.; Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Morgan Stanley & Co. Bids—Nov. 21, 1961 at 11 a.m. (EST). Information Meeting— Nov. 15 (10 a.m. EST) at the company's office:

Contact Lens Guild, Inc. June 19, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to file a "Reg. A" shortly covering an undisclosed number of common shares. Business—The manufacture of contact lenses. Office-353 East Main St., Rochester, N.Y. Underwriter-To be named. Offering-Expected in Dec.

Delta Air Lines, Inc. Sept. 19, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to file a registration shortly covering an undisclosed number of common shares. Office—Atlanta Airport, Atlanta, Ga. Underwriter-Courts & Co., Atlanta.

Diversified Vending, Inc. Sept. 13, 1961 it was reported that a registration statement will be filed shortly covering 100,000 common. Price—\$4. Business—The servicing of vending machines and coin operated kiddy-rides. Proceeds—For equipment, inventory and general corporate purposes. Office—Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriter—T. Michael McDarby & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C.

Electro Spectrum Corp.

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Sept. 14, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to file a "Reg. A" covering 100,000 common. Price-\$3. Business-Research, development, manufacture and marketing in the fields of optics, electronics, chemistry and photography. Proceeds - For organizational expenses, building lease, machinery, inventory and working capital. Office—300 Gramatan Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Underwriter-Harry Rovno (same address).

• First Pennsylvania Banking & Trust Co.

Sept. 27, 1961 it was reported that stockholders are to vote Nov. 6 on a proposed 2-for-1 stock split and sale of 394,975 shares to stockholders on a 1-for-12 basis. Office-Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriters-Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., and Smith, Barney & Co., N. Y. Note—The record date for the offering will be Nov. 6.

General Telephone Co. of California (12/11) Sept. 27, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$20,000,000 of bonds in December. Office-2020 Santa Monica Blvd., Santa Monica, Cal. Underwriters-(Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; First Boston Corp.-Equitable Securities Corp. (jointly); White, Weld & Co.-Kidder, Peabody & Co. (jointly); Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis; Stone & Webster Securities Corp. Bids-Expected Dec. 11.

Georgia Bonded Fibers, Inc. Sept. 14, 1960 it was reported that registration of 150,000 shares of common stock is expected. Offices—Newark, N. J., and Buena Vista, Va. Underwriter—Sandkuhl and Company, Newark, N. J., and N. Y. C.

* National Newark & Essex Banking Co. Oct. 18, 1961 it was reported that stockholders are being offered the right to subscribe for 100,000 additional shares on the basis of one new share for each 10 held of record Oct. 10, with rights to expire Oct. 31. Price-

\$35. Office—744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Underwriter— Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., N. Y. Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America Oct. 3, 1961 it was reported that this subsidiary of Peoples Gas Light & Coke Co., plans to raise \$50,000,000 of new money within the next six months. A company spokesman stated that it may be a preferred stock, debenture and bank loan combination. Office - 122 So.

Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. Underwriters-To be named. The last public financing on Oct. 19, 1960 was handled by Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., Dillon, Read & Co., and associates.

Nautec Corp. Oct. 10, 1961 it was reported that stockholders are to vote Nov. 1 on authorizing the company to issue up to \$4,000,000 of convertible debentures which would be offered on a pro-rata basis to common stockholders. Business-Manufactures parking meters, truck winches, fibreglass boats, steel towers, etc. Office-11801 Mach Ave., Detroit, Mich.

New England Electric System

Oct. 2, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell additional common stock to stockholders through subscription rights, early in 1962. Office—441 Stuart St., Boston, Mass. Underwriters-To be named. The last rights offering in April 1958 was underwritten by Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades & Co., Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., and Wertheim & Co., N. Y.

New World Laboratories, Inc. Aug. 22, 1961 it was reported that a "Reg. A" will be filed shortly covering 100.000 common shares. Price-\$3.

Business-The manufacture of cosmetics. Proceeds-For purchase of equipment and inventory and general corporate purposes. Office—Washington. D. C. Underwriter T. Michael McDarby & Co., Inc., Washington, D. C. New York Telephone Co. (1/9/62)

Oct. 2, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$60,000,000 of mortgage bonds in January 1962. Proceeds-For debt repayment and construction. Office -140 West St., N. Y. Underwriters - (Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., and Morgan Stanley & Co. Bids-Expected Jan. 9, 1962.

Northern Natural Gas Co.

Sept. 18, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about \$25,000,000 of common stock to stockholders through subscription rights in the second quarter of 1962. Office—2223 Dodge St., Omaha, Neb. Underwriter -Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y. (mgr.).

Pacific Lighting Corp.

Jan. 3, 1961 it was reported by Paul A. Miller, Treasurer that the company will probably go to the market for \$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000 of new financing in 1961 and that it probably would not be a common stock offering. Office-600 California St., San Francisco 8, Calif.

Pacific Northwest Bell Telephone Co. (11/15) Aug. 25, 1961 it was announced that this company plans to sell an additional 12,990,510 common by June 30, 1964, and several issues of debentures to refund a \$200,-000,000 4½% demand note issued to Pacific Tel. & Tel. The first of such issues, in the amount of \$50,000,000, is expected to be sold in Nov. Office—1200 Third Ave., Seattle, Wash. Underwriters—For the stock, none. For the debentures, to be determined by competitive bidding. Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Morgan Stanley & Co. Bids—Expected Nov. 15 at 11 a.m. (EST). Information Meeting—Nov. 9 (2:30 p.m. EST) in Room 1900, 195 Broadway, N. Y.

Penn Amusement Corp.

Aug. 22, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to file a "Reg. A" shortly covering 100,000 common shares. Price-\$3. Business—The company furnishes mobile (truck) amusement rides for children. Proceeds —To operate a new type truck and set up national distributorships. Office—Brooklyn, N. Y. Underwriter—J. Laurence & Co., New York City.

Penthouse Club, Inc.

June 1, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to issue 60,000 common shares. Price-\$5. Business-The operation of dining clubs. Proceeds-For expansion and working capital. Office-15th and Locust St., Philadelphia. Underwriter-To be named. Registration pected about Dec. 1.

Public Service Co. of Colorado

Aug. 22, 1961 it was reported that the previously announced plan to sell about \$20,000,000 of common stock to stockholders through subscription rights had been postponed until about June 1962. Office—900 15th St., Denver, Colo. Underwriter — To be named. The last equity financing was handled on a negotiated basis by First Boston Corp.

* Roth Greeting Cards Co.

Oct. 18, 1961 it was reported that this company is planning its first public sale of common stock. Office-Glendale, Calif. Underwriter-R. E. Bernhard & Co., Beverly

San Diego Gas & Electric Co.

Sept. 12, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about 500,000 common to stockholders in mid-1962 to raise some \$17,500,000. Office-861 Sixth Ave., San Diego, Calif. Underwriter-Blyth & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Shenk Industries, Inc. Aug 22, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about \$750,000 of common stock. Business—The re-manufacture and distribution of automobile parts. Proceeds-For the repayment of loans and expansion Office—Columbus, O. Underwriter—Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., Jersey City, N. J.

• Silo Discount Centers, Inc. Sept. 6, 1961 it was reported that company plans to sell about \$1,000,000 of common stock. Business-The operation of a chain of hard goods, discount department stores Office - Philadelphia, Pa. Underwriter - Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., Jersey City.

Sonic Systems, Inc.

Sept. 13, 1961 it was reported that a "Reg. A" will be filed shortly covering 75,000 common. Price-\$2. Busimanufacture of ultra-sonic cleaning equipment, systems and transducers. Proceeds-For expansion and working capital. Office-1250 Shames Dr., Westbury, N. Y. Underwriter-Keene & Co., Inc., N. Y.

Southern California Edison Co.

May 23, 1961 it was reported that this company will need an additional \$35,000,000 to finance its 1961 construction program. No decision has yet been made as to whether the funds will be raised by bank loans, or the sale of preferred stock or bonds. Office-601 West Fifth St., Los Angeles, Calif. Underwriter—To be named. The last sale of preferred stock on May 12, 1948 was handled on a negotiated basis by First Boston Corp., New York City and associates. The last sale of bonds in April 1961 was bid on by Blyth & Co.; First Boston Corp., Dean Witter & Co. (jointly); Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Equitable Securities Corp. (jointly).

• Southern Natural Gas Co.

Oct. 17, 1961 it was reported that the utility is contemplating the sale of \$35,000,000 of 20-year first mortgage bonds early in 1962. Proceeds — To retire bank loans. Office—Watts Bldg., Birmingham, Ala. Underwriter—(Competitive). Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; First Boston Corp.; Blyth & Co. and Kidder, Peabody & Co. (jointly).

★ Southern Pacific Co. (11/29)

Oct. 16, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$7,905,000 of equipment trust certificates. Office—165 Broadway, N. Y. Underwriters-(Competitive), Probable

Dividend Advertising Notices Appear on Page 16.

bidders: Salomon Brothers & Hutzler and Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc. Bids-Expected Nov. 29 at 12 noon (EST).

Southern Railway Co. (11/14)

Sept. 19, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$4,200,000 of equipment trust certificates in November. Office—70 Pine St., N. Y. Underwriters—(Competitive). Probable bidders: Salomon Brothers & Hutzler and Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc. Bids—Expected Nov. 14.

Southwestern Public Service Co. July 19, 1961, Herbert L. Nichols, Chairman, stated that the company plans to issue about \$13,000,000 of common stock in March 1962. The shares will be offered for subscription by common stockholders on the basis of one new share for each 20 shares held. Proceeds-For construction. Office-720 Mercantile Dallas Bldg., Dallas 1, Texas. Underwriter-To be named. The last rights offering to stockholders in January 1957 was underwritten by Dillon, Read & Co., New York City.

* Standard & Poor's Corp. Oct. 13, 1961 it was reported that this company will file a registration statement covering an undisclosed number of common shares. Business-Furnishes statistical and investment advisory services. Office-345 Hudson St., N. Y. Underwriter-Smith, Barney & Co., N. Y.

Subway Bowling & Recreation Enterprises, Inc. Aug. 22, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell about \$1,200,000 of common stock. Businesscompany has an exclusive franchise from the City of New York to build bowling and recreation centers in the subways. Proceeds—To build the first three centers. Office-New York City. Underwriter-Rodetsky, Walker & Co., Inc., Jersey City.

Tampa Electric Co.

May 10, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to spend over \$80,000,000 on new construction in the next three years. No financing is planned this year but in 1962 the company may issue bonds or common stock. Office—111 No. Dale Mabry Hwy., Tampa, Fla. Underwriters—To be named. The last sale of bonds on June 29, 1960 was handled by Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., New York City. Other competitive bidders were Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Stone & Webster Securities Corp. The last sale of common stock on Feb. 13, 1960 was made through Stone & Webster Securities Corp.

Teeco Automated Systems, Inc.

Aug. 9, 1961 it was reported that a ("Reg. A") will be filed shortly covering 100,000 common shares. Price-\$3. Business—The custom, design, manufacture and installation of automated material handling systems for large wholesale and retail establishments and industry. Proceeds - For expansion. Office - 42-14 Greenpoint Ave., Long Island City, N. Y. Underwriter-Herman & Diamond, New York.

Virginia Electric & Power Co.

Expected March 5, 1962.

Oct. 2, 1961 it was reported that this company plans to sell \$30,000,000 to \$40,000,000 of securities in mid-1962 but no decision has been made yet as to type. Office-Richmond 9, Va. Underwriters-To be named. The last sale of bonds in June 1961 was handled by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. and associates.

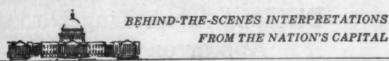
West Penn Power Co. (3/5)
Feb. 10, 1961, J. Lee Rice, Jr., President of Allegheny
Power System, Inc., parent company, stated that West
Penn expects to sell about \$25,000,000 of bonds in 1962. Office - 800 Cabin Hill Drive, Hempfield Township, Westmoreland County, Pa. Underwriters—To be determined by competitive bidding. Probable bidders: Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Lehman Broth-Boston Corp. (jointly); Harriman Ripley & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co. and White, Weld & Co. (jointly). Bids-

Western Union Telegraph Co. Feb. 28, 1961 it was reported that the FCC has approved the company's plan to transfer its Atlantic cable system to a newly organized company, Western Union International, Inc. The plan provides for the issuance by Western Union International of about \$4,000,000 of subordinated debentures and 400,000 shares of class A stock to be offered to stockholders of Western Union Tele-graph Co. in units of \$100 of debentures and 10 shares of stock. In addition, American Securities Corp., New York City, would purchase from Western Union International about 133,000 additional shares of class A stock giving American Securities ownership of approximately 25% of the outstanding class A stock of WUI. Then Western Union International would sell \$4,500,000 of 61/4 % 15-year notes to Prudential Insurance Co. of America. Office-60 Hudson St., N. Y. Underwriter-American Securities Corp. (mgr.).

Wisconsin Southern Gas Co. Dec. 12, 1960 it was reported in a company prospectus

that an undetermined amount of capital stock or bonds will be sold in 1961-1962. Proceeds-For the repayment of short-term bank loans incurred for property additions. Office — Sheridan Springs Road. Lake Geneva, Wis. Underwriter—The Milwaukee Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WASHINGTON AND YOU



veloped countries, particularly in ture. the more stable Latin American countries.

for the most part. Obviously there is a tremendous potential housing market in these countries.

Incidentally, some of our building and loan authorities are pressing plans for setting up loan institutions similar to ones operating in this country.

Daniel R. Hamady, the Housing and Home Finance Agency's assistant administrator for the Office of International Housing, has some interesting ideas concerning housing abroad in those particular countries. Mr. Hamady feels that there isn't time to talk about long-range plans for improving housing conditions abroad because the immediate needs are so great.

Not only Latin American countries, but there are countries in the Near East and other parts of the world, that can be regarded as under-developed and do not have any building industry. They have neither mortgage lending industries nor industries that produce building materials in volume that are required for housing in substantial quantities.

Mr. Hamady, who was born in Beirut, Lebanon in 1916 of American parents of Lebanese descent. is convinced that the real answer to helping those countries develop a housing industry is to help them build up their producing indus-tries and technical services.

Senator John J. Sparkman, Democrat of Alabama, has proposed that a housing section be set up in the United Nations, in an effort to expedite the building of housing units by the tens of thousands in the poorer countries.

New Products Developed by U. S. Companies

The Union Carbide Company has completed preliminary research on a pastic foam product. It is understood in the Capital that this product, with a pastic skin on it, will provide suitable materials for the walls and rooms of small simple houses. There is a suggestion that the houses could be built similar to quonset huts.

The pastic skin material would North Africa and Near East countries where there is practically no

Th

WASHINGTON, D. C.—There is aches involve the roofs. It is here an interesting story developing that the new pastics are expected about housing in some under-de- to play a sizable role in the fu-

A pastic panel for walls and roofs for houses has been devel-It is estimated that about two- oped by the Koppers Company. thirds of the world's population With the aid of monetary assistlive in squalor. They are without ance supplied by the Internation-plumbing and water fit to drink, al Cooperation Administration, a plant has been built in Korea that produces a pressed board using native materials such as rice straw and the stalk of the sugar cane after the juice has been pressed out. This plant reportedly will help a great deal toward alleviating housing shortages in

> The International Housing Section of HHFA is cooperating with ICA on a major research project that will be of marked interest to the rock products industries. The blue-print calls for research to be conducted in a college on stabilized earth. The goal would be to make building blocks that are not only cheap but very strong.

Thus the overall plan calls for research and more research that will help these countries help themselves by using materials that are available to them, Mr. Hamady and ICA hope to accelerate the research with ICA financing.

Washington officials believe our industries will come into the act by producing or showing the countries how to produce the materials in their own back yards. There will be plenty of assistance available for setting up pilot plants. American companies can do a good job for themselves either by working out a licensing less in 35% of the nation. Loan ticipation in setting up a plant.

Mortgage Money Easier

There are a series of things Administration (FHA) mortgage first nine months of 1961 than for the similar period last year. This Congress this year? is indicative that the housing construction business is moving along others who are close students of at a stepped up pace.

The National Association of Real Estate Boards in the Capital The reason for the apprehension reports that buyers using conven- among some builders is that under tional mortgage financing for the the new legislation there presumhelp bridge the gap that exists in and interest rates lower than any for low cost housing. However, single point since 1959.

lumber. It was pointed out in Board shows that mortgage yields from minor. Washington that it would be fairly are much higher today than the FHA apparently intends not Tegeler & Co., Inc. easy to find something to use for yields on most other types of only to stand by its construction the walls, such as bricks or long-term debt. As a result, the house, but its location require-



"Some people just can't take market losses gracefully."

have in some time now.

The survey showed that the most generally established interest rate for conventional loans on new and existing homes in good neighborhoods is 6%. A lower interest rate is available in about a third of the country, however.

On conventional loans the prevailing interest rate in September for new homes was 6% in at least 55% of the country, and 5.75% or arrangement or getting local par- funds were ample in nearly nine out of 10 areas.

FHA and Middle Income Housing

In still another housing develtaking place in the domestic opment this question has been housing field that is of import- raised in Washington: Is the Fed- may not coincide with the "Chronicle's" ance to the economy. For instance, eral Housing Administration apapplications for Federal Housing plying the brakes and stepping on the gas concerning the widely insurance were 18% higher in the publicized middle income family housing program authorized by

Some competent builders and the situation feel that there is a stop-and-go situation prevailing. purchase of new homes are find- ably would follow the more re-FHA has come up with some A nationwide survey by the rules and regulations that are far

pressed earth, but the real head- lenders are channeling more funds ments are going to be more rigid. In other words, if a builder constructs a middle - income type an FHA loan. In the past, FHA Co.

in the mortgage market than they has been more willing to lower its sights relative to location, than it has to lower its construction requirements.

location requirements for the the Waldorf Astoria Hotel. new middle income family housing. Instructions sent the field offices in July made it clear that the higher standards were to be followed in rating the locations for this housing. FHA officials vow that they do not want to see the new program used as a device to aggravate the urban sprawl situation, which is already bad.

[This column is intended to reflect the "behind the scene" interpretation from the nation's Capital and may or own views.]

Now With Ira Haupt

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) BEVERLY HILLS, Calif. - William W. Blatner has become associated with Ira Haupt & Co., 242 North Canon Drive. He was

With Pac. Coast Secs.

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) ing loan money easier to obtain laxed standards than had been set LOS ANGELES, Calif.—Clifford Deford has been added to the staff ler & Co., Inc. of Pacific Coast Securities Company, 215 West Seventh Street. He was formerly with Dempsey-

Dean Witter Adds

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) LOS ANGELES, Calif. - Jimmy H. M. Schreiber has become conhouse across "the railroad tracks," nected with Dean Witter & Co., Co. and Raymond Moore & Co. 632 South Spring Street. He was the house might not qualify for formerly with Hayden, Stone &

ciation Annual Convention at the Palm Springs Riviera Hotel. Oct. 19, 1961 (Pennsylvania) Western Pennsylvania Group of Investment Bankers Association meeting at Rolling Rock, Pa. October 20-21, 1961 (Milwaukee, Wis.) National Association of Investment Clubs 11th annual national convention at the Hotel Schroeder.

Oct. 24, 1961 (Minneapolis-St. Paul) Minnesota Group of Investment Bankers Association annual meet-

COMING

Calif.)

EVENTS

IN INVESTMENT FIELD

Oct. 16-20, 1961 (Palm Springs,

National Security Traders Asso-

Oct. 26, 1961 (Louisville, Ky.) Ohio Valley Group of Investment Bankers Association annual meet-

Nov. 26-Dec. 1, 1961 (Hollywood, Fla.)

Investment Bankers Association Annual Convention at Hollywood Beach Hotel and the Diplomat Hotel.

Dec. 4-5, 1961 (New York City) National Association of Mutual Savings Banks 15th annual midyear meeting.

March 30, 1962 (New York City) There is nothing tentative about New York Security Dealers As-FHA's decision to tighten up on sociation 36th Annual Dinner at

April 8-10, 1962 (San Antonio, Tex.)

Texas Group of Investment Bankers Association of America, annual meeting at the St. Anthony Hotel.

May 6-9, 1962 (Seattle, Wash.) National Association of Mutual Savings Banks 42nd annual conference at the Olympic Hotel. Sept. 23-26, 1962 (Atlantic City,

N. J.) American Bankers Association annual convention.

April 27-May 1, 1963 (Boston, Mass.) National Association of Mutual Savings Banks 43rd annual con-

With Currier & Carlsen

ference at the Hotel Statler.

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) formerly local manager for Bache SAN DIEGO, Calif.-Charles S. Conser has become affiliated with Currier & Carlsen, Incorporated, 233 A Street, members of the Pacific Coast Stock Exchange, He was formerly with Sellgren, Mil-

With Sellgren, Miller

(Special to THE FINANCIAL CHRONICLE) LOS ANGELES, Calif.—Robert B. Leavitt has become connected with Sellgren, Miller & Co., Inc., 639 South Spring Street. He was formerly with Morris Cohon &



American Cement Botany Industries Maxson Electronics Official Films Waste King

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